# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D. C. 20549

# **FORM 10-K**

✓ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE

SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2017

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period From \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 1-09720

# PAR TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	16-1434688
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

PAR Technology Park 8383 Seneca Turnpike New Hartford, New York

13413-4991

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(315) 738-0600

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:** 

# Title of Each Class

Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered

Common Stock, \$.02 par value

New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☐ No ☑
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes $\square$ No $\square$
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes $\square$ No $\square$

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T  $\S 232.405$  of the Chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  $\square$  No  $\square$ 

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K  $\S 229.405$  is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.  $\square$ 

		e Exchange Act. (Check one	erated filer", "accelerated filer", "s ):	smaller reporting company", and
Large Accelerated Filer	Accelerated Filer ☑	Non Accelerated Filer	Smaller reporting company ☑	Emerging growth company
		(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)		
	1 3	,	rant has elected not to use the exturusuant to Section 13(a) of the Ex	
Indicate by chec	k mark whether the regi	strant is a shell company (as	defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act)	). Yes □ No 🗹
The aggregate m the common stock was last	•	e e	held by non-affiliates (computed l	by reference to the price at which
There were 16,0	10,818 shares of commo	on stock outstanding as of M	arch 1, 2018.	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting

s of common stock outstanding as of waren 1, 2010.

# DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's definitive proxy statement for its 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders are incorporated by reference into Items 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

# **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

The registrant met the "accelerated filer" requirements as of the end of its 2017 year pursuant to Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. However, pursuant to Rule 12b-2 and SEC Release No. 33-8876, the registrant (as a smaller reporting company transitioning to the larger reporting company system based on its public float as of June 30, 2017) is not required to satisfy the larger reporting company requirements until its first quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the 2018 year, and is thus eligible to check the "smaller reporting company" box on the cover of this Form 10-K.

# PAR Technology Corporation Form 10-K For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2017

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Forward Look	ring Statements	
Item Number		<b>Page</b>
	<u>PART I</u>	
Item 1.	Business	<u>2</u>
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	<u>7</u>
Item 1B.	<u>Unresolved Staff Comments</u>	<u>11</u>
Item 2.	<u>Properties</u>	<u>11</u>
Item 3.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>11</u>
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	<u>12</u>
	<u>PART II</u>	
Item 5.	Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity	
	Securities 11D	<u>12</u>
Item 6.	Selected Financial Data	<u>12</u>
Item 7.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>12</u>
Item 7A.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>20</u>
Item 8.	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	<u>20</u>
Item 9.	Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	<u>48</u>
Item 9A.	Controls and Procedures	<u>48</u>
Item 9B.	Other Information	<u>22</u>
	<u>PART III</u>	
<u>Item 10.</u>	Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance	<u>52</u>
<u>Item 11.</u>	Executive Compensation	<u>52</u>
<u>Item 12.</u>	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters	<u>52</u>
<u>Item 13.</u>	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence	<u>52</u>
<u>Item 14.</u>	Principal Accountant Fees and Services	<u>52</u>
	<u>PART IV</u>	
<u>Item 15.</u>	Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules	<u>52</u>
<u>Item 16.</u>	Form 10-K Summary	<u>58</u>
	<u>Signatures</u>	<u>59</u>

#### **Forward Looking Statements**

This Annual Report on Form 10-K ("Annual Report") contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"), and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are not historical in nature, but rather are predictive of our future operations, financial condition, business strategies and prospects. Forward-looking statements are generally identified by words such as "anticipate", "believe," "belief," "continue," "could", "expect," "estimate," "intend," "may," "opportunity," "plan," "should," "will," "would," "will likely result," and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties, which could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed in this Annual Report, including in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" and "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations". We undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, except as may be required under applicable securities law.

# **PART I**

#### Item 1: Business.

#### General.

PAR Technology Corporation, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries - ParTech, Inc. and PAR Government Systems Corporation - operates in two distinct reporting segments, Restaurant/Retail and Government. Our Restaurant/Retail segment provides point-of-sale ("POS"), food safety, and management technology solutions; and, our Government segment provides intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance ("ISR") solutions and mission systems support. Information about our segment revenues, operating income, and identifiable assets (including certain information by geographic areas) is set forth in Note 11 - Segment and Related Information - of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report).

In this Annual Report, the terms "PAR", "the Company", "we", "us", and "our" refer to PAR Technology Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context indicates otherwise.

"PAR", "Brink POS", "SureCheck", "Pixelpoint", "PAR EverServ" and other trademarks of PAR's appearing in this Annual Report belong to PAR. This Annual Report contains trade names and trademarks of other companies. Our use of such other companies' trade names or trademarks is not intended to imply any endorsement or sponsorship by these companies of PAR or its products or services.

# Restaurant/Retail Segment:

#### Overview.

We derived approximately 74% of our total consolidated revenues from our Restaurant/Retail segment in 2017. PAR continues to be a leading provider of POS solutions to restaurants and retail and, primarily through our Brink POS cloud-based software solution, we continue to expand our restaurant base and type of customers (tier 1, 2 and 3). Our food safety and workforce efficiency solution - SureCheck - has expanded our customer base to include big box retailers, food retail (grocery), and contract food organizations.

We provide our customers with management technology solutions that address their desire to offer seamless transactional experiences or product offerings to their customers, while enabling them to gather and use content management and business intelligence to complete transactions or monitor product quality and safety.

Our management technology solutions include our cloud-based and on-premise software applications, hardware platforms, and related installation, technical, and maintenance support services. Our software offerings include front-of-store POS software applications, operations management software applications (known as back-office software), and enterprise software applications for content management and business intelligence. Our hardware offerings include POS terminals, tablets, kitchen systems utilizing printers and/or video monitors, and food safety monitoring and task management hardware.

**Products and Services**. The products and services in the Restaurant/Retail segment include:

### Cloud-based SaaS offerings and On-Premise Software:

- Brink POS ("Brink") a cloud-based POS software solution that scales for use by single and multi-unit operators
  with traditional and/or mobile platforms. Brink is a leading solution for restaurants, particularly in the quick serve/
  fast casual restaurant categories. A cloud POS platform, Brink eliminates the need for an in-store back-office server
  and simplifies software version control and organizational updates. Brink provides and integrates into mobile/online
  ordering, loyalty, kitchen video systems, guest surveys, enterprise reporting, and mobile dashboards. Brink is sold
  as a cloud software-as-a-Service ("SaaS").
- PixelPoint an on-premise integrated software solution, that includes a POS software application, a self-service
  ordering function, back-office management, and an enterprise level loyalty and gift card information sharing
  application. The PixelPoint solution is primarily sold to independent table service and quick serve restaurants through
  channel partners.
- SureCheck -a mobile automated solution that provides checklist management for Hazard Analysis & Critical Control
  Points (HACCP), food safety programs, and employee-assigned tasks. The SureCheck platform is comprised of
  three integrated technologies that are easy to use and quick to deploy: the SureCheck mobile application, a multimode wireless temperature-measuring device ("TMD") with optional remote temperatures sensors, and a cloudbased enterprise configuration and reporting server application.

The Restaurant Market. Our software applications and hardware platforms are designed to be complete and integrated solutions for multi-unit and individual restaurants, franchisees, and enterprise customers in the three major restaurant categories: fast casual ("FC"), quick serve ("QSR"), and table service ("TSR"). Each of these restaurant categories has distinct operating characteristics and service delivery requirements that are managed by Brink and PixelPoint. Both Brink and PixelPoint allow customers to configure their technology systems to meet their order entry, food preparation, inventory, and workforce management needs, while capturing real-time transaction data at each location and delivering valuable business intelligence throughout the enterprise.

The Retail Market. The SureCheck solution offers food retail (grocery), contract food, and restaurant customers with a comprehensive digital food safety and task management solution to manage HACCP, to implement Chef Critical Control Points (CCCP) compliance, and to augment facilities maintenance. The SureCheck solution automates the monitoring of risk factors while lowering the potential for human error; it records employee food preparation, handling, processes and tasks, while providing insight to abnormal checklist conditions, and offers an automated alert feature to notify users when tasks are behind schedule or out of compliance. SureCheck offers retail operators a device to effectively capture and monitor data to manage policy compliance and oversight, loss prevention, merchandising, and other audit functions.

# Hardware.

PAR EverServ POS platforms are designed to reliably operate in harsh environments associated with food service. PAR EverServ platforms are durable and highly functioning, scalable, and easily integrated - offering customers competitive performance at a cost-conscious price. PAR's hardware platforms are compatible with popular third-party operating systems, support a distributed processing environment and are suitable for a broad range of use and functions within the markets served. PAR's open architecture POS platforms are optimized to host our POS software applications, as well as many third-party POS applications, and are compatible with a variety of peripheral devices. We partner with numerous vendors that offer complementary in-store peripherals, such as cash drawers, card readers, and printers to kitchen video systems, allowing us to deliver a completely integrated solution through one vendor.

Our POS hardware platforms are designed to meet customer requirements and exceed customer expectations regardless of the restaurant concept, the size of the organization or the complexity of use. PAR's hardware platform offerings are primarily comprised of three POS product lines: PAR EverServ 550 Series, PAR EverServ 8000 Series, and PAR EverServ tablets.

- EverServ 550 Series is built with the rugged durability PAR is known for and is a value platform for operators that require fewer features/functions. Its small ergonomic footprint is ideal for installations where space is at a premium. The EverServ 550's solid design is quiet, offers low power consumption, and minimizes maintenance.
- EverServ 8000 Series is designed and developed based on the latest technology processors from Intel Corporation. The EverServ 8000 boasts a modern design and, while it is one of the smallest footprints available in the market, it is built to operate in harsh environments and endure high customer traffic and transaction activities.
- EverServ tablets PAR Tablet 8 and PAR Tablet 10 are the latest in PAR's series of enterprise-class mobile devices built for our customers. Consistent with our EverServ family, the EverServ tablets are designed to operate

in harsh environments. Attributable to the Everserv tablets' extended battery life, the rugged design of the EverServ tablets does not impact the level of "up time" enjoyed by customers, but it does extend the EverServ tablets' life cycle. Our EverServ mobility family of hardware platforms also include a variety of docking and charging stations, the ability to use magnetic credit and debit cards and payment systems, hand and shoulder straps and holsters to support the variety of product applications.

#### Services.

We provide a complete portfolio of services to support our customers' technology requirements during and after software and/or hardware deployments. We offer complete application training to our customers' in-store staff and provide technical training to our customers' information systems personnel. We provide installation, technical and break-fix support for our products through support services, license and/or subscription agreements with our customers. We also offer depot repair and overnight - Advanced Exchange - service. In North America, we offer 24-hour help desk support from our diagnostic service center located in Boulder, Colorado, and on- site support through our field tech service network, which services the continental United States. Outside of the continental U.S., we similarly support our products by providing call center, installation, on-site, and/or depot repair services to our customers depending upon a customer's geographic location. These services are delivered to our customers directly by us and by authorized third parties.

The restaurant market is fragmented and we support businesses of all sizes, from large corporations and their franchisees to single store operators. We believe our ability to offer comprehensive services including training, installation, maintenance, and technical support to a diverse set of customers differentiates us from our competitors.

Using a suite of software applications, our experienced service organization provides customers with knowledge based diagnostic solutions to resolve customer service issues. Our service providers compile information about potential customer or product trends and opportunities, and provide this information to our remote service technicians, to assist them in diagnosing - in real-time - issues occurring at customer locations, reducing the need for physical on-site service calls. Our customer relationship management system allows our call center personnel to maintain customer profiles, including customer hardware and software details, service history, and database of problem-resolutions, to maximize our service resolution effectiveness and customer satisfaction.

We work closely with our customers to identify and address the latest restaurant or retail technology requirements by creating interfaces to the latest innovations in operational equipment, including Europay, MasterCard and Visa (EMV), digital, and additional solutions located inside and outside of customer premises. PAR provides systems integration expertise to interface specialized components, including but not limited to video monitors, wireless networks, and video surveillance, to meet requirements of its global customers.

# Sales, Marketing and Distribution

In the U.S., we market and sell our products through our dedicated sales teams, who directly interface with our tier 1 customers (owner and/or operator of 2,000 or more sites), tier 2 customers (owner and/or operator of 101-1,999 sites) and tier 3 customers (owner and/or operator of a 2 - 100 sites). Our international sales teams also market and sell our products and services to tier 1 customers outside of the U.S., as well as local/regional customers, from in-country offices. We also use channel partners to market and sell our products and services both in the U.S. and internationally.

Our products are also offered and sold through sales representatives, who enlist and support many well-regarded value-added resellers serving multi-unit operators, the independent restaurant category, and the non-foodservice markets such as retail, convenience, amusement parks, movie theaters, cruise lines, spas and other ticketing and entertainment venues.

PAR has developed and nurtured long-term relationships with several of the largest organizations in the Restaurant/Retail segment, including McDonald's Corporation, Yum! Brands, Inc., and the SUBWAY franchisees of Doctor's Associates Inc. Since 1980, PAR has been an approved provider to McDonald's and its franchisees of restaurant technology systems and support services. PAR has been an approved supplier of Yum! Brands, which includes Taco Bell, Kentucky Fried Chicken, and Pizza Hut, since 1983 and is a major supplier of in-store technology systems to concepts within the Yum! Brands portfolio. Other significant restaurant chains that use PAR POS products and related services include SUBWAY, Baskin-Robbins unit of Dunkin' Brands Group, Inc., the Hardee's and Carl's Jr. units of CKE Restaurants, Inc., Five Guys, Jack-in-the-Box, and franchisees of these organizations. The SureCheck solution is used by one of the largest tier 1 global retailers.

# **Competition**

POS software and hardware offerings to the restaurant and retail markets is highly competitive. Most of our significant customers have several approved suppliers of software and/or hardware similar to one or more of our products. We compete directly with some product offerings from Oracle Corporation, NCR Corporation, and Panasonic Corporation among others. We compete on the basis of product delivery (cloud-based v. traditional on-premises software applications), existing and planned product design, features and functionality, software application and integration capabilities, quality and reliability, product development capabilities, price, and customer service. Our competitive advantages include our integrated solutions offerings, including our cloud (SaaS delivery model) and on-premise software, ergonomic purpose-built hardware, advanced development capabilities, extensive domain knowledge and expertise, excellent product reliability, a customer dedicated direct sales force organization, and world class and responsive customer service and support. The food safety and workforce efficiency market is an expanding and evolving market. As relevant technologies evolve and customer demands and expectations increase and mature, so do the competitive pressures in the market, with new companies entering and existing companies expanding their product and service portfolios. SureCheck competes for customers on the same basis as our POS solution. As to many of our product and service offerings, we face competition from companies who have access to significantly more financial and technical resources than we possess.

# **Research and Development**

Continuous product research, innovation, and product development are an integral part of our business. We continuously evaluate customer needs, and new and relevant technologies, to enable us to develop innovative products together with enhancements to our existing products that improve and/or add to their functionality, performance, operation, and integration capabilities; from leveraging the latest innovations in cloud computing to hand-held wireless devices to advances in internet performance, our professional services unit is available for consultation on a wide variety of topics including network infrastructures, system functionality, operating system platforms, and hardware expandability. Research and development expenses were \$13.8 million in 2017 and \$11.6 million in 2016. We capitalize certain software costs in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic No. 985 and in accordance with FASB ASC Topic No. 350. See Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Identifiable intangible assets - of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report) for further discussion.

# **Manufacturing and Suppliers**

We assemble our ES 8000 series internally in the U.S., and we source other hardware products and related components from third parties. Although we purchase most of the materials, supplies, product sub-assemblies and full assemblies for our internal assembling from several suppliers, we do rely on sole sources for certain of our assembly components and hardware products. As a result, we periodically review and evaluate potential risks of disruption to our supply chain operations in the event one or more supplier should fail to perform.

# **Government Segment:**

PAR's Government segment provides a range of solutions and services for the U.S. Department of Defense ("DoD") and federal agencies. It is focused on two principal offerings - Solutions and Services and Mission Support.

# **Solutions and Services**

Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance ("ISR"). We provide a variety of geospatial intelligence and situational awareness solutions for mobile and data center offerings. Our substantive, in depth expertise in these domains enables us to provide our government customers and large systems integrators with key technologies to support a variety of applications ranging from strategic enterprise systems to tactical in the field dismounted users. Additionally, we have developed a number of solutions relative to these advanced technologies and we provide integration and training support with respect to these solutions.

ISR provides systems engineering support and software-based solutions to DoD research and development laboratories as well as operational commands. Our internal expertise ranges from theoretical and experimental studies to development and fielding of operational capabilities. Our employees are:

- experienced developers and subject-matter experts in DoD Full Motion Video ("FMV");
- developers of geospatial and imagery data management, visualization, and exploitation solutions;
- major contributors to radar systems from inception to operational capabilities;
- developers of mobile computing applications for Android, iOS, and Windows; and
- developers of geospatial information system ("GIS") solutions.

We are actively engaged in the development of mobility applications that support the needs of mobile teams with real-time situation awareness and distributed communications. ISR has a strong legacy in the advanced research, development and productization of geospatial information assurance ("GIA") technology involving steganography, steg analysis, digital watermarking, and image forensics. These enabling technologies have been used to provide increased protection and security of geospatial data. Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance also provides scientific and technical support to the U.S. Intelligence Community.

Systems Engineering & Evaluation. We integrate and test a broad range of government and industry research and development solutions. The Company designs, integrates and operates antenna data collection solutions for experimentation, demonstration, and test support. We also provide technical engineering and analysis services to intelligence community customers, supporting development and deployment of advanced prototypes and quick reaction systems.

# **Mission Support**

Satellite & Telecommunications Support. We provide a wide range of technical and support services to sustain mission critical components of the Department of Defense Information Network (DoDIN). These services include continuous 24/7/365 operations, system enhancements and associated maintenance of very low frequency (VLF), high frequency (HF) and very high frequency (VHF) ground-based radio transmitter/receiver facilities. Additionally, the Company operates and maintains several extremely high frequency (EHF) and super high frequency (SHF) satellite communication earth terminals and teleport facilities. The DoD communications earth stations operated by PAR is the primary communications infrastructure utilized by the national command authority and military services to exercise command and control of the nation's air, land and naval forces and provide support to allied coalition forces.

Space & Satellite Control Support. We provide 24/7/365 satellite telemetry, tracking, and control services in support of Command, Control, Communications, Computers, Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance (C4ISR) operations. Our experience includes mission planning, launch and early orbit (L&EO) rehearsals and support, COOP exercises and operations, ground systems sustainment, and watch and on-console operations for anomaly response, notification, resolution and process improvement for FLTSAT, UHF Follow-On, Polar EHF, and MUOS satellite constellations.

Management technology/Systems Support. We provide management technology services to the DoD and federal agencies. These services include helpdesk services, systems administration, network administration, information assurance and systems security, database administration, telephone systems management, testing and testbed management, and ITIL-based service management.

Telecommunication services include satellite and terrestrial communications operations and maintenance services, which operate elements of the DoDIN to support the National Command Authority (President & Joint Chiefs of Staff), DoD and other government agencies. The Company provides IT support services ranging from advanced systems management to help desk support-with more than 50% of its global footprint outside the continental U.S. with contracts in Europe, Africa, Australia, and U.S. commonwealths and territories in the Pacific and Caribbean.

PAR has strong and enduring relationships with a diverse set of customers throughout the U.S. DoD and federal government, and our track record of delivering mission critical services to its government customers spans decades, and includes contracts continuing 15 years or more. We work closely with our customers, with the vast majority of our mission system employees co-located at customer sites. Our strong relationships and on-site presence with our customers enable PAR to develop substantive customer and technical domain knowledge, and translate mission understanding into exemplary program execution and continued demand for PAR's services.

# **Marketing and Competition**

We obtain contracts primarily through competitive proposals in response to solicitations from government organizations and prime contractors. In addition, PAR sometimes obtains contracts by submitting unsolicited proposals. Although we believe we are well positioned in our business areas, competition for government contracts is intense. Many of our competitors are major corporations, or subsidiaries thereof, that are significantly larger and have substantially greater financial resources. We also compete with many smaller, economically disadvantaged companies, many of which are designated by the government for preferential "set aside" treatment, that target segments of the government contract market. The principal competitive factors are past performance, the ability to perform the statement of work, price, technological capabilities, management capabilities and service. Many of our department of defense customers are migrating to low-price/technically acceptable procurements while leveraging commercial software standards, applications, and solutions.

# **Backlog**

The value of existing Government contracts at December 31, 2017, net of amounts relating to work performed to that date, was approximately \$111.1 million, of which \$38.2 million was funded. The value of existing Government contracts at December 31, 2016, net of amounts relating to work performed to that date, was approximately \$126.0 million, of which \$36.4 million was funded. Funded amounts represent those amounts committed under contract by Government agencies and prime contractors. The December 31, 2017 Government contract backlog of \$111.1 million represents firm, existing contracts. Of this backlog amount, approximately \$55.8 million is expected to be completed in calendar year 2018, as funding is committed.

# **Intellectual Property and Other Rights**

We develop a substantial amount of our products internally as original developments, discoveries and know-how or based on existing copyrighted works and/or patents issued or pending of PAR or third-party licensors. We have a number of U.S. and foreign patents and patents pending and trademarks, as well as copyrights that relate to internally developed software, various distinctive characteristics of our products, including certain attributes, functionality, and brand association and goodwill. In addition to our publicly available intellectual property, we possess competitive confidential information and trade secrets. We protect our intellectual property and other proprietary information by actively pursuing U.S. and foreign patent and trademark protection of our proprietary product developments, discoveries and know-how and our brands and logos, and by entering into license agreements and non-disclosure and confidentiality agreements.

### **Employees**

As of December 31, 2017, we employed approximately 1,137 full-time employees, including approximately 54% in our Restaurant/Retail segment, 39% in our Government segment (27% of which are covered by collective bargaining agreements), and 7% who are corporate employees. We consider our relationship with our employees to be good.

#### **Available Information**

Our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Sections 13(a) and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, are available, free of charge, on our website at <a href="https://www.partech.com">www.partech.com</a> "About Us - Investors, SEC Filings", as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The information posted on or accessible through our website is not incorporated into this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### Item 1A Risk Factors.

Our business is subject to certain risks and uncertainties, each of which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows and the trading price of our common stock.

Our yearly results of operations may fluctuate significantly due to the timing of our revenue recognition and our ability to accurately forecast sales, including subscription software sales and renewals.

Our revenues and other results of operations have fluctuated from quarter to quarter in the past and are likely to fluctuate in the foreseeable future as our Restaurant/Retail segment continues its transformation from a hardware and systems integrator to a software driven solutions provider, including offering and delivering our software as a service – SaaS. As revenues from our cloud offerings increase, we may experience volatility in our reported revenues and operating results due to the differences in timing of revenue recognition between our SaaS offerings and our traditional on-premises software and hardware sales. The SaaS delivery model is subscription based; accordingly, SaaS revenues are generally recognized ratably over the life of the subscriptions. In contrast, revenue from our on-premises software and hardware sales is generally recognized in full at the time of delivery. Accordingly, the SaaS delivery model creates certain risks related to the timing of revenue recognition not associated with our traditional on-premises delivery model. A portion of our quarterly SaaS based revenue results from the recognition of deferred revenue relating to subscription agreements entered into during previous quarters. A decline in new or renewed subscriptions in any period may not be immediately reflected in our reported financial results for that period, but may result in a decline in our revenue in future quarters. If any of our assumptions about revenue from our SaaS business model prove incorrect, our actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated or projected.

Our products might experience coding or configuration errors, which could damage our reputation and deter current and potential customers from purchasing our products.

Although we test our products and updates prior to their release and throughout their intended life, our cloud- based and onpremises software and hardware products sometimes contain coding or configuration errors that can negatively impact their functionality, performance, operation, and integration capabilities. Coding and configuration errors can expose us to product liability, performance, warranty claims, and harm our reputation.

We are subject to cyber-attacks; we are subject to laws and regulations governing the protection of personally identifiable information, a cyber attack or a failure to comply with applicable privacy or data protection laws could harm our reputation and have an adverse effect on our business.

We collect, process, transmit, and store (on our operating systems and those of third-party providers) customer transactional data and their customers' and employees' personally identifiable information or other data. Our operating systems, and those of our third-party providers, could become subject to cyber-attacks, including using computer viruses, credential harvesting, dedicated denial of services attacks, malware, social engineering and other means for obtaining unauthorized access to or disrupting the operation of our systems and those of our third-party providers. Any failure or interruption of our operating systems or those of our third-party providers could result in operational disruptions or misappropriation of information, including interruption of systems availability or denial of access to and misuse of applications or information required by our customers to conduct their business. Any operational disruptions or misappropriation of information could harm our relationship with our customers and could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Moreover, personally identifiable information is increasingly subject to legislation and regulations in numerous jurisdictions around the world, the intent of which is to protect the privacy, accuracy and security of personally identifiable information and personal data that is collected, processed, stored, maintained and transmitted in or from certain governing jurisdictions. Compliance with these laws and regulations, or changes in these laws and regulations, may be onerous and expensive and may be inconsistent from jurisdiction to jurisdiction, further increasing the cost of compliance. Our failure, and/or the failure by the various third party vendors and service providers with which we do business, to comply with applicable privacy and data protection laws and regulations, or any compromise of security that results in the unauthorized release of personally identifiable information or personal data could damage our reputation, discourage potential customers from using our products and services and/or result in fines and/or proceedings by governmental agencies and/or consumers, any one or all of which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

If our technical and maintenance support services are not satisfactory to our customers, they may not renew their services agreements or buy future products, which could adversely affect our future results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows.

Our business relies on our customers' satisfaction with the technical and maintenance support services we provide to support our products. If we fail to provide technical and maintenance support services that are responsive, satisfy our customers' expectations and resolve issues that they encounter with our products, then they may not purchase additional products or services from us in the future.

# If we are unable to recruit and retain qualified employees, our business may be harmed.

Much of our future success depends on hiring qualified employees and the continued service of our senior management. Experienced personnel in the management technology industry are in high demand and competition for their talents is intense in the skill-set we require. Moreover, we believe that a critical contributor to our success is our corporate culture and values. We must successfully attract and retain qualified business, technical, product development and other employees that contribute to our business. Our failure to do so, could adversely affect our ability to innovate, to rapidly and effectively change and introduce new products, and to provide timely and effective installation, technical and maintenance support services, and our financial condition and results of operations may suffer.

#### The price of our common stock may be negatively impacted by factors that are unrelated to our actual operating performance.

A number of factors can impact the trading price of our common stock, many of which are outside our control. Trading in our stock does not generally occur in high volumes and the market for our stock cannot always be characterized as active. Thin trading in our stock may exaggerate fluctuations in the stock's value, leading to price volatility in excess of that which would occur in a more active trading market. In addition, the stock market in general is subject to fluctuations that affect the share prices and trading volumes of many companies, and these broad market fluctuations could adversely affect the market price of our common stock. Factors that could affect our common stock price in the future include but are not necessarily limited to the following:

- actual or anticipated fluctuations in our operating results and financial condition;
- the performance and prospects of our major customers;

- fluctuations in the trading volume of our common stock;
- the concentrated beneficial ownership of our common stock by our founder and director, Dr. John W. Sammon;
- actual or anticipated regulatory action against us;
- the lack of earnings guidance and securities analysts following us;
- investor perception of us and the industries in which we operate;
- uncertainty regarding domestic and international political conditions, including tax policies; and
- uncertainty regarding the prospects of domestic and foreign economies.

Two customers account for a significant portion of our revenues. The loss of one of these customers, or a significant reduction, delay, or cancellation of purchases by one of these customers, would materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Revenues from our Restaurant/Retail segment constituted 74% and 65% of our total consolidated revenues for 2017 and 2016, respectively; and, aggregate sales to our two largest customers, which include sales to these two customers' respective franchisees - McDonald's Corporation and Yum! Brands, Inc., which consists of the Kentucky Fried Chicken, Taco Bell and Pizza Hut brands - constituted 33% (McDonald's) and 14% (Yum!) and 25% (McDonald's) and 11% (Yum!) of total consolidated revenues for 2017 and 2016, respectively. There were no other customers that comprised greater than 10% of our total consolidated revenues during these years. A loss of McDonald's or Yum! Brands as a customer, or a significant reduction, delay, or cancellation of orders by one of these customers would reduce our revenue and operating income and would materially and adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition.

We face extensive competition in our markets, and our failure to compete effectively could result in price reductions and/or decreased demand for our products and services.

The markets for our POS software, SureCheck and hardware products are characterized by rapid technological advances, intense competition among existing and emerging competitors, evolving industry standards, emerging business, distribution and support models, disruptive technology developments, and frequent new product introductions.

While we think our POS software, SureCheck and hardware products offer competitive, innovative features and functionality, any one of these factors could create downward pressure on pricing and gross margins and could adversely affect sales to our existing customers, as well as our ability to attract and sell to new customers. Our future success will depend on our ability to anticipate and identify changes in customer needs and/or relevant technologies and to rapidly and effectively respond and improve our products, including changes in operating systems, application software and computer and communications hardware, with which our products interoperate or their performance and functionality are otherwise affected. If we fail to anticipate and/or identify changes in customer needs and/or emerging relevant technological trends, our business, results of operations and financial conditions could suffer. Additionally, any delay in the development, marketing, or launch of new products or enhancements to our existing products could result in customer attrition or impede our ability to attract new customers, causing a decline in our revenue, earnings or stock price and weakening our competitive position.

Our government contracting business has been focused on niche offerings, reflecting our expertise, primarily in the areas of Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance, systems engineering & evaluation, satellite and telecommunications services and management technology/systems services. Many of our competitors in the Government segment are larger and have substantially greater financial resources and broader capabilities in management technology. We also compete with smaller companies, many of which are designated by the government for preferential "set aside" treatment, that target particular segments of the government market and may have superior capabilities in a particular segment. These companies may be better positioned to obtain contracts through competitive proposals. Consequently, there are no assurances we will continue to win government contracts as a prime contractor or subcontractor, and our failure to do so, would reduce our revenue and operating income and could adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition.

The consequence of our internal investigation could have a material adverse effect on our business and could subject us to regulatory scrutiny.

In the third quarter of 2016, our Audit Committee commenced an internal investigation into conduct at our China and Singapore offices to determine whether certain import/export and sales documentation activities were improper and in violation of the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, or FCPA, and other applicable laws, and certain of our policies. We voluntarily notified the SEC and the U.S. Department of Justice, or DOJ, of the internal investigation. If the SEC, DOJ, or other governmental agencies (including foreign governmental agencies) determine that violations of certain laws or regulations occurred, then we could be exposed to a broad range of civil and criminal sanctions, including injunctive relief, disgorgement, fines, penalties, modifications to our business practices, including the termination or modification of existing business relationships, the imposition of compliance programs and

the retention of a monitor to oversee our future compliance. While we are currently unable to predict what actions the SEC, DOJ, or other governmental agencies (including foreign governmental agencies) might take, or what the likely outcome of any such actions might be, or estimate the range of reasonably possible fines or penalties, such actions, fines and/or penalties could be material, resulting in a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, reputation, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations or cash flows. Even if an inquiry or investigation does not result in an adverse determination, our business, prospects, reputation, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations or cash flows could still be adversely impacted.

# If we fail to maintain appropriate internal controls, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected.

As most recently disclosed in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2017, our management identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting. While we have remedied these material weaknesses, if we fail to maintain appropriate internal controls, our ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information accurately and within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC could be adversely affected, we could lose investor confidence in the accuracy and completeness of our financial reports, which would cause the price of our common stock to decline, and we may be subject to investigation or sanctions by the SEC or DOJ. Any such consequence or other negative effect could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

# We are subject to risks associated with compliance with international laws and regulations which may harm our business

Although only 8% for both 2017 and 2016 of our total consolidated revenues were derived from sales outside of the U.S., we have operations across the globe, and our international operations subject us to a variety of risks and challenges, including:

- compliance with foreign laws and regulations, including the FCPA, the U.K. Bribery Act of 2010, import and
  export control laws, tariffs, trade barriers, economic sanctions and other regulatory or contractual limitations
  on our ability to sell our software and hardware in certain foreign markets, and the risks and costs of noncompliance with such laws and regulations, including fines, penalties, criminal sanctions against us, our officers
  or employees, prohibitions on the conduct of our business and damage to our reputation;
- increased risks of unfair or corrupt business practices in certain geographies and of improper or fraudulent sales
  arrangements that may impact financial results and result in restatements of financial statements and irregularities
  in financial statements;
- reduced protection of our intellectual property rights in certain countries and practical difficulties and costs of enforcing rights abroad;
- compliance with the laws of numerous foreign taxing jurisdictions and overlapping of different tax regimes;
- uncertainty around a potential reverse or renegotiation of international trade agreements and partnerships under President Donald J. Trump's administration;
- sales and customer service challenges associated with operating in different countries;
- difficulties in receiving payments from different geographies, including difficulties associated with currency fluctuations, payment cycles, transfer of funds or collecting accounts receivable, especially in emerging markets;
- variations in economic or political conditions between each country or region;
- economic uncertainty around the world and adverse effects arising from economic interdependencies across countries and regions; and
- increased infrastructure and legal compliance costs.

# A portion of Government segment revenue is derived from U.S. government contracts, which contain provisions unique to public sector customers, including the U.S. government's right to modify or terminate these contracts at any time.

In 2017 and 2016 we derived 26% and 35%, respectively, of our total consolidated revenues from contracts to provide technical expertise to government organizations and prime contractors. In any given year, the majority of our government contracting activity is associated with the U.S. Department of Defense. Contracts with the U.S. government typically provide that such contracts are terminable, in whole or in part, at the convenience of the U.S. government. If the U.S. government terminates a contract on this basis, we would be entitled to receive payment for our allowable costs and, in general, a proportionate share of our fee or profit for work actually performed. Most U.S. government contracts are also subject to modification or termination in the event of changes in funding. As such, we may perform work prior to formal authorization, or the contract prices may be adjusted for changes in scope of work. Termination or modification of a substantial number of our U.S. government contracts could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

We perform work for various U.S. government agencies and departments pursuant to fixed-price, cost-plus fixed fee and timeand-material prime contracts and subcontracts. Approximately 55% of revenues derived from government contracts for the year ended December 31, 2017, was based on fixed-price or time and material contracts, and the balance (approximately 45% of total government revenues) was based on cost-plus fixed fee contracts. Most of our contracts are for one-year to five-year terms.

While fixed-price contracts allow us to benefit from cost savings, they also expose us to the risk of cost overruns. If the initial estimates we use for calculating the contract price are incorrect, we can incur losses on those contracts. In addition, some of our governmental contracts have provisions relating to cost controls, and audit rights and if we fail to meet the terms specified in those contracts, then we may not realize the full benefit of the contracts. Lower earnings caused by cost overruns would have an adverse effect on our financial results.

Under time and materials contracts, we are paid for labor at negotiated hourly billing rates and for certain expenses. Under costplus fixed fee contracts, we are reimbursed for allowable costs and paid a fixed fee. If our costs under either of these types of contracts were to exceed the contract ceiling, or are not allowable under the provisions of the contract or applicable regulations, we may not be reimbursed for 100% of our associated costs. Our inability to control our costs under either a time-and-materials contract or a cost-plus fixed fee contract could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and operating results. Cost over-runs also may adversely affect our ability to sustain existing programs and obtain future contract awards.

Aportion of our total assets consists of goodwill and identifiable and intangible assets, which are subject to a periodic impairment analysis, a significant impairment determination in any future period could have an adverse effect on our results of operations, even without a significant loss of our revenue or increase in cash expenses attributable to such period.

Our goodwill was approximately \$11.1 million at December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, and our intangibles were \$12.1 million at December 31, 2017 and \$11.0 million at December 31, 2016. Identifiable intangible assets were, primarily a result of business acquisitions and internally developed capitalized software. We test our goodwill and identifiable intangible assets for impairment annually, or more frequently if an event occurs or circumstances change that would indicate possible impairment. We describe the impairment testing process and results of this testing more thoroughly in "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates." If we determine an impairment has occurred at any point in time, we will be required to reduce goodwill or identifiable intangible assets on our balance sheet. Additional information about our impairment testing is contained in Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report).

#### Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

We do not have any unresolved comments from the SEC staff.

### Item 2. Properties.

Our corporate headquarters is located at PAR Technology Park, 8383 Seneca Turnpike, New Hartford, New York. We own our corporate headquarters – both the building and land. We lease all our other properties for varying terms. We believe our existing properties, both owned and leased, are in good condition and are suitable for the conduct of our business for the foreseeable future.

The following table sets forth the location, the operating segment (if applicable) that uses and the use of each of our principal properties, and each properties' approximate square footage:

Location	Operating Segment	<u>Use</u>	Approximate Square Footage
New Hartford, NY	Restaurant / Retail	Corporate headquarters, assembly, R&D, sales, service, and computing facilities	180,200∗
Boca Raton, FL	Restaurant / Retail	R&D	11,470
Markham, Ontario	Restaurant / Retail	R&D	11,100
Boulder, CO	Restaurant / Retail	Service	10,700
Rome, NY	Government	R&D, sales	30,800
San Diego, CA	Restaurant / Retail	R&D, sales, administration	9,500

**<sup>★</sup>**The square footage in the table above does not include Company owned space leased to third parties.

In addition to the properties identified above, we have leasehold interests in small office spaces located in: Dubai, United Arab Emirates; Shanghai, China; Singapore; Staines, United Kingdom; and Sydney, Australia (sales and service).

#### Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

We are not currently a party to any material litigation.

See Note 10 – Contingencies - of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report) for information regarding legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business, and a discussion about the internal investigation into conduct at our China and Singapore offices, and the civil and criminal sanctions available to the SEC, DOJ, and other governmental agencies (including foreign governmental agencies).

### Item 4: Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable.

### **PART II**

# Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "PAR". According to the records of our transfer agent, as of March 13, 2018, there were 364 holders of record of our common stock. A substantially greater number of holders of our common stock are held in "street name" or by beneficial holders, whose shares of common stock of record are held by brokers, banks, and other financial institutions. The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the high and low sales prices for our common stock as reported by the New York Stock Exchange:

	20	2017		16
	High	Low	High	Low
First Quarter	\$7.34	\$5.48	\$6.63	\$5.04
Second Quarter	9.19	7.08	6.86	4.35
Third Quarter	11.09	8.30	5.52	4.83
Fourth Quarter	11.79	7.31	5.58	4.71

We have never declared or paid cash dividends on our common stock. We currently intend to retain any future earnings for use in the operation of our business and do not intend to declare or pay any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Any determination to pay dividends on our common stock will be at the discretion of our board of directors, subject to applicable laws, and will depend on our financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, general business conditions and other factors that our board of directors considers relevant, including any restrictive covenants in our credit facility that restrict the payment of dividends under certain circumstances.

Recipients of restricted stock awards have paid us cash equal to the par value of each share awarded. If the vesting requirements are not satisfied, we repurchase the forfeited shares at par value. In addition, employees may elect to have shares withheld to satisfy minimum statutory federal, state, and local tax withholding obligations arising from the vesting of their restricted stock. When we withhold these shares, we are required to remit to the appropriate taxing authorities the market price of the shares withheld, which could be deemed a purchase of shares by us on the date of withholding. For the three months ended December 31, 2017, 2,294 shares were purchased at an average price of \$9.37 per share.

# Item 6. Selected Financial Data.

Not Required.

### Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and the Notes thereto included under Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report. See also, "Forward-Looking Statements" in this Annual Report.

#### Overview

PAR's management technology solutions for the Restaurant/Retail segment features cloud-based and on-premise software applications, hardware platforms, and related installation, technical, and maintenance support services tailored for the needs of restaurants and retailers. Our Government segment provides technical expertise in contract development of advanced systems and software solutions for the U.S. Department of Defense and other federal agencies, as well as management technology and communications support services to the U.S. Department of Defense.

Our products sold in the Restaurant/Retail segment are utilized in a wide range of applications by customers worldwide. We face competition across all categories in the Restaurant/Retail segment in which we compete based on product design, innovative features and functionality, quality and reliability, price, customer service, and delivery capability. Our strategy is to provide complete integrated management technology solutions, supported by industry leading customer service. Our research and development efforts are focused on timely identifying changes in customer needs and/or relevant technologies, to rapidly and effectively develop innovative new products and enhancements to our existing products that meet and exceed customer requirements.

Our strategy is to expand our Restaurant/Retail business by continuing to invest in our existing products - Brink and SureCheck - including the development of enhancements to our existing software applications and hardware platforms and the development of new and innovative cloud based software applications. To support the growth of our products, we continue to expand our direct sales force and third-party channel partners.

Currently, PAR's primary market is the quick serve restaurant category and hardware sales to tier 1 customers in that category. Consistent with our strategy to expand our product offerings beyond the restaurant/retail markets, we continue to focus on growing and expanding our software offerings, including our cloud software as a service (SaaS) and related hardware and support services. As we implement our strategy, we continuously monitor the trends in the markets within which we currently operate and the markets in which we intend to operate.

The strategy for our PAR Government segment is to build on our sustained outstanding performance of existing service contracts, coupled with investments in enhanced business development capabilities. We believe we are well positioned to realize continued renewals of expiring contracts and extensions of existing contracts, and secure service and solution contracts in expanded areas within the U.S. Department of Defense and other federal agencies. We believe our highly relevant technical competencies, intellectual property, and investments in new technologies provide opportunities to offer systems integration, products, and highly-specialized service solutions to the U.S. Department of Defense and other federal agencies. The general uncertainty in U.S. defense total workforce policies (military, civilian, and contract), procurement cycles, and spending levels for the next several years are factors we monitor as we develop and implement our business strategy for the PAR Government segment.

#### Results of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016

We reported revenues of \$232.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2017, up 1.3% from \$229.7 million reported for the year ended December 31, 2016. Revenues from our Restaurant/Retail segment were \$171.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2017, a 14.9% increase, compared to \$149.3 million reported for the year ended December 31, 2016. PAR's Government segment reported revenues of \$61.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2017, a decrease of 24.0% from \$80.3 million reported for the year ended December 31, 2016. We reported a net loss from continuing operations of \$3.6 million or \$0.23 per diluted share for the year ended December 31, 2017 versus net income of \$2.5 million or \$0.16 per diluted share for the year ended December 31, 2016. For 2017 and 2016, we reported net income from discontinued operations of \$0.2 million or \$0.01 per share versus a loss of \$0.7 million or \$0.05 loss per share, respectively. 2017 results of operations include a one-time adjustment to the value of the Company's deferred tax asset of \$4.5 million due to the corporate income tax rate change included in the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act.

Product revenues were \$115.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2017, an increase of 14.8% from \$100.3 million recorded in 2016. This increase was primarily driven by higher revenues from our tier 1 customers in the first half of 2017.

Service revenues were \$56.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2017, an increase of 15.1% from \$49.1 million reported for the year ended December 31, 2016. The increase is attributable to the diversification of our revenue base, with higher recurring revenue from our software contracts; specifically, SaaS, installation services related to product sales, and other revenue streams generated from post contract support ("PCS") offerings.

Contract revenues were \$61.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2017, compared to \$80.3 million reported for the year ended December 31, 2016, a decrease of 24.0%. This decrease was driven by lower volume within our PMO and Mission Systems' (MS) contracts, offset by an increase in value-added revenue on our Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance (ISR), contracts.

Product margins for the year ended December 31, 2017, were 25.4%, a decrease from 26.2% for the year ended December 31, 2016. The decrease in product margin was primarily due to an unfavorable product mix, as a result of increased peripheral hardware sales related to projects from tier 1 customers.

Service margins were 29.8% for the year ended December 31, 2017, an increase from 27.4% recorded for the year ended December 31, 2016. This increase was primarily due to a favorable product mix shift to SaaS resulting from Brink's continued growth.

Contract margins were 11.0% for the year ended December 31, 2017, compared to 8.1% for the year ended December 31, 2016. This increase was primarily driven by product mix shifting from PMO to the Company's value added business lines of ISR and Mission Systems in addition to improved margin rates in both ISR and Mission Systems.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$38.2 million for the year ending December 31, 2017, compared to \$31.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2016. The increase is primarily attributable to investments in sales and support services infrastructure to support the growth of Brink and reinforcement of our corporate structure in IT, finance, and corporate management.

Research and development expenses were \$13.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2017, compared to \$11.6 million recorded for the year ended December 31, 2016. This increase was primarily related to increased software development investments for Brink and SureCheck.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, we recorded \$1.0 million of amortization expense associated with acquired identifiable intangible assets in connection with our acquisition of Brink Software, Inc. in September 2014. We recorded \$1.0 million of amortization expense associated with these assets for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Other income, net, was \$0.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2017 compared to other income, net of \$1.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2016. Other income/expense primarily includes fair value adjustments on contingent considerations, rental income, net of applicable expenses, foreign currency transactions gains and losses, fair value adjustments, fair value fluctuations of our deferred compensation plan and other non-operating income/expense. The primary driver of the decrease in other income is a \$0.8 million insurance recovery in the fourth quarter 2016 related to the Company's former chief financial officer's unauthorized transfers of funds.

Interest income (expense), net, represents interest charged on our short-term borrowings and from long-term debt. Interest expense, net was \$0.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2017, as compared to interest income, net of \$0.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2016. This decrease is primarily associated with the accreted interest income of \$0.2 million in 2016 related to the note receivable in connection with the Company's sale of its hotel/spa technology business operated by PAR Springer-Miller Systems, Inc., Springer-Miller International, LLC, and Springer-Miller Canada, ULC (collectively, "PSMS") in November 2015 and higher interest expense as compared to 2016, which is due to higher outstanding borrowings under the Credit Facility.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, our effective income tax rate was an expense of 1,032.8%, mainly due to the one-time deferred tax asset adjustment for the rate change under the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017, compared to an expense of 31.4% for the year ended December 31, 2016. The variances from the federal statutory rate for 2017 were due to the mix of taxable income from the Company's domestic and foreign jurisdictions, which is consistent with the variance in 2016, and the impact of the adjustment for the rate change under the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017. Benefits from stock compensation and fair value adjustments on contingent consideration impacted the variance from the federal statutory rate for 2017 as well.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The Company's primary sources of liquidity have been cash flow from operations and borrowings under its Credit Facility with JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. Cash used in operating activities from continuing operations was \$0.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2017, compared to cash generated of \$11.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2016. The change in cash activities resulted primarily from the \$6.9 million of customer deposits in the fourth quarter 2016 being applied to revenue generated in 2017.

Cash used in investing activities from continuing operations was \$8.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2017 versus \$7.1 million provided by investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2016. In 2017, capital expenditures of \$5.1 million were primarily for PAR's new ERP system and capital improvements made to our owned and leased properties. Capitalized software was \$3.8 million and was associated with investments in Restaurant/Retail software platforms.

Cash provided by financing activities from continuing operations was \$6.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2017 versus cash used of \$2.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2016. In 2017, the Company received proceeds from stock activity of

\$1.5 million and \$3.8 million related to the final installment of the 2015 sale of its hotel/spa technology business and borrowed a net of \$0.8 million. In 2016, the Company paid the third installment associated with its purchase of Brink Software, Inc. of \$2.0 million.

On November 29, 2016, the Company, together with certain of its U.S. subsidiaries entered into a three-year credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("JPMorgan Chase"). The Credit Agreement provides for revolving loans in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$15.0 million, with availability thereunder equal to the lesser of (i) \$15.0 million and (ii) a borrowing base (equal to the sum of 80% eligible accounts, 50% eligible raw materials inventory and 35% eligible finished goods inventory, with no more than 50% of total eligible inventory included in the borrowing base), less the aggregate principal amount outstanding (the "Credit Facility"). Interest accrues on outstanding principal balances at an applicable rate per annum determined, as of the end of each fiscal quarter, by reference to the CBFR Spread or the Eurodollar Spread based on the Company's consolidated indebtedness ratio as at the determination date. The Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants, including covenants that restrict the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness, incur or permit to exist liens on assets, make investments, loans, advances, guarantees and acquisitions, consolidate or merge, pay dividends and make distributions, and financial covenants, requiring that the Company's consolidated indebtedness ratio not exceed 3.0 to 1.0 and, a fixed charge coverage ratio of not less than 1.25 to 1.0 for each fiscal quarter. In August 2017, we entered into an Omnibus Amendment Number 1 to Loan Documents with JPMorgan Chase to provide the Company with more flexibility in its use of its assets and a waiver of any default relating to the location of certain collateral. In March 2018, JPMorgan Chase granted the Company a Waiver of an event of default under the Credit Agreement due to its failure to meet the required fixed charge coverage ratio for the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2017.

On December 31, 2017, the applicable rate under the Credit Facility was 3.25% plus the CBFR Spread or LIBOR plus the Eurodollar Spread based on the Company's consolidated indebtedness ratio. There was \$0.95 million outstanding and up to \$14.05 million available under the Credit Agreement as of December 31, 2017.

In addition to the Credit Facility, the Company has a mortgage loan, collateralized by certain real estate, with a balance of \$0.4 million and \$0.6 million as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. This loan matures on November 1, 2019. Interest is fixed at 4.00% through maturity. The annual loan payment, including interest through November 1, 2019, is \$0.2 million.

In connection with the Company's acquisition of Brink Software, Inc. in September 2014, the Company has recorded contingent consideration that may be payable to the former owners of Brink Software, Inc. based on future performance metrics. As of December 31, 2017, the fair value of the contingent consideration included within the Company's consolidated balance sheets is \$3.0 million.

We expect our operating cash flows and available capacity under our Credit Facility will be sufficient to meet our operating needs for the next 12 months. Our actual cash needs will depend on many factors, including our rate of revenue growth, including growth of our SaaS revenues, the timing and extent of spending to support our product development efforts, the timing of introductions of new products and enhancements to existing products, market acceptance of our products, and potential fines and penalties that, while currently inestimable, could be material (see Item 1A—"Risk Factors" for further discussion about the potential adverse effect of such fines and penalties on our business). If we are required or otherwise elect to seek additional funding, we cannot be certain that such additional funding will be available on terms and conditions acceptable to us, if at all.

Our future principal payments under the mortgage loan and operating leases are as follows (in thousands):

	Total	Less Than 1 Year	1-3 Years	3 - 5 Years	N	More than 5 Years
Debt obligations	\$ 380	\$ 195	\$ 185	\$ 	\$	_
Operating leases	14,690	2,936	4,943	4,124		2,687
Total	15,070	3,131	5,128	4,124		2,687

# **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our consolidated financial statements are based on the application of U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). GAAP requires the use of estimates, assumptions, judgments and subjective interpretations of accounting principles that have an impact on the assets, liabilities, revenue and expense amounts reported. We believe our use of estimates and underlying accounting assumptions adhere to GAAP and are consistently applied. Valuations based on estimates are reviewed for reasonableness and adequacy on a consistent basis. Primary areas where financial information is subject to the use of estimates, assumptions and the

application of judgment include revenue recognition, accounts receivable, inventories, accounting for business combinations, contingent consideration, goodwill and intangible assets, and taxes.

### Revenue Recognition Policy

#### Restaurant/Retail Contracts

Our Restaurant/Retail segment's revenues consist of sales of our POS systems. We derive revenue from the following sources: (1) hardware sales, (2) software license agreements, including perpetual licenses and SaaS, (3) professional services, (4) hosting services and (5) post-contract customer support ("PCS").

Subject to the multiple element arrangements discussion below, we recognize revenue when all four revenue recognition criteria have been met: persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, we have delivered the product or performed the service, the fee is fixed or determinable and collection is reasonably assured. Determining whether and when some of these criteria have been satisfied often involves assumptions and judgments that can have a significant impact on the timing and amount of revenue we report.

#### Hardware

Revenue recognition on hardware sales occurs upon installation at the customer site (or when shipped for systems that are not installed by us) when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the price is fixed or determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured.

#### Software

Revenue recognition on software sales generally occurs upon delivery to the customer, when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the price is fixed or determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured. For software sales sold as a perpetual license, typically our Pixel software offering, where we are the sole party that has the proprietary knowledge to install the software, revenue is recognized upon installation and when the system is ready to go live.

#### Service

Service revenue consists of installation and training services, field and depot repair, subscription software products, associated software maintenance, and software related hosting services. Installation and training service revenue are based upon standard hourly/daily rates as well as contracted prices with the customer, and revenue is recognized as the services are performed. Support maintenance and field and depot repair are provided to customers either on a time and materials basis or under a maintenance contract. Services provided on a time and materials basis are recognized as the services are performed. Service revenues from maintenance contracts are recorded as deferred revenue when billed to and collected from the customer and are recognized ratably over the underlying contract period. Software sold as a service with our Brink and SureCheck software offerings, is recorded as deferred revenue when billed and collected and recognized ratably over the contract term.

The Company frequently enters into multiple-element arrangements with our customers including hardware, software, professional consulting services and maintenance support services. For arrangements involving multiple deliverables, when deliverables include software and non-software products and services, we evaluate and separate each deliverable to determine whether it represents a separate unit of accounting based on the following criteria: (a) the delivered item has value to the customer on a stand-alone basis; and (b) if the contract includes a general right of return relative to the delivered item, delivery or performance of the undelivered items is considered probable and substantially in the control of PAR.

#### Multiple Element Arrangements

Multiple element arrangements that include hardware, service, and software offerings are separated based upon the stand-alone price for each individual hardware, service, or software sold in the arrangement irrespective of the combination of products and services which are included in a particular arrangement. As such, overall consideration is allocated to each unit of accounting based on the unit's relative selling prices. In such circumstances, the Company uses a hierarchy to determine the selling price to be used for allocating revenue to each deliverable: (i) vendor-specific objective evidence of selling price (VSOE), (ii) third-party evidence of selling price (TPE), and (iii) best estimate of selling price (BESP). VSOE generally exists only when the Company sells the deliverable separately and is the price actually charged by the Company for that deliverable. The Company uses BESP to allocate revenue when we are unable to establish VSOE or TPE of selling price. BESP is primarily used for elements such as products that are not consistently priced within a narrow range. The Company determines BESP for a deliverable by considering

multiple factors including product and customer class, geography, average discount, and management's historical pricing practices. Amounts allocated to the delivered hardware and software elements are recognized at the time of sale provided the other conditions for revenue recognition have been met. Amounts allocated to the undelivered maintenance and other services elements are recognized as the services are provided or on a straight-line basis over the service period. In certain instances, customer acceptance is required prior to the passage of title and risk of loss of the delivered products. In such cases, revenue is not recognized until the customer acceptance is obtained. Delivery and acceptance generally occur in the same reporting period.

Software elements, generally software PCS, and professional services revenue are recognized in accordance with authoritative guidance on software revenue recognition. For the software and software-related elements of such transactions, revenue is allocated based on the relative fair value of each element, and fair value is determined by vendor specific objective evidence, where available. If VSOE is not available for all elements, we use the residual method to separate the elements as long as we have VSOE for the undelivered elements. If we cannot objectively determine the fair value of any undelivered element included in such multiple-element arrangements, we defer the revenue until all elements are delivered and services have been performed, or until fair value can objectively be determined for any remaining undelivered elements.

### **Government Contracts**

The Company's contract revenues generated by the Government segment result primarily from contract services performed for the U.S. Government under a variety of cost-plus fixed fee, time-and-material, and fixed-price contracts. Revenue on cost-plus fixed fee contracts is recognized based on allowable costs for labor hours delivered, as well as other allowable costs plus the applicable fee. Revenue on time and material contracts is recognized by multiplying the number of direct labor hours delivered in the performance of the contract by the contract billing rates and adding other direct costs as incurred. Revenue from fixed-price contracts is recognized as labor hours are delivered which approximates the straight-line basis of the life of the contract. The Company's obligation under these contracts is to provide labor hours to conduct research or to staff facilities with no other deliverables or performance obligations. Anticipated losses on all contracts are recorded in full when identified. Unbilled accounts receivable is stated in the Company's consolidated financial statements at their estimated realizable value. Contract costs, including indirect expenses, are subject to audit and adjustment through negotiations between the Company and U.S. Government representatives.

# Accounts Receivable-Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Allowances for doubtful accounts are based on estimates of probable losses related to accounts receivable balances. The establishment of allowances requires the use of judgment and assumptions regarding probable losses on receivable balances. We continuously monitor collections and payments from our customers and maintain a provision for estimated credit losses based on our historical experience and any specific customer collection issues that we have identified. Thus, if the financial condition of our customers were to deteriorate, our actual losses may exceed our estimates, and additional allowances would be required.

# Inventories

Our inventory is valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value, with cost determined using the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method. We use certain estimates and judgments and consider several factors, including product demand, changes in customer requirements and changes in technology to provide for excess and obsolescence reserves to properly value inventory.

# Capitalized Software Development Costs

We capitalize certain costs related to the development of computer software used in our Restaurant/Retail segment. Software development costs incurred prior to establishing technological feasibility are charged to operations and included in research and development costs. The technological feasibility of a computer software product is established when we have completed all planning, designing, coding, and testing activities that are necessary to establish that the product can be produced to meet its design specifications including functions, features, and technical performance requirements. Software development costs incurred after establishing feasibility (as defined within ASC 985-20 for software cost related to sold as a perpetual license) are capitalized and amortized on a product-by-product basis when the product is available for general release to customers. Annual amortization, charged to cost of sales when the product is available for general release to customers. Annual amortization, charged to cost of sales when the product is available for general release to customers, is computed using the greater of (a) the straight-line method over the remaining estimated economic life of the product, which is generally three to seven years or (b) the ratio that current gross revenues for a product bear to the total of current and anticipated future gross revenues for that product. Software development is also capitalized in accordance with ASC 350-40, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other - Internal - Use Software," and is amortized over the expected benefit period, which generally ranges from three to seven years. Long-lived assets are tested for impairment when events or conditions indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be fully recoverable from future cash flows.

#### Accounting for Business Combinations

We account for acquired businesses using the acquisition method of accounting, which requires that acquired assets and assumed liabilities be recorded at their respective fair values on the date of acquisition. The fair value of the consideration paid is assigned to the underlying net assets of the acquired business based on their respective fair values. Any excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair values of the net assets acquired is recorded to goodwill. Intangible assets are amortized over the expected life of the asset. Fair value determinations and useful life estimates are based on, among other factors, estimates of expected future cash flows from revenues of the intangible assets acquired, estimates of appropriate discount rates used to present value expected future cash flows, estimated useful lives of the intangible assets acquired and other factors. Although we believe the assumptions and estimates we have made have been reasonable and appropriate, they are based, in part, on historical experience, information obtained from the management of the acquired companies and future expectations. For these and other reasons, actual results may vary significantly from estimated results.

# **Contingent Consideration**

We determine the acquisition date fair value of contingent consideration using a discounted cash flow method, with significant inputs that are not observable in the market and thus represents a Level 3 fair value measurement as defined in ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement. The significant inputs in the Level 3 measurement not supported by market activity include our probability assessments of expected future cash flows related to our acquisition of Brink Software Inc. in 2014, during the contingent consideration period, appropriately discounted considering the uncertainties associated with the obligation, and calculated in accordance with the terms of the definitive agreement. The liabilities for the contingent consideration is established at the time of the acquisition and will be evaluated on a quarterly basis based on additional information as it becomes available. Any change in the fair value adjustment is recorded in the earnings of the period in which the evaluation is made. During 2017, we recorded a \$1.0 million adjustment to decrease the fair value of the Company's contingent consideration related to its acquisition of Brink Software Inc., versus a \$1.1 million adjustment to decrease the fair value during 2016. These adjustments are reflected within other expense on the consolidated statement of operations. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration obligations may result from changes in probability assumptions with respect to the likelihood of achieving the various contingent payment obligations. Significant increases or decreases in the inputs noted above in isolation would result in a significantly lower or higher fair value measurement.

#### Goodwill

We test goodwill for impairment on an annual basis on the first day of the fourth quarter, or more often if events or circumstances indicate there may be impairment. We operate in two reportable operating segments, which are the reporting units used in the test of goodwill for impairment - Restaurant/Retail and Government. Goodwill is tested at the reporting unit level. Goodwill is assigned to a specific reporting unit at the date the goodwill is initially recorded. Once goodwill has been assigned to a specific reporting unit, it no longer retains its association with a particular acquisition, and all of the activities within a reporting unit, whether acquired or organically grown, are available to support the value of the goodwill.

Goodwill impairment analysis is a two-step test. The first step, used to identify potential impairment, involves comparing each reporting unit's fair value to its carrying value including goodwill. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, applicable goodwill is considered not to be impaired. If the carrying value exceeds fair value, there is an indication of impairment, at which time a second step would be performed to measure the amount of impairment. The second step involves calculating an implied fair value of goodwill for each reporting unit for which the first step indicated an impairment.

We utilize different methodologies in performing the goodwill impairment test for each reporting unit. For both the Restaurant/ Retail and Government reporting units, these methodologies include an income approach, namely a discounted cash flow method, and multiple market approaches and the guideline public company method and quoted price method. The valuation methodologies and weightings used in the current year are generally consistent with those used in our past annual impairment tests.

The discounted cash flow method derives a value by determining the present value of a projected level of income stream, including a terminal value. This method involves the present value of a series of estimated future cash flows at the valuation date by the application of a discount rate that a prudent investor would require before making an investment in our equity. We consider this method to be most reflective of a market participant's view of fair value given the current market conditions, as it is based on our forecasted results and, therefore, established this method's weighting at 80% of the fair value calculation.

Key assumptions within our discounted cash flow model include projected financial operating results, a long-term growth rate of 3% and, depending on the reporting unit, discount rates ranging from 14.5% to 27.0%. As stated above, because the discounted cash flow method derives value from the present value of a projected level of income stream, a modification to our projected

operating results, including changes to the long-term growth rate, could impact the fair value. The present value of the cash flows is determined using a discount rate based on the capital structure and capital costs of comparable public companies, as well as company-specific risk premium, as identified by us. A change to the discount rate could impact the fair value determination.

The market approach is a generally-accepted way of determining a value indication of a business, business ownership interest, security or intangible asset by using one or more methods that compare the reporting unit to similar businesses, business ownership interests, securities or intangible assets that have been sold. There are two methodologies considered under the market approach: the public company method and the quoted price method.

The public company method and quoted price method of valuation are based on the premise that pricing multiples of publicly traded companies can be used as a tool to be applied in valuing closely held companies. The mechanics of the two methods require the use of the stock price in conjunction with other factors to create a pricing multiple that can be used, with certain adjustments, to apply against the reporting unit's similar factor to determine an estimate of value for the subject company. We consider these methods appropriate because they provide an indication of fair value supported by current market conditions. We established our weighting at 10% of the fair value calculation for the public company method and quoted price method for both the Restaurant/ Retail and Government, reporting units.

The most critical assumption underlying the market methods we use are the comparable companies selected. Each market approach described above estimates revenue and earnings multiples based on the comparable companies selected. As such, a change in the comparable companies could have an impact on the fair value determination.

The amount of goodwill carried by the Restaurant/Retail and Government reporting units is \$10.3 million and \$0.7 million, respectively. The estimated fair value of the Restaurant/Retail reporting unit is substantially in excess of its carrying value as a result of the Step 1 analysis performed to assess if the fair value of the reporting units is lower than their carrying value. The estimated fair value of the Government reporting unit is substantially in excess of its carrying value as a result of the Step 1 analysis performed. There were no goodwill impairment charges recorded for the Restaurant/Retail reporting unit or the Government reporting unit for the years ended December 31, 2017 or December 31, 2016.

#### Restaurants / Retail:

In deriving our fair value estimates, we utilized key assumptions built on the current product portfolio mix adjusted to reflect continued revenue increases from Brink and SureCheck. These assumptions, specifically those included within the discounted cash flow estimate, include revenue growth rate, gross margin, operating expenses, working capital requirements, and depreciation and amortization expense.

We utilize annual revenue growth rates ranging between 3% and 32%. The high-end growth rate reflects our projected revenues from anticipated increases in installations of Brink and SureCheck at new customer locations. These software platforms are expected to expand our capabilities into new markets. We believe these estimates are reasonable given the size of the overall market which we will enter, combined with the projected market share we expect to achieve. Overall, the projected revenue growth rates ultimately trend to an estimated long term growth rate of 3%.

We utilize gross margin estimates that are reflective of expected increased recurring SaaS revenue from software sold as a service that is expected to exceed historical gross margins. Estimates of operating expenses, working capital requirements and depreciation and amortization expense utilized for the Restaurant/Retail reporting unit are generally consistent with actual historical amounts, adjusted to reflect its continued investment and projected revenue growth from our core technology platforms. We believe utilization of actual historical results adjusted to reflect our continued investment in our products is an appropriate basis supporting the fair value of the Restaurant/Retail reporting unit.

Finally, we utilize a discount rate of approximately 27.0% for the Restaurant/Retail reporting unit. This estimate was derived through a combination of current risk-free interest rate data, financial data from companies that PAR considers to be its competitors, and was based on volatility between our historical financial projections and actual results achieved.

The current economic conditions and the continued volatility in the U.S. and in many other countries in which we operate could contribute to decreased consumer confidence and continued economic uncertainty which may adversely impact our operating performance. Although we have seen an improvement in the markets which we serve, continued volatility in these markets could have an impact on purchases of our products, which could result in a reduction of sales, operating income and cash flows. Such reductions could have a material adverse impact on the underlying estimates used in deriving the fair value of our reporting units used to support our annual goodwill impairment test or could result in a triggering event requiring a fair value re-measurement,

particularly if we are unable to achieve the estimates of revenue growth indicated in the preceding paragraphs. These conditions may result in an impairment charge in future periods.

#### Government:

The estimated fair value of the Government segment is substantially in excess of its carrying value. Consistent with prior year methodology, in deriving our fair value estimates, we have utilized key assumptions built on the current core business. These assumptions, specifically those included within the discounted cash flow estimate, are comprised of the revenue growth rate, gross margin, operating expenses, working capital requirements, and depreciation and amortization expense.

We have reconciled the aggregate estimated fair value of the reporting units to the market capitalization of the consolidated Company, including a reasonable control premium noting no impairment as of December 31, 2017 or December 31, 2016 was recorded.

# Deferred Taxes

We have \$13.8 million of deferred tax assets that are reviewed quarterly for recoverability and valued accordingly. These deferred tax assets are evaluated by using estimates of future taxable income and the impact of tax planning strategies. Valuations related to tax accruals and deferred tax assets can be impacted by changes to tax codes, changes in statutory tax rates and our estimates of future taxable income levels.

New Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

See Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Principles - of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Part II, Item 8 of this Report) for details.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

# Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

Not required.

# Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	<u>21</u>
Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2017 and 2016	<u>22</u>
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016	<u>24</u>
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016	<u>25</u>
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016	<u>26</u>
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016	<u>27</u>
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	<u>29</u>

# Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Shareholders PAR Technology Corporation New Hartford, New York

# **Opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of PAR Technology Corporation (the "Company") and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company and subsidiaries at December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB"), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2017, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") and our report dated March 16, 2018 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

# **Basis for Opinion**

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ BDO USA, LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2012.

New York, NY March 16, 2018

# PAR TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share amounts)

		Decem	ber	31,
Assets		2017		2016
Current assets:		2017		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,600	\$	9,055
Accounts receivable-net		30,077		30,705
Inventories-net		21,746		26,237
Note receivable				3,510
Income taxes receivable		<u>—</u>		261
Deferred income taxes		_		7,767
Other current assets		4,209		4,027
Assets of discontinued operations				462
Total current assets		62,632		82,024
Property, plant and equipment - net		10,755		7,035
Deferred income taxes		13,809		9,650
Goodwill		11,051		11,051
Intangible assets - net		12,070		10,966
Other assets		4,307		3,785
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$	114,624	\$	124,511
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity				·
Current liabilities:				
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	195	\$	187
Borrowings on line of credit		950		_
Accounts payable		14,332		16,687
Accrued salaries and benefits		6,275		5,470
Accrued expenses		3,926		4,682
Customer deposits and deferred service revenue		12,909		19,814
Total current liabilities		38,587		46,840
Long-term debt		185		379
Other long-term liabilities		6,866		7,712
Total liabilities		45,638		54,931
Shareholders' Equity:				
Preferred stock, \$.02 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized		_		_
Common stock, \$.02 par value, 29,000,000 shares authorized; 17,677,161 and 17,479,454 shares issued; 15,969,052 and 15,771,345 outstanding at December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively		354		350
Capital in excess of par value		48,349		46,203
Retained earnings		29,549		32,357
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(3,430)		(3,494)
Treasury stock, at cost, 1,708,109 shares		(5,836)		(5,836)
Total shareholders' equity		68,986		69,580
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$	114,624	\$	124,511
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# Table of Contents

# PAR TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

Net revenues:         2017         2016           Product         \$115,126         \$10,027           Service         \$6,467         49,000           Contract         \$6,101         80,312           Total net revenues         \$23,05         229,653           Costs of sales:         ***         ***           Product         \$5,850         \$7,376           Service         \$3,025         \$3,647           Contract         \$4,299         73,380           Total costs of sales         \$179,775         \$183,453           Gross margin         \$2,830         46,200           Operating expenses         ***         \$2,830         46,200           Selling, general and administrative         \$38,171         \$3,144         11,881           Research and development         \$13,814         \$1,881         11,881           Amortization of identifiable intangible assets         \$6         96         706         706           Total operating expenses         \$2,593         43,987         70,910         1,212         22,13         43,987         70,910         1,212         22,13         43,987         70,50         70,10         70,10         70,10         70,10         70,10 </th <th></th> <th>Ye</th> <th>ar ended D</th> <th>ecember 31,</th>		Ye	ar ended D	ecember 31,
Product         \$115,126         \$100,271           Service         \$6,467         49,070           Contract         61,012         80,312           Total net revenues         232,055         229,653           Costs of sales:           Product         \$5,850         73,976           Service         39,626         35,647           Contract         54,299         73,830           Total costs of sales         179,775         183,453           Gross margin         52,830         46,200           Operating expenses:         2         30,400           Selling, general and administrative         38,171         31,440           Research and development         13,814         11,581           Amortization of identifiable intangible assets         966         966           Total operating expenses         52,951         43,987           Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121         22,13           Other income, net         (121         22,13           Interest (expense) income, net         (121         121           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from cont			2017	2016
Service         56,467         49,070           Contract         61,012         80,312           Costs of sales:         Product         85,850         73,976           Service         39,625         55,647           Contract         54,299         73,830           Total costs of sales         179,775         183,453           Gross margin         52,830         46,200           Operating expenses:         Selling, general and administrative         38,171         31,440           Research and development         13,814         11,581           Amortization of identifiable intangible assets         966         966           Total operating expenses         52,951         43,987           Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121)         2,213           Other income, net         629         1,316           Interest (expense) income, net         629         1,316           Interest (expense) income net         38,7         3,650           Provision for income taxes         3,97         1,147           (Loss) income from continuing operations         3,26         7,20           Provision for income taxes         3,36         1,20           Income (loss) on discontinued opera	Net revenues:			
Contract         61,012         80,312           Total net revenues         232,005         229,653           Costs of sales:         85,850         73,976           Service         39,626         35,647           Contract         54,299         73,830           Total costs of sales         179,775         183,843           Gross margin         52,830         46,200           Operating expenses:         \$2,830         46,200           Selling, general and administrative         38,171         31,440           Research and development         38,171         31,440           Research and developments         966         966           Total operating expenses         52,951         43,987           Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121)         2,213           Other income, net         629         1,316           Interest (expense) income, net         (121)         2,213           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         387         3,650           Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           Income (loss) income from continuing operations         (3,997)         (1,147)           Income (loss) income from continuing operations <td>Product</td> <td>\$</td> <td>115,126</td> <td>\$ 100,271</td>	Product	\$	115,126	\$ 100,271
Total net revenues         232,605         229,653           Cost of sales:         Product         85,850         73,976           Service         39,626         35,647           Contract         42,299         73,830           Total costs of sales         179,775         183,453           Gross margin         52,830         46,200           Operating expenses         38,171         31,440           Research and development         13,814         11,581           Amortization of identifiable intangible assets         966         966           Total operating expenses         52,951         43,987           Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121)         2,213           Other income, net         629         1,316           Interest (expense) income taxes         3,979         (1,417           (Loss) income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         3,997         (1,147           (Loss) income from continuing operations (net of tax)         224         (720)	Service		56,467	49,070
Costs of sales:         Product         85,850         73,976           Service         39,626         35,647           Contract         54,299         73,830           Total costs of sales         179,775         183,453           Gross margin         52,830         46,200           Operating expenses:         8119, 1 31,440           Research and development         13,814         11,581           Amortization of identifiable intangible assets         966         966           Total operating expenses         52,951         43,987           Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121)         2,213           Other income, net         629         1,316           Interest (expense) income, net         (121)         121           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         3,897         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         3,650         2,503           Discontinued operations         3,380         3,783           Net (loss) income         3,380         3,783           Basic Farmings per Share:         (121)         0,21           (Loss) income         3,023         0,16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations	Contract		61,012	80,312
Product         85,850         73,976           Service         39,626         35,647           Contract         54,299         73,830           Total costs of sales         179,775         183,453           Gross margin         52,830         46,200           Operating expenses:         2         2           Selling, general and administrative         38,171         31,440           Research and development         13,814         11,581           Amortization of identifiable intangible assets         966         966           Total operating expenses         52,951         43,987           Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121)         2,213           Other income, net         629         1,316           Interest (expense) income, net         (121)         121           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         387         3,650           Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         32,24         (720)           Net (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)         224         (720)           Net (loss) income         8 (3,386)         1,783           Basic Earnings per Share	Total net revenues		232,605	229,653
Service         39,626         35,647           Contract         54,299         73,830           Total costs of sales         179,775         183,453           Gross margin         52,830         46,200           Operating expenses:         ***           Selling, general and administrative         38,171         31,440           Research and development         13,814         11,581           Amortization of identifiable intangible assets         966         966           Total operating expenses         52,951         43,987           Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121)         2,213           Other income, net         629         1,316           Interest (expense) income, net         (121)         121           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         36,000         2,503           Discontinued operations         224         (720)           Net (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)         224         (720)           Net (loss) income         \$ (3,386)         1,783           Basic Earnings per Share:         (1,000)         (1,000)         (1,000) <t< td=""><td>Costs of sales:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Costs of sales:			
Contract         54,299         73,830           Total costs of sales         179,775         183,453           Gross margin         52,830         46,200           Operating expenses         81,11         31,440           Research and development         13,814         11,581           Amortization of identifiable intangible assets         966         966           Total operating expenses         52,951         43,987           Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121)         2,213           Other income, net         629         1,316           Interest (expense) income, net         (121)         121           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         387         3,650           Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         3(3,610)         2,503           Discontinued operations         224         (720)           Net (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)         224         (720)           Net (loss) income         \$0,3,386         \$1,783           Basic         0,01         0,05           Net (loss) from discontinued operations         0,01         0,05           Net (lo	Product		85,850	73,976
Total costs of sales         179,775         183,453           Gross margin         52,830         46,200           Operating expenses:         38,171         31,440           Research and development         13,814         11,581           Amortization of identifiable intangible assets         966         966           Total operating expenses         52,951         43,987           Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121)         2,213           Other income, net         629         1,316           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         387         3,650           Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         (3,610)         2,503           Discontinued operations         (3,610)         2,503           Discontinued operations         3,380         1,783           Basic Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income         0,23         0,16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0,01         (0,05)           Net (loss) income         8,0,22         0,11           Diluted Earnings per Share:         (0,23)         0,16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0,01	Service		39,626	35,647
Gross margin         52,830         46,200           Operating expenses:         38,171         31,440           Research and development         13,814         11,581           Amortization of identifiable intangible assets         966         966           Total operating expenses         52,951         43,987           Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121)         2,213           Other income, net         629         1,316           Interest (expense) income, net         (121)         121           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         387         3,650           Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         3,610         2,503           Discontinued operations         3,610         2,503           Discontinued operations         224         (720)           Net (loss) income         \$0,3386         \$1,783           Basic Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         0,01         (0,05)           Net (loss) income         \$0,022         \$0,11           Diluted Earnings per Share:         (0,23)         0,16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0,0	Contract		54,299	73,830
Operating expenses:         38,171         31,440           Research and development         13,814         11,581           Amortization of identifiable intangible assets         966         966           Total operating expenses         52,951         43,987           Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121)         2,213           Other income, net         629         1,316           Interest (expense) income, net         (121)         121           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         387         3,650           Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         3,610         2,503           Discontinued operations         224         (720)           Net (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)         224         (720)           Net (loss) income         \$ (3,386)         \$ 1,783           Basic Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         0.01         (0.05)           Net (loss) income         \$ (0,22)         \$ 0.11           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0.02         \$ 0.11           Net (loss) income from continuing operations         0.02         \$ 0.12	Total costs of sales		179,775	183,453
Selling, general and administrative         38,171         31,440           Research and development         13,814         11,581           Amortization of identifiable intangible assets         966         966           Total operating expenses         52,951         43,987           Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121)         2,213           Other income, net         629         1,316           Interest (expense) income, net         (121)         121           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         387         3,650           Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         (3,610)         2,503           Discontinued operations         224         (720)           Net (loss) income         \$ (3,386)         \$ 1,783           Basic Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         (0,23)         0,16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0,01         (0,05)           Net (loss) income         \$ (0,22)         \$ 0,11           Diluted Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         0,01         (0,05)           Net (loss) income from continuing operations         <	Gross margin		52,830	46,200
Research and development         13,814         11,581           Amortization of identifiable intangible assets         966         966           Total operating expenses         52,951         43,987           Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121)         2,213           Other income, net         629         1,316           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         387         3,650           Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         (3,610)         2,503           Discontinued operations         224         (720)           Net (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)         224         (720)           Net (loss) income         \$ (3,386)         \$ 1,783           Basic Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         (0,23)         0,16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0,01         (0,05)           Net (loss) income         \$ (0,22)         0,11           Diluted Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         0,01         (0,05)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         0,01         (0,05)           Net (loss) income from continuing oper	Operating expenses:			
Amortization of identifiable intangible assets         966         966           Total operating expenses         52,951         43,987           Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121)         2,213           Other income, net         629         1,316           Increst (expense) income, net         (121)         121           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         387         3,650           Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         (3,610)         2,503           Discontinued operations         224         (720)           Net (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)         224         (720)           Net (loss) income         \$ (3,386)         \$ 1,783           Basic Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         0.01         (0.05)           Net (loss) income         \$ (0,22)         \$ 0.11           Diluted Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         0.02         \$ 0.11           (Loss) income from continuing operations         0.02         \$ 0.11           Diluted Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         0.02         \$ 0.12	Selling, general and administrative		38,171	31,440
Total operating expenses         52,951         43,987           Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121)         2,213           Other income, net         629         1,316           Interest (expense) income, net         (121)         121           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         387         3,650           Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         3,610         2,503           Discontinued operations         224         (720)           Net (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)         224         (720)           Net (loss) income         \$ 3,386         \$ 1,783           Basic Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         0,023         0,16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0,01         (0,05)           Net (loss) income         \$ 0,223         0,11           Diluted Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         0,02         0,16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0,02         0,10         0,05           Net (loss) income         0,01         0,05         0,05         0,05         0,05         0,	Research and development		13,814	11,581
Operating (loss) income from continuing operations         (121)         2,213           Other income, net         629         1,316           Interest (expense) income, net         (121)         121           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         387         3,650           Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         (3,610)         2,503           Discontinued operations         224         (720)           Net (loss) income         \$ (3,386)         \$ 1,783           Basic Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         (0,23)         0.16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0.01         (0.05)           Net (loss) income         \$ (0,22)         \$ 0.11           Diluted Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         (0,23)         0.16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0.01         (0.05)           Net (loss) income         0.01         (0.05)           Net (loss) income         \$ (0,22)         0.11           Weighted average shares outstanding         15,949         15,675	Amortization of identifiable intangible assets		966	966
Other income, net         629         1,316           Interest (expense) income, net         (121)         121           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         387         3,650           Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         (3,610)         2,503           Discontinued operations         224         (720)           Net (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)         224         (720)           Net (loss) income         \$ (3,386)         \$ 1,783           Basic Earnings per Share:         (0.23)         0.16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0.01         (0.05)           Net (loss) income         \$ (0.22)         \$ 0.11           Diluted Earnings per Share:         (1,000)         0.00           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0.01         0.05)           Net (loss) income from continuing operations         0.01         0.05)           Net (loss) income         0.01         0.05)           Net (loss) income         0.01         0.05)           Net (loss) income         0.02         0.11           Weighted average shares outstanding         15,949         15,675	Total operating expenses		52,951	43,987
Other income, net         629         1,316           Interest (expense) income, net         (121)         121           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         387         3,650           Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         (3,610)         2,503           Discontinued operations         224         (720)           Net (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)         224         (720)           Net (loss) income         \$ (3,386)         \$ 1,783           Basic Earnings per Share:         (0.23)         0.16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0.01         (0.05)           Net (loss) income         \$ (0.22)         \$ 0.11           Diluted Earnings per Share:         (1,000)         0.00           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0.01         0.05)           Net (loss) income from continuing operations         0.01         0.05)           Net (loss) income         0.01         0.05)           Net (loss) income         0.01         0.05)           Net (loss) income         0.02         0.11           Weighted average shares outstanding         15,949         15,675				
Interest (expense) income, net         (121)         121           Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         387         3,650           Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         (3,610)         2,503           Discontinued operations         224         (720)           Net (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)         224         (720)           Net (loss) income         \$ (3,386)         \$ 1,783           Basic Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         (0,23)         0.16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0.01         (0.05)           Net (loss) income         \$ (0,22)         \$ 0.11           Diluted Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         (0,23)         0.16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         (0,23)         0.16           <	Operating (loss) income from continuing operations		(121)	2,213
Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes         387         3,650           Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         (3,610)         2,503           Discontinued operations         224         (720)           Net (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)         224         (720)           Net (loss) income         \$ (3,386)         \$ 1,783           Basic Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         (0.23)         0.16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0.01         (0.05)           Net (loss) income         \$ (0.22)         \$ 0.11           Diluted Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         (0.23)         0.16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0.02         0.11           Net (loss) income         \$ (0.22)         \$ 0.11           Weighted average shares outstanding         \$ (0.22)         \$ 0.11           Basic         15,949         15,675	Other income, net		629	1,316
Provision for income taxes         (3,997)         (1,147)           (Loss) income from continuing operations         (3,610)         2,503           Discontinued operations         224         (720)           Income (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)         224         (720)           Net (loss) income         \$ (3,386)         \$ 1,783           Basic Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         (0.23)         0.16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0.01         (0.05)           Net (loss) income         \$ (0.22)         \$ 0.11           Diluted Earnings per Share:         (Loss) income from continuing operations         0.23)         0.16           Income (loss) from discontinued operations         0.02)         0.15           Net (loss) income         \$ (0.23)         \$ 0.11           Weighted average shares outstanding         \$ (0.22)         \$ 0.11           Basic         15,949         15,675	Interest (expense) income, net		(121)	121
(Loss) income from continuing operations       (3,610)       2,503         Discontinued operations       Income (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)       224       (720)         Net (loss) income       \$ (3,386)       \$ 1,783         Basic Earnings per Share:       (Loss) income from continuing operations       (0,23)       0.16         Income (loss) from discontinued operations       0,01       (0,05)         Net (loss) income from continuing operations       (0,23)       0,16         Income (loss) from discontinued operations       0,01       (0,05)         Net (loss) income       \$ (0,22)       \$ 0,11         Weighted average shares outstanding         Basic       15,949       15,675	Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes		387	3,650
Discontinued operations         Income (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)       224       (720)         Net (loss) income       \$ (3,386)       \$ 1,783         Basic Earnings per Share:       (Loss) income from continuing operations       (0.23)       0.16         Income (loss) from discontinued operations       0.01       (0.05)         Net (loss) income       \$ (0.22)       \$ 0.11         Diluted Earnings per Share:       (Loss) income from continuing operations       (0.23)       0.16         Income (loss) from discontinued operations       0.01       (0.05)         Net (loss) income       \$ (0.22)       \$ 0.11         Weighted average shares outstanding         Basic       15,949       15,675	Provision for income taxes		(3,997)	(1,147)
Income (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)       224 (720)         Net (loss) income       \$ (3,386)       \$ 1,783         Basic Earnings per Share:       (Loss) income from continuing operations       (0.23)       0.16         Income (loss) from discontinued operations       0.01       (0.05)         Net (loss) income       \$ (0.22)       \$ 0.11         Diluted Earnings per Share:       (Loss) income from continuing operations       (0.23)       0.16         Income (loss) from discontinued operations       0.01       (0.05)         Net (loss) income       \$ (0.22)       \$ 0.11         Weighted average shares outstanding         Basic       15,949       15,675	(Loss) income from continuing operations		(3,610)	2,503
Net (loss) income       \$ (3,386)       \$ 1,783         Basic Earnings per Share:       (Loss) income from continuing operations       (0.23)       0.16         Income (loss) from discontinued operations       0.01       (0.05)         Net (loss) income       \$ (0.22)       \$ 0.11         Diluted Earnings per Share:       (0.23)       0.16         Income (loss) from discontinued operations       0.01       (0.05)         Net (loss) income       \$ (0.22)       \$ 0.11         Weighted average shares outstanding         Basic       15,949       15,675	Discontinued operations			
Basic Earnings per Share:       (Loss) income from continuing operations       (0.23)       0.16         Income (loss) from discontinued operations       0.01       (0.05)         Net (loss) income       \$ (0.22)       \$ 0.11         Diluted Earnings per Share:       (Loss) income from continuing operations       (0.23)       0.16         Income (loss) from discontinued operations       0.01       (0.05)         Net (loss) income       \$ (0.22)       \$ 0.11         Weighted average shares outstanding         Basic       15,949       15,675	Income (loss) on discontinued operations (net of tax)		224	(720)
(Loss) income from continuing operations       (0.23)       0.16         Income (loss) from discontinued operations       0.01       (0.05)         Net (loss) income       \$ (0.22)       \$ 0.11         Diluted Earnings per Share:       (0.23)       0.16         Income (loss) from continuing operations       0.01       (0.05)         Net (loss) income       \$ (0.22)       \$ 0.11         Weighted average shares outstanding         Basic       15,949       15,675	Net (loss) income	\$	(3,386)	\$ 1,783
Income (loss) from discontinued operations       0.01 (0.05)         Net (loss) income       \$ (0.22) \$ 0.11         Diluted Earnings per Share:       (Loss) income from continuing operations       (0.23) 0.16         Income (loss) from discontinued operations       0.01 (0.05)         Net (loss) income       \$ (0.22) \$ 0.11         Weighted average shares outstanding         Basic       15,949 15,675	Basic Earnings per Share:			
Net (loss) income       \$ (0.22)       \$ 0.11         Diluted Earnings per Share:       (0.23)       0.16         Income (loss) from discontinued operations       0.01       (0.05)         Net (loss) income       \$ (0.22)       \$ 0.11         Weighted average shares outstanding         Basic       15,949       15,675	(Loss) income from continuing operations		(0.23)	0.16
Diluted Earnings per Share:  (Loss) income from continuing operations  Income (loss) from discontinued operations  Net (loss) income  Weighted average shares outstanding  Basic  (0.23) 0.16  (0.05)  (0.05)  \$ (0.22) \$ 0.11  15,949 15,675	Income (loss) from discontinued operations		0.01	(0.05)
(Loss) income from continuing operations       (0.23)       0.16         Income (loss) from discontinued operations       0.01       (0.05)         Net (loss) income       \$ (0.22)       \$ 0.11         Weighted average shares outstanding         Basic       15,949       15,675	Net (loss) income	\$	(0.22)	\$ 0.11
Income (loss) from discontinued operations  Net (loss) income  Weighted average shares outstanding  Basic  0.01 (0.05)  (0.05)  0.11	Diluted Earnings per Share:			
Net (loss) income\$ (0.22)\$ 0.11Weighted average shares outstandingBasic15,94915,675	(Loss) income from continuing operations		(0.23)	0.16
Weighted average shares outstanding Basic 15,949 15,675	Income (loss) from discontinued operations		0.01	(0.05)
Basic15,94915,675	Net (loss) income	\$	(0.22)	\$ 0.11
	Weighted average shares outstanding			
Diluted 15,949 15,738	Basic	_	15,949	15,675
	Diluted		15,949	15,738

# PAR TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(in thousands)

	Y	Year ended Decembe		
	_	2017		2016
Net (loss) income	\$	(3,386)	\$	1,783
Other comprehensive income (loss) net of applicable tax:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments		64		(716)
Comprehensive (loss) income	\$	(3,322)	\$	1,067

# PAR TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(in thousands)

	Comm	on Stock	<ul> <li>Capital in</li> </ul>	ı		Accumulated Other	Treasu	ry Stock	Total
(in thousands)	Shares	Amount	excess of Par Value	. F	Retained Earnings	Comprehensive Loss	Shares	Amount	Shareholders' Equity
Balances at December 31, 2015	17,352	\$ 347	\$ 45,753	3 \$	30,574	\$ (2,778)	(1,708)	\$ (5,836)	\$ 68,060
Net income					1,783				1,783
Issuance of common stock upon the exercise of stock options	5	1	26	6					27
Net issuance of restricted stock awards	122	2							2
Equity based compensation			469	9					469
Stock options and awards tax benefits			(45	5)					(45)
Foreign currency translation adjustments						(716)	)		(716)
Balances at December 31, 2016	17,479	\$ 350	\$ 46,203	3 \$	32,357	\$ (3,494)	(1,708)	\$ (5,836)	\$ 69,580
Adoption of accounting standard					578				578
Net loss					(3,386)	)			(3,386)
Issuance of common stock upon the exercise of stock options	271	5	1,495	5					1,500
Repurchase of common stock	(54)	(1)	)						(1)
Net issuance of restricted stock awards	(19)	_							_
Equity based compensation			651	1					651
Foreign currency translation adjustments						64			64
Balances at December 31, 2017	17,677	\$ 354	\$ 48,349	9 \$	29,549	\$ (3,430)	(1,708)	\$ (5,836)	\$ 68,986

# PAR TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)

	Year ended Dece			
		2017	2016	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net (loss) income	\$	(3,386) 5		
(Income) loss from discontinued operations		(224)	720	
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Insurance recovery of investment		_	(771)	
Depreciation, amortization, and accretion		4,033	4,624	
Provision for bad debts		303	401	
Provision for obsolete inventory		1,543	1,249	
Equity based compensation		651	469	
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		(1,000)	(1,130)	
Deferred income tax		4,159	708	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:				
Accounts receivable		325	(1,576)	
Inventories		2,948	(5,987)	
Income tax receivable/(payable)		261	(540)	
Other current assets		(182)	(248)	
Other assets		(522)	(194)	
Accounts payable		(2,355)	4,958	
Accrued expenses		49	(2,023)	
Customer deposits and deferred service revenue		(6,905)	8,995	
Other long-term liabilities		154	(41)	
Deferred tax equity based compensation		_	(45)	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities-continuing operations		(148)	11,352	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities-discontinued operations		462	(356)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		314	10,996	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Capital expenditures		(5,071)	(3,433)	
Capitalization of software costs		(3,786)	(2,685)	
Working capital adjustment paid		_	(977)	
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(8,857)	(7,095)	
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Payments of long-term debt		(187)	(181)	
Payments of other borrowings		(22,200)	(214,980)	
Proceeds from other borrowings		23,150	214,980	
Payments for deferred acquisition obligations			(2,000)	
Proceeds from note receivable		3,794	_	
Proceeds from stock awards		1,500	27	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	_	6,057	(2,154)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	_	31	(716)	
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(2,455)	1,031	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		9,055	8,024	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		6,600	9,055	
1		5,550	,,,,,,	

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 152 \$	94
Income taxes, net of refunds	\$ 20 \$	714
Supplemental disclosures of non-cash information:		
Adoption of accounting standard on deferred taxes	\$ 578 \$	_

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### **Nature of Business**

PAR Technology Corporation, together with its subsidiaries, provides management technology solutions, including software, hardware, and related services, integral to the point-of-sale ("POS") infrastructure and task management, information gathering, assimilation and communications services. We deliver our management technology solutions through two operating segments — our Restaurant/Retail segment and our Government segment. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include Corporate and Eliminations, which is comprised of enterprise-wide functional departments.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of PAR Technology Corporation and its subsidiaries (ParTech, Inc., ParTech (Shanghai) Company Ltd., PAR Springer-Miller Systems, Inc., Springer-Miller Canada, ULC, PAR Canada ULC, Brink Software, Inc., PAR Government Systems Corporation and Rome Research Corporation), collectively referred to as the "Company". All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

During fiscal year 2015, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement to sell substantially all of the assets of its Hotel/Spa technology business operated under PAR Springer-Miller Systems, Inc. ("PSMS"). The transaction closed on November 4, 2015. Accordingly, the results of operations of PSMS have been classified as discontinued operations in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 205-20, Presentation of Financial Statements – Discontinued Operations. See Note 2 – Divestiture and Discontinued Operations - in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

#### **Business combinations**

The Company accounts for business combinations pursuant ASC 805, Business Combinations, which requires that assets acquired and liabilities assumed be recorded at their respective fair values on the date of acquisition. The fair value of the consideration paid is assigned to the underlying net assets of the acquired business based on their respective fair values. Any excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair values of the net assets acquired is allocated to goodwill (the "Acquisition Method"). The purchase price allocation process requires the Company to make significant assumptions and estimates in determining the purchase price and the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date. The Company's assumptions and estimates are subject to refinement and, as a result, during the measurement period, which may be up to one year from the acquisition date, the Company records adjustments to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed with the corresponding offset to goodwill. Upon conclusion of the measurement period, any subsequent adjustments are recorded to the Company's consolidated statements of operations. The Company's consolidated financial statements and results of operations reflect an acquired business after the completion of the acquisition.

# **Contingent consideration**

The Company determines the acquisition date fair value of contingent consideration using a discounted cash flow method, with significant inputs that are not observable in the market and thus represents a Level 3 fair value measurement as defined in ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement. The significant inputs in the Level 3 measurement not supported by market activity included the Company's probability assessments of expected future cash flows related to the Company's acquisition of Brink Software Inc. during the contingent consideration period, appropriately discounted considering the uncertainties associated with the obligation, and calculated in accordance with the terms of the definitive agreement. The liabilities for the contingent consideration are established at the time of the acquisition and will be evaluated on a quarterly basis based on additional information as it becomes available. Any change in the fair value adjustment is recorded in the earnings of that period. During 2017, we recorded a \$1.0 million adjustment to decrease the fair value of our contingent consideration related to the acquisition of Brink Software Inc., versus a \$1.1 million adjustment to decrease the fair value during 2016. This reduction in expense is reflected within other income on the statements of operations. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration obligations may result from changes in probability assumptions with respect to the likelihood of achieving the various contingent payment obligations. Significant increases or decreases in the inputs noted above in isolation would result in a significantly lower or higher fair value measurement.

#### Revenue recognition policy

# Restaurant/Retail Contracts

Our Restaurant/Retail segment's revenues consist of sales of the Company's standard POS system to the Restaurant/Retail segment. We derive revenue from the following sources: (1) hardware sales, (2) software license agreements, including perpetual licenses and software as a service, (3) professional services, (4) hosting services and (5) post-contract customer support ("PCS").

We recognize revenue when all four revenue recognition criteria have been met: persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, we have delivered the product or performed the service, the fee is fixed or determinable and collection is probable. Determining whether and when some of these criteria have been satisfied often involves assumptions and judgments that can have a significant impact on the timing and amount of revenue we report.

### Hardware

Revenue recognition on hardware sales occurs upon installation at the customer site (or when shipped for systems that are not installed by the Company) when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the price is fixed or determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured.

### Software

Revenue recognition on software sales generally occurs upon delivery to the customer, when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the price is fixed or determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured. For software sales sold as a perpetual license, typically our Pixel software offering, where the Company is the sole party that has the proprietary knowledge to install the software, revenue is recognized upon installation and when the system is ready to go live.

#### Service

Service revenue consists of installation and training services, field and depot repair, subscription software products, associated software maintenance, and software related hosted services. Installation and training service revenue are based upon standard hourly/daily rates as well as contracted prices with the customer, and revenue is recognized as the services are performed. Support maintenance and field and depot repair are provided to customers either on a time and materials basis or under a maintenance contract. Services provided on a time and materials basis are recognized as the services are performed. Service revenues from maintenance contracts are recorded as deferred revenue when billed to and collected from the customer and are recognized ratably over the underlying contract period. Software sold as a service with our Brink and SureCheck software offerings, is recorded as deferred revenue when billed and collected and recognized ratably over the contract term.

The Company frequently enters into multiple-element arrangements with our customers including hardware, software, professional consulting services and maintenance support services. For arrangements involving multiple deliverables, when deliverables include software and non-software products and services, we evaluate and separate each deliverable to determine whether it represents a separate unit of accounting based on the following criteria: (a) the delivered item has value to the customer on a stand-alone basis; and (b) if the contract includes a general right of return relative to the delivered item, delivery or performance of the undelivered items is considered probable and substantially in the control of PAR.

Multiple element arrangements which include hardware, service, and software offerings are separated based upon the stand-alone price for each individual hardware, service, or software sold in the arrangement irrespective of the combination of products and services which are included in a particular arrangement. As such, overall consideration is allocated to each unit of accounting based on the unit's relative selling prices. In such circumstances, the Company uses a hierarchy to determine the selling price to be used for allocating revenue to each deliverable: (i) vendor-specific objective evidence of selling price (VSOE), (ii) third-party evidence of selling price (TPE), and (iii) best estimate of selling price (BESP). VSOE generally exists only when the Company sells the deliverable separately and is the price actually charged by the Company for that deliverable. The Company uses BESP to allocate revenue when we are unable to establish VSOE or TPE of selling price. BESP is primarily used for elements such as products that are not consistently priced within a narrow range. The Company determines BESP for a deliverable by considering multiple factors including product and customer class, geography, average discount, and management's historical pricing practices. Amounts allocated to the delivered hardware and software elements are recognized at the time of sale provided the other conditions for revenue recognition have been met. Amounts allocated to the undelivered maintenance and other services elements are recognized as the services are provided or on a straight-line basis over the service period. In certain instances, customer acceptance is required prior to the passage of title and risk of loss of the delivered products. In such cases, revenue is not recognized until the customer acceptance is obtained. Delivery and acceptance generally occur in the same reporting period.

Software elements, generally software PCS, and professional services revenue are recognized in accordance with authoritative guidance on software revenue recognition. For the software and software-related elements of such transactions, revenue is allocated based on the relative fair value of each element, and fair value is determined by vendor specific objective evidence, where available. If VSOE is not available for all elements, we will use the residual method to separate the elements as long as we have VSOE for the undelivered elements. If we cannot objectively determine the fair value of any undelivered element included in such multiple-element arrangements, we defer the revenue until all elements are delivered and services have been performed, or until fair value can objectively be determined for any remaining undelivered elements.

#### Government Contracts

The Company's contract revenues generated by the Government segment result primarily from contract services performed for the U.S. Government under a variety of cost-plus fixed fee, time-and-material, and fixed-price contracts. Revenue on cost-plus fixed fee contracts is recognized based on allowable costs for labor hours delivered, as well as other allowable costs plus the applicable fee. Revenue on time and material contracts is recognized by multiplying the number of direct labor hours delivered in the performance of the contract by the contract billing rates and adding other direct costs as incurred. Revenue from fixed-price contracts is recognized as labor hours are delivered which approximates the straight-line basis of the life of the contract. The Company's obligation under these contracts is to provide labor hours to conduct research or to staff facilities with no other deliverables or performance obligations. Anticipated losses on all contracts are recorded in full when identified. Unbilled accounts receivable is stated in the Company's consolidated financial statements at their estimated realizable value. Contract costs, including indirect expenses, are subject to audit and adjustment through negotiations between the Company and U.S. Government representatives.

# Warranty provisions

Warranty provisions for product warranties are recorded in the period in which the Company becomes obligated to honor the related right, which generally is the period in which the related product revenue is recognized. The Company accrues warranty reserves based upon historical factors such as labor rates, average repair time, travel time, number of service calls per machine and cost of replacement parts. When a sale is consummated, a warranty reserve is recorded based upon the estimated cost to provide the service over the warranty period.

# Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments, purchased with a remaining maturity of three months or less, to be cash equivalents.

# Accounts receivable - Allowance for doubtful accounts

Allowances for doubtful accounts are based on estimates of probable losses related to accounts receivable balances. The establishment of allowances requires the use of judgment and assumptions regarding probable losses on receivable balances. The Company continuously monitors collections and payments from our customers and maintain a provision for estimated credit losses based on our historical experience and any specific customer collection issues that we have identified. Thus, if the financial condition of our customers were to deteriorate, our actual losses may exceed our estimates, and additional allowances would be required.

# **Inventories**

The Company's inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value, with cost determined using the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method. The Company uses certain estimates and judgments and considers several factors including product demand, changes in customer requirements and changes in technology to provide for excess and obsolescence reserves to properly value inventory.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from three to twenty-five years. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred.

#### Other assets

Other assets primarily consist of cash surrender value of life insurance related to the Company's Deferred Compensation Plan eligible to certain employees. The funded balance is reviewed on an annual basis.

#### Income taxes

The provision for income taxes is based upon pretax earnings with deferred income taxes provided for the temporary differences between the financial reporting basis and the tax basis of the Company's assets and liabilities. The Company records a valuation allowance when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to their net realizable amounts. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

# Other long-term liabilities

Other long-term liabilities represent amounts owed to employees that participate in the Company's Deferred Compensation Plan and the estimated fair value of the contingent consideration payable related to the Brink Software Inc. acquisition. The amount of the amounts owed to employees participating in the Deferred Compensation Plan at December 31, 2017 was \$3.9 million compared to \$3.8 million at December 31, 2016. During 2017, we recorded a \$1.0 million adjustment to decrease the fair value of our contingent consideration related to the acquisition of Brink Software Inc. compared to an adjustment to decrease the fair value of \$1.1 million in 2016. At December 31, 2017, the amount remaining in other long-term liabilities related to contingent consideration is \$3.0 million compared to \$4.0 million at December 31, 2016. This is reflected within other income on the statements of operations. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration obligations may result from changes in probability assumptions with respect to the likelihood of achieving the various contingent payment obligations.

# Foreign currency

The assets and liabilities for the Company's international operations are translated into U.S. dollars using year-end exchange rates. Income statement items are translated at average exchange rates prevailing during the year. The resulting translation adjustments are recorded as a separate component of shareholders' equity under the heading Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss). Exchange gains and losses on intercompany balances of permanently invested long-term loans are also recorded as a translation adjustment and are included in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss). Foreign currency transaction gains and losses are recorded in other income in the accompanying statements of operations.

#### Other income (expense)

The components of other income (expense) from continuing operations for the years ending December 31 are as follows:

	Year	Year ended December 31 (in thousands)			
	2017		2016		
Foreign currency loss	\$	39	\$	(24)	
Rental (loss) income-net		(683)		(662)	
Insurance recovery / investment write off		_		771	
Fair value adjustment contingent consideration		1,000		1,130	
Other		273		101	
Other income	\$	629	\$	1,316	

In 2017, we recorded a \$1.0 million adjustment to decrease the fair value of the Company's contingent consideration related to the acquisition of Brink Software Inc. Also, during 2017, the Company incurred a net loss on rental contracts of approximately \$0.7 million.

During 2016, we recorded a \$1.1 million adjustment to decrease the fair value of the Company's contingent consideration related to the acquisition of Brink Software Inc. In addition, we recorded an insurance recovery of \$0.8 million in 2016 relating to the unauthorized transfers of the Company's funds by its former chief financial officer. Also, during 2016, the Company incurred a net loss on rental contracts of approximately \$0.7 million.

#### Identifiable intangible assets

The Company's identifiable intangible assets represent intangible assets acquired from the 2014 Brink Software Inc. acquisition and internally developed software costs. The Company capitalizes certain costs related to the development of computer software used in its Restaurant/Retail segment. Software development costs incurred prior to establishing technological feasibility are charged to operations and included in research and development costs. The technological feasibility of a computer software product is established when the Company has completed all planning, designing, coding, and testing activities that are necessary to establish that the product can be produced to meet its design specifications including functions, features, and technical performance requirements. Software development costs incurred after establishing feasibility (as defined within ASC 985-20 for software cost related to sold as a perpetual license) are capitalized and amortized on a product-by-product basis when the product is available for general release to customers. Software development is also capitalized in accordance with ASC 350-40, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other - Internal - Use Software," and is amortized over the expected benefit period, which generally ranges from three to seven years. Long-lived assets are tested for impairment when events or conditions indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be fully recoverable from future cash flows. Software costs capitalized within continuing operations during the periods ended 2017 and 2016 were \$3.8 million and \$2.7 million, respectively.

Annual amortization, charged to cost of sales when a product is available for general release to customers, is computed using the greater of (a) the straight-line method over the remaining estimated economic life of the product, generally three to seven years or (b) the ratio that current gross revenues for a product bear to the total of current and anticipated future gross revenues for that product. Amortization of capitalized software costs from continuing operations amounted to \$2.7 million and \$1.1 million, in 2017 and 2016, respectively. There was no impairment charge recorded as of December 31, 2017. In 2016, the Company assessed its recoverability of capitalized software assets noting an impairment charge of \$0.5 million to accelerate one of its software modules.

The components of identifiable intangible assets, excluding discontinued operations, are:

	December 31, (in thousands)				
		2017	2016		Estimated Useful Life
Acquired and internally developed software costs	\$	19,670	\$	15,884	3 - 7 years
Customer relationships		160		160	7 years
Non-compete agreements		30		30	1 year
		19,860		16,074	
Less accumulated amortization		(8,190)		(5,508)	
	\$	11,670	\$	10,566	
Trademarks, trade names (non-amortizable)		400		400	N/A
	\$	12,070	\$	10,966	

The expected future amortization of these intangible assets assuming straight-line amortization of capitalized software costs and acquisition related intangibles is as follows (in thousands):

2018	\$ 2,773
2019	2,300
2020	1,800
2021	1,534
2022	507
Thereafter	2,756
Total	\$ 11,670

The Company has elected to test for impairment of indefinite lived intangible assets during the fourth quarter of its fiscal year. To value the indefinite lived intangible assets, the Company utilizes the royalty method to estimate the fair values of the trademarks and trade names. There was no impairment charge recorded as of December 31, 2017.

# Stock-based compensation

The Company recognizes all stock-based compensation to employees, including awards of employee stock options and restricted stock, in the financial statements as compensation cost over the applicable vesting periods using an accelerated expense recognition method, based on their fair value on the date of grant.

### Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflect the dilutive impact of outstanding stock options and restricted stock awards.

The following is a reconciliation of the weighted average shares outstanding for the basic and diluted earnings per share computations (in thousands, except share and per share data):

	December 31,		
	2017	2016	
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$ (3,610)	5 2,503	
Basic:			
Weighted average shares outstanding at beginning of year	15,675	15,645	
Weighted average shares issued during the year, net	274	30	
Weighted average common shares, basic	15,949	15,675	
(Loss) income from continuing operations per common share, basic	\$ (0.23)	0.16	
Diluted:			
Weighted average common shares, basic	15,949	15,675	
Dilutive impact of stock options and restricted stock awards	_	63	
Weighted average common shares, diluted	15,949	15,738	
(Loss) income from continuing operations per common share, diluted	\$ (0.23)	0.16	

At 2017 and 2016 there were 265,000 and 38,000 incremental shares, respectively, from the assumed exercise of stock options that were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because of the anti-dilutive effect on earnings per share. There were no restricted stock awards excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for each of the fiscal years ended 2017 and 2016.

# Goodwill

The Company tests goodwill for impairment on an annual basis, which is on the first day of the fourth quarter, or more often if events or circumstances indicate there may be impairment. The Company operates in two reportable operating segments, which are the reporting units used in the test for goodwill impairment - Restaurant/Retail and Government. Goodwill impairment testing is performed at the sub-segment level (referred to as a reporting unit). The two reporting units utilized by the Company are: Restaurant/Retail and Government. Goodwill is assigned to reporting units at the date the goodwill is initially recorded. Once goodwill has been assigned to a reporting unit, it no longer retains its association with a particular acquisition, and all of the activities within a reporting unit, whether acquired or organically grown, are available to support the value of the goodwill. Goodwill impairment analysis is a two-step test. The first step, used to identify potential impairment, involves comparing each reporting unit's fair value to its carrying value including goodwill. If the fair value of an reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, applicable goodwill is considered not to be impaired. If the carrying value exceeds fair value, there is an indication of impairment, at which time a second step would be performed to measure the amount of impairment. The second step involves calculating an implied fair value of goodwill for each reporting unit for which the first step indicated an impairment. We utilize different methodologies in performing the goodwill impairment test for each reporting unit. For both the Restaurant/Retail and Government reporting units, these methodologies include an income approach, namely a discounted cash flow method, and multiple market approaches and the guideline public company method and quoted price method. The valuation methodologies and weightings used in the current year are generally consistent with those used in our past annual impairment tests.

The discounted cash flow method derives a value by determining the present value of a projected level of income stream, including a terminal value. This method involves the present value of a series of estimated future cash flows at the valuation date by the application of a discount rate, one which a prudent investor would require before making an investment in our equity. We consider this method to be most reflective of a market participant's view of fair value given the current market conditions, as it is based on our forecasted results and, therefore, established this method's weighting at 80% of the fair value calculation. Key assumptions within our discounted cash flow model include projected financial operating results, a long-term growth rate of 3% and, depending on the reporting unit, discount rates ranging from 14.5% to 27.0%. As stated above, because the discounted cash flow method derives value from the present value of a projected level of income stream, a modification to our projected operating results, including changes to the long-term growth rate, could impact the fair value. The present value of the cash flows is determined using a discount rate based on the capital structure and capital costs of comparable public companies, as well as company-specific risk premium, as identified by us. A change to the discount rate could impact the fair value determination.

The market approach is a generally-accepted way of determining a value indication of a business, business ownership interest, security or intangible asset by using one or more methods that compare the reporting unit to similar businesses, business ownership interests, securities or intangible assets that have been sold. There are two methodologies considered under the market approach: the public company method and the quoted price method. The public company method and quoted price method of valuation are based on the premise that pricing multiples of publicly traded companies can be used as a tool to be applied in valuing closely held companies. The mechanics of the methods require the use of the stock price in conjunction with other factors to create a pricing multiple that can be used, with certain adjustments, to apply against the reporting unit's similar factor to determine an estimate of value for the subject company. We consider these methods appropriate because they provide an indication of fair value supported by current market conditions. We established our weighting at 10% of the fair value calculation for the public company method and quoted price method for both the Restaurant/Retail and Government reporting units. The most critical assumption underlying the market approaches we use are the comparable companies selected. Each market approach described above estimates revenue and earnings multiples based on the comparable companies selected. As such, a change in the comparable companies could have an impact on the fair value determination.

The amount of goodwill within continuing operations was \$11.1 million at December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016. There was no impairment of goodwill for the years ending December 31, 2017 or December 31, 2016.

#### Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company evaluates the accounting and reporting for the impairment of long-lived assets in accordance with the reporting requirements of ASC 360-10, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. The Company will recognize impairment of long-lived assets or asset groups if the net book value of such assets exceeds the estimated future undiscounted cash flows attributable to such assets. If the carrying value of a long-lived asset or asset group is considered impaired, a loss is recognized based on the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair market value of the long-lived asset or asset group for assets to be held and used, or the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair market value less cost to sell for assets to be sold. There was no impairment charge in 2017. During 2016, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$0.5 million to accelerate one of its software modules.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management of the Company to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amount of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include revenue recognition, stock based compensation, the recognition and measurement of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business combinations at fair value, the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, identifiable intangible assets and goodwill, valuation allowances for receivables, inventories and deferred income tax assets, and measurement of contingent consideration at fair value. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted**

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02 impacting the accounting for leases intending to increase transparency and comparability of organizations by requiring balance sheet presentation of leased assets and increased financial statement disclosure of leasing arrangements. The revised standard will require entities to recognize a liability for its lease obligations and a corresponding asset representing the right to use the underlying asset over the lease term. Lease obligations are to be measured at the present value of lease payments and accounted for using the effective interest method. The accounting for the leased asset will differ slightly depending on whether the agreement is deemed to be a financing or operating lease. For finance leases, the leased asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis and recorded separately from the interest expense in the income statement resulting in higher

expense in the earlier part of the lease term. For operating leases, the depreciation and interest expense components are combined, recognized evenly over the term of the lease, and presented as a reduction to operating income. The ASU requires that assets and liabilities be presented or disclosed separately and classified appropriately as current and noncurrent. The ASU further requires additional disclosure of certain qualitative and quantitative information related to lease agreements. The new standard is effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter 2019 and early adoption is permitted, although unlikely at this time. We are currently evaluating the impact of these amendments on our financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, codified as ASC Topic 606. The FASB issued amendments to ASC Topic 606 during 2016. The guidance will require additional disclosures regarding the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and related cash flows arising from contracts with customers. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and allows for either full retrospective adoption or modified retrospective adoption.

We performed an evaluation of the new standard and assessed the impact of adoption on our consolidated financial statements. We reviewed significant open contracts with customers for each revenue stream. While we continue to perform our assessment, based on the contracts reviewed to date we do not expect a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements because: i) product sales and software sales revenue will be recognized when control of the goods is transferred to the customer, which is consistent with the Company's current revenue recognition at the date of delivery; ii) Fixed Price, Cost Plus Fixed Fee and Time and Materials contracts with the Government are recognized the same under current standards and the new standard; and iii) SaaS revenue recognition will continue to be accounted for ratably upon adoption of the new standard. We continue to analyze commissions that we pay, which may need to be recorded as a contract liability under the new standard. In addition, the Company is in the process of quantifying the adjustment for certain performance obligations that under the current standard are recognized upon delivery and under the new standard are expected to be recognized over time. We will finalize our assessment prior to filing our Form 10-Q for the quarter ending March 31, 2018. The Company has also assessed its control framework as a result of adopting the new standard and notes minimal changes to its systems and other controls processes.

The new standard permits two adoption methods under ASU 2014-09. The guidance may be adopted through either retrospective application to all periods presented in the consolidated financial statements (full retrospective) or through a cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings at the effective date (modified retrospective). The Company adopted the new standard effective January 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective transition method. Under that method, we will apply the rules to all contracts existing as of January 1, 2018. The cumulative effect will be recorded to the opening balance of retained earnings beginning with our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ending March 31, 2018.

The disclosures in our notes to the consolidated financial statements related to revenue recognition will be expanded under the new standard, specifically around the quantitative and qualitative information about performance obligations, changes in contract assets and liabilities, and disaggregation of revenue. The Company will make these enhanced disclosures in its interim financial statements for the first quarter of 2018.

In August 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued ASU 2016-15, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230) - Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments." ASU 2016-15 is intended to reduce diversity in practice in how eight particular transactions are classified in the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-15 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted, provided that all of the amendments are adopted in the same period. Entities will be required to apply the guidance retrospectively. If it is impracticable to apply the guidance retrospectively for an issue, the amendments related to that issue would be applied prospectively. As this guidance only affects the classification within the statement of cash flows, ASU 2016-15 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements

In January 2017, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued ASU 2017-04, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350) - Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment." ASU 2017-04 eliminates Step 2 from the goodwill impairment test which required entities to compute the implied fair value of goodwill. Under ASU 2017-04, an entity should perform its annual, or interim, goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount. An entity should recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value; however, the loss recognized should not exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. ASU 2017-04 will be effective for us on January 1, 2020, with earlier adoption permitted and is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements

In May 2017, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued ASU 2017-09, "Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718) - Scope of Modification Accounting." ASU 2017-09 clarifies when changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award must be accounted for as modifications. Under ASU 2017-09, an entity will not apply modification

accounting to a share-based payment award if all of the following are the same immediately before and after the change: (i) the award's fair value, (ii) the award's vesting conditions and (iii) the award's classification as an equity or liability instrument. ASU 2017-09 will be effective for us on January 1, 2018 and is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements

#### **Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements**

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued ASU 2016-09 to simplify several aspects of the accounting for employee share-based payment transactions standard, including the classification of excess tax benefits and deficiencies and the accounting for employee forfeitures. The guidance was effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of 2017 at which time we adopted. The updates to the accounting standard included the following:

- Excess tax benefits and deficiencies will no longer be recognized as a change in additional paid-in-capital in the equity section of the balance sheet, instead they are to be recognized in the income statement as a tax expense or benefit. In the statement of cash flows, excess tax benefits and deficiencies will no longer be classified as a financing activity, instead they will be classified as an operating activity. The Company recognized a \$578,000 adjustment to Retained Earnings for excess tax benefits not previously recognized. This adjustment is included in the statements of changes in shareholders' equity.
- Entities will have the option to continue to reduce share-based compensation expense during the vesting period
  of outstanding awards for estimated future employee forfeitures or they may elect to recognize the impact of
  forfeitures as they actually occur. The Company will continue to reduce the share-based compensation expense
  during the vesting period of outstanding awards for estimated future forfeitures.
- The ASU also provides new guidance to other areas of the standard including minimum statutory tax withholding rules and the calculation of diluted common shares outstanding.

In November 2015, the FASB issued new guidance related to the balance sheet classification of deferred taxes. This standard requires an entity to classify all deferred tax assets, along with any valuation allowance, as noncurrent on the balance sheet. As a result, each jurisdiction will have one net noncurrent deferred tax asset or liability. The new standard is effective for the Company for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. The adoption of this standard in the quarter ended March 31, 2017, which is applied prospectively.

In July 2015, the FASB issued new guidance related to the measurement of inventory. This standard changes the inventory valuation method from the lower of cost or market to the lower of cost or net realizable value for inventory valued under the first-in, first-out or average cost methods. The new standard was effective for the Company beginning in the quarter ended March 31, 2017, and requires prospective adoption. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

#### Note 2 — Divestiture and Discontinued Operations

On November 4, 2015, the Company sold substantially all of the assets of its hotel/spa technology business operated by PAR Springer-Miller Systems, Inc., Springer-Miller International, LLC, and Springer-Miller Canada, ULC (collectively, "PSMS") pursuant to an asset purchase agreement (the "PSMS APA") dated on even date therewith among PSMS and Gary Jonas Computing Ltd., SMS Software Holdings LLC, and Jonas Computing (UK) Ltd. (the "Purchasers"). Accordingly, the results of operations of PSMS have been classified as discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of operations and consolidated statements of cash flows in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") ASC 205-20 (Presentation of Financial Statements – Discontinued Operations). Additionally, the assets and associated liabilities have been classified as discontinued operations in the consolidated balance sheets. Total consideration to be received from the sale is \$16.6 million in cash (the "Base Purchase Price"), with \$12.1 million received at the time of closing, and \$4.5 million payable eighteen months after the closing (the "Holdback Amount"). On May 5, 2017, the Company received payment of \$4.2 million of the Holdback Amount, the unpaid balance reflecting a negative purchase price adjustment based on the net tanigble asset calculation provided under the PSMS APA.

In addition to the Base Purchase Price, contingent consideration of up to \$1.5 million (the "Earn-Out") could be received by the Company based on achievement of certain agreed-upon revenue and earnings targets for calendar years 2016, 2017 and 2018 (up to \$500,000 per calendar year), subject to setoff for PSMS and ParTech, Inc indemnification obligations thereunder and unresolved claims. As of 2017, the Company has not received any Earn-Out payment and has not recorded any amount associated with this contingent consideration for years 2017 and 2018 as the Company does not believe achievement of the related targets is probable.

Summarized financial information for the Company's discontinued operations is as follows (in thousands):

		Decem (in thou		
	_	2017 2016		
Assets				
Other current assets	\$	_	\$	462
Assets of discontinued operations	\$	_	\$	462

Summarized financial information for the Company's discontinued operations is as follows (in thousands):

		Decemble (in thou	,
	2	2017	2016
Income (loss) from discontinued operations before income taxes	\$	284	\$ (1,131)
(Provision for) benefit from income taxes		(60)	411
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	\$	224	\$ (720)

#### Note 3 — Accounts Receivable, net

The Company's net accounts receivable consists of, excluding discontinued operations:

	December 31, (in thousands)			
	2017		2016	
Government segment:				
Billed	\$ 9,028	\$	6,779	
Advanced billings	(1,977)		(1,599)	
	7,051		5,180	
Restaurant/Retail segment:				
Accounts receivable - net	 23,026		25,525	
	\$ 30,077	\$	30,705	

At 2017 and 2016, the Company had recorded allowances for doubtful accounts of \$0.9 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, against Restaurant/Retail segment accounts receivable. Write-offs of accounts receivable during fiscal years 2017 and 2016 were \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. The increase in bad debt expense which is recorded in the consolidated statements of operations was \$0.3 million and \$0.4 million in 2017 and 2016, respectively.

#### Note 4 — Inventories, net

Inventories are used in the manufacture and service of Restaurant/Retail products. The components of inventory, net consist of the following, excluding discontinued operations:

	Decem (in tho	
	2017	2016
Finished Goods	\$ 9,535	\$ 9,423
Work in process	766	443
Component parts	5,480	10,386
Service parts	5,965	5,985
	\$ 21,746	\$ 26,237

At December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company had recorded inventory reserves of \$10.0 million and \$9.2 million, respectively, against Restaurant/Retail inventories, which relate primarily to service parts.

# Note 5 — Property, Plant and Equipment, net

The components of property, plant and equipment, net, excluding discontinued operations, are:

	 December 31, (in thousands)			
	2017		2016	
Land	\$ 253	\$	253	
Building and improvements	6,205		5,816	
Rental property	5,650		5,345	
Furniture and equipment	18,196		13,890	
	30,304		25,304	
Less accumulated depreciation	 (19,549)		(18,269)	
	\$ 10,755	\$	7,035	

The estimated useful lives of buildings and improvements and rental property are twenty to twenty-five years. The estimated useful lives of furniture and equipment range from three to eight years. Depreciation expense from continuing operations was \$1.3 million and \$2.1 million for 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The Company leases a portion of its headquarters facility to various tenants. Net rent received from these leases totaled \$0.3 million and \$0.3 million for 2017 and 2016, respectively. Future minimum rent payments due to the Company under these lease arrangements are approximately \$0.2 million, and \$0.1 million in 2018 and 2019, respectively.

The Company leases office space under various operating leases. Rental expense from continuing operations on operating leases was approximately \$3.0 million and \$1.6 million for 2017 and 2016, respectively. Future minimum lease payments under all non-cancelable operating leases are (in thousands):

2018	2,936
2019	2,726
2020	2,217
2021	2,062
2022	2,062
Thereafter	2,687
	\$ 14,690

#### Note 6 — Debt

On November 29, 2016, we, together with certain of our U.S. subsidiaries entered into a three-year credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("JPMorgan Chase"). The Credit Agreement provides for revolving loans in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$15.0 million, with availability thereunder equal to the lesser of (i) \$15.0 million and (ii) a borrowing base (equal to the sum of 80% eligible accounts, 50% eligible raw materials inventory and 35% eligible finished goods inventory, with no more than 50% of total eligible inventory included in the borrowing base), less the aggregate principal amount outstanding (the "Credit Facility"). Interest accrues on outstanding principal balances at an applicable rate per annum determined, as of the end of each fiscal quarter, by reference to the CBFR Spread or the Eurodollar Spread based on the Company's consolidated indebtedness ratio as at the determination date. The Credit Agreement contains

customary affirmative and negative covenants, including covenants that restrict the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness, incur or permit to exist liens on assets, make investments, loans, advances, guarantees and acquisitions, consolidate or merge, pay dividends and make distributions, and financial covenants, requiring that the Company's consolidated indebtedness ratio not exceed 3.0 to 1.0 and, a fixed charge coverage ratio of not less than 1.25 to 1.0 for each fiscal quarter. In August 2017, we entered into an Omnibus Amendment Number 1 to Loan Documents with JPMorgan Chase to provide the Company with more flexibility in its use of its assets and a waiver of any default relating to the location of certain collateral. In March 2018, JPMorgan Chase granted the Company a Waiver of an event of default under the Credit Agreement due to its failure to meet the required fixed charge coverage ratio for the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2017.

There was a \$950,000 outstanding balance on the line of credit at December 31, 2017 compared to no outstanding amount as of December 31, 2016.

In addition to the Credit Facility, the Company has a mortgage loan, collateralized by certain real estate, with a balance of \$0.4 million and \$0.6 million as of December 31,2017 and 2016, respectively. This loan matures on November 1,2019. The Company's interest rate is fixed at 4.00% through the maturity date of the loan. The annual mortgage payment including interest through November 1, 2019 totals \$0.2 million.

The Company's future principal payments under the mortgage loan are as follows (in thousands):

				Less Than		3 - 5	N	More than 5
	_	Tota	ıl	 1 Year	 1-3 Years	Years		Years
Debt obligations	-	\$	380	\$ 195	\$ 185	\$ _	\$	

#### Note 7 — Stock Based Compensation

The Company recognizes all stock-based compensation to employees and directors, including awards of stock options and restricted stock awards, in the financial statements as compensation cost over the applicable vesting periods based on their fair value on the date of grant. Total stock-based compensation expense included in selling, general and administrative expense in 2017 and 2016 was \$0.7 million and \$0.5 million, respectively. The amount recorded for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 was recorded net of benefits of \$21,000 and \$0.3 million, as the result of forfeitures of unvested stock awards prior to the completion of the requisite service period or failure of the Company to meet certain performance measures. The amount of total stock based compensation includes \$0.4 million and \$0.2 million in 2017 and 2016, respectively, relating to restricted stock awards. No compensation expense has been capitalized during 2017 and 2016.

The Company has reserved 1.0 million shares under its 2015 Equity Incentive Plan ("Plan"). Stock options under this Plan may be incentive stock options or nonqualified stock options. The Plan also provides for restricted stock awards, including performance based awards. Stock options are nontransferable other than upon death. Option grants generally vest over a one to three year period after the grant and typically expire ten years after the date of the grant. The Plan provides for the grant of several different forms of stock-based compensation, including stock options to purchase shares of PAR common stock. The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (Compensation Committee) has discretion to determine the material terms and conditions of option awards under the Plan, provided that (i) the exercise price must be no less than the fair market value of PAR common stock (defined as the closing price) on the date of grant, (ii) the term must be no longer than ten years, and (iii) in no event shall the normal vesting schedule provide for vesting in less than one year. Other terms and conditions of an award of stock options will be determined by the Compensation Committee as set forth in the agreement relating to that award. The Compensation Committee has authority to administer the Plan.

Prior to the Plan, the Company reserved 1.0 million shares under its 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2005 Plan"). Stock options available for grant under the 2005 Plan were incentive stock options or nonqualified stock options. The 2005 Plan also provided for restricted stock awards, including both time and performance vesting awards. Stock options granted under the 2005 Plan are nontransferable other than upon death, generally vest over a one to three year period after grant and typically expire ten years from grant. No new grants of stock options or restricted stock awards under the 2005 Plan were made in 2017 or 2016.

The below table presents information with respect to stock options under the Plan and the 2005 Plan:

	No. of Shares (in thousands)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Iı	Aggregate ntrinsic Value (in thousands)
Outstanding at December 31, 2016	949	\$ 5.22	\$	264
Options granted	149	8.82		
Options exercised	(271)	9.06		
Forfeited and canceled	(31)	5.64		
Expired	(35)	5.17		
Outstanding at December 31, 2017	761	\$ 5.80	\$	2,748
Vested and expected to vest at December 31, 2017	272	\$ 7.30	\$	558
Total shares exercisable as of December 31, 2017	41	\$ 5.46	\$	159
Shares remaining available for grant	687			

The weighted average grant date fair value of stock options granted during the years 2017 and 2016 was \$3.26 and \$1.81, respectively. The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$1,043,000. The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$5,800. New shares of the Company's common stock are issued as a result of stock option exercises in 2017 and for options exercised in 2016. The fair value of options at the date of the grant was estimated using the Black-Scholes model with the following assumptions for the respective period ending December 31:

	2017	2016
Expected option life	3.7 years	5.7 years
Weighted average risk-free interest rate	2.2%	1.3%
Weighted average expected volatility	36%	33%
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%

For the years ended 2017 and 2016, the expected option life was based on the Company's historical experience with similar type options. Expected volatility is based on historical volatility levels of the Company's common stock over the preceding period of time consistent with the expected life. The risk-free interest rate is based on the implied yield currently available on U.S. Treasury zero coupon issues with a remaining term equal to the expected life. Stock options outstanding at 2017 are summarized as follows:

Range of Exercise Prices	Number Outstanding (in thousands)	Weighted Average Remaining Life	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$7.15 - \$11.01	761	7.41 years	\$ 5.80

At 2017, the aggregate unrecognized compensation cost of unvested equity awards, as determined using a Black-Scholes option valuation model, was \$1.0 million (net of estimated forfeitures) which is expected to be recognized as compensation expense in fiscal years 2018 through 2020. The Company has not paid cash dividends on its common stock, and the Company presently intends to continue to retain earnings for reinvestment in growth opportunities. Accordingly, it is anticipated no cash dividends will be paid in the foreseeable future.

Current year activity with respect to the Company's non-vested restricted stock awards is as follows:

	CI.	Weighted Average grant-
Non-vested restricted stock awards (in thousands)	Shares	date fair value
Balance at January 1, 2017	163	\$ 5.22
Granted	92	8.61
Vested	(75)	8.42
Forfeited and canceled	(22)	8.34
Balance at December 31, 2017	158	\$ 6.49

The Plan also provides for the issuance of restricted stock, as well as restricted stock units. These types of awards can have either service based or performance based vesting with performance goals being established by the Compensation Committee. Grants of restricted stock with service based vesting are subject to vesting periods ranging from 1 to 3 years. Grants of restricted stock with performance based vesting are subject to a vesting period of 1 to 3 years and performance conditions as defined by the Compensation Committee. The Company assesses the likelihood of achievement throughout the performance period and recognizes compensation expense associated with its performance awards based on this assessment. Other terms and conditions applicable to any award of restricted stock will be determined by the Compensation Committee and set forth in the agreement relating to that award.

During 2017 and 2016, the Company issued 92,000 and 168,000 restricted stock awards, respectively, at a per share price of \$0.02. For the periods ended 2017 and 2016, the Company recognized compensation expense related to the performance awards based on its estimate of the probability of achievement in accordance with ASC Topic 718.

The fair value of restricted stock awards is based on the average price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. The weighted average grant date fair value of restricted stock awards granted during the years 2017 and 2016 was \$8.61 and \$5.23, respectively. In accordance with the terms of the restricted stock award agreements, the Company released 75,000 and 85,000 shares during 2017 and 2016, respectively. During 2017, there were approximately 22,000 shares of restricted stock canceled, 12,000 of which were performance based restricted shares. During 2016, there were 46,000 shares of restricted stock canceled, of which 45,000 were performance based restricted shares.

#### Note 8 — Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes from continuing operations consists of:

	3	d December 31, ousands)
	2017	2016
Current income tax:		
Federal	\$ —	\$ 61
State	122	167
Foreign	227	211
	349	439
Deferred income tax:		
Federal	4,029	768
State	(381)	(60)
	3,648	708
Provision for income taxes	\$ 3,997	\$ 1,147

The deferred tax expense related to discontinued operations was \$0.1 million in fiscal year 2017 and a benefit of \$0.4 million recorded in fiscal year 2016. Deferred tax liabilities (assets) are comprised of the following at:

		nber 31, ousands)
	2017	2016
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Software development costs	\$ 2,119	\$ 2,223
Acquired intangible assets	913	1,731
Gross deferred tax liabilities	3,032	3,954
Allowances for bad debts and inventory	(2,958)	(4,505)
Capitalized inventory costs	(109	(104)
Intangible assets	(672)	(1,388)
Employee benefit accruals	(1,282	(2,089)
Federal net operating loss carryforward	(4,941)	(5,820)
State net operating loss carryforward	(1,540	(1,085)
Tax credit carryforwards	(6,064)	(6,888)
Foreign currency	(33	(33)
Other	(895]	(1,333)
Gross deferred tax assets	(18,494	(23,245)
Less valuation allowance	1,653	1,874
Net deferred tax assets	\$ (13,809)	\$ (17,417)

The Company has Federal tax credit carryforwards of \$5.7 million that expire in various tax years from 2018 to 2036. The Company has a Federal operating loss carryforward of \$5.0 million that expires in various tax years through 2034. None of the operating loss carryforward will result in a benefit within additional paid in capital when realized. The Company also has state tax credit carryforwards of \$0.3 million and state net operating loss carryforwards of \$1.5 million that expire in various tax years through 2034. In assessing the ability to realize deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which the temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. As a result of this analysis and based on the current year's taxable income, and utilization of certain carryforwards management determined an increase in the valuation allowance in the current year to be appropriate. A valuation allowance is still required to the extent it is more likely than not that the future benefit associated with the foreign tax credit carryforwards and certain state tax loss carryforwards will not be realized. The Company recorded a tax expense associated with an increase of the deferred tax asset valuation allowance of \$25,000 for 2017.

Included in the Company's consolidated statement of operations is a one-time adjustment to the value of the deferred tax asset of \$4.5 million related to the decrease in the corporate tax rate included in the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017. On December 22, 2017, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB 118"), which provides guidance on accounting for tax effects of the Tax Act. SAB 118 provides a measurement period that should not extend beyond one year from the Tax Act enactment date for companies to complete the accounting under ASC 740. In accordance with SAB 118, a company must reflect the income tax effects of those aspects of the Act for which the accounting under ASC 740 is complete. To the extent that a company's accounting for certain income tax effects of the Tax Act is incomplete but it is able to determine a reasonable estimate, it must record a provisional estimate to be included in the financial statements. If a company cannot determine a provisional estimate to be included in the financial statements, it should continue to apply ASC 740 on the basis of the provision of the tax laws that were in effect immediately before the enactment of the Tax Act. While we are able to make reasonable estimates of the impact of the reduction in corporate rate and the deemed repatriation transition tax, the final impact of the Tax Act may differ from these estimates, due to, among other things, changes in our interpretations and assumptions, additional guidance that may be issued by the I.R.S., and actions we may take. We are continuing to gather additional information to determine the final impact.

The Tax Act includes a mandatory one-time tax on accumulated earnings of foreign subsidiaries, and as a result all previously unremitted earnings for which no U.S. deferred liability has been accrued is now subject to U.S. tax. As a result, the Company

recorded a one-time reduction of the deferred tax asset of \$0.4 million related to the one-time mandatory tax of previously deferred foreign earnings which is payable over an 8-year period.

The Company records the benefits relating to uncertain tax positions only when it is more likely than not (likelihood of greater than 50%), based on technical merits, that the position would be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. Tax positions that meet the more likely than not threshold are measured using a probability-weighted approach as the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon settlement. At 2017, the Company's reserve for uncertain tax positions is not material and we believe we have adequately provided for its tax-related liabilities. The Company is no longer subject to United States federal income tax examinations for years before 2013. The provision for income taxes differed from the provision computed by applying the Federal statutory rate to income (loss) from continuing operations before taxes due to the following:

16 34.0%
24.00/
34.0%
1.4
2.7
(6.7)
—
(2.1)
—
_
0.1
_
—
2.0
31.4%
(

The effective income tax rate was 1,032.8% and 31.4% during the years ended December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. The effective tax rate in any reporting period can also be affected positively or negatively by adjustments that are required to be reported in the specific quarter of resolution.

The effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2017 was significantly impacted by recording the impact of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act") of 2017. Impacts on the Company's effective tax rate from the Tax Act include a \$4.5 million or 1,241.0% increase for the federal income tax rate change from 34% to 21% as well as a \$0.4 million or 110.5% increase for the one-time repatriation tax on accumulated foreign earnings.

#### Note 9 — Employee Benefit Plans

The Company has a deferred profit-sharing retirement plan that covers substantially all employees. The Company's annual contribution to the plan is discretionary. The Company did not make a contribution in 2017 or 2016. The plan also contains a 401(k) provision that allows employees to contribute a percentage of their salary up to the statutory limitation. These contributions are matched at the rate of 10% by the Company. The Company's matching contributions under the 401(k) component were \$0.3 million and \$0.3 million in 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The Company also maintains an incentive-compensation plan. Participants in the plan are key employees as determined by the Board of Directors and executive management. Compensation under the plan is based on the achievement of predetermined financial performance goals of the Company and its subsidiaries. Awards under the plan are payable in cash. Awards under the plan totaled \$0.5 million and \$0.5 million, in 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The Company also sponsors a deferred compensation plan for a select group of highly compensated employees. Participants may make elective deferrals of their salary to the plan in excess of tax code limitations that apply to the Company's qualified plan. The Company invests the participants' deferred amounts to fund these obligations. The Company also has the sole discretion to

make employer contributions to the plan on behalf of the participants, though we did not make any employer contributions in 2017 or 2016.

# Note 10 — Contingencies

We are subject to legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business. Additionally, U.S. Government contract costs are subject to periodic audit and adjustment. In the fourth quarter of 2016, the Company voluntarily notified the SEC and the U.S. Department of Justice ("DOJ") that our Audit Committee was overseeing an internal investigation by outside counsel into certain import/export and sales documentation activities at our China and Singapore offices to determine whether such activities were improper and in violation of the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act ("FCPA") and other applicable laws and certain company policies. On May 1, 2017, the Company received a subpoena from the SEC for documents relating to the Company's investigation. During the year ended December 31, 2017, we recorded \$2.9 million of expenses relating to the investigation, including expenses of outside legal counsel and forensic accountants compared to \$1.3 million in 2016. We are currently unable to predict what actions the SEC, the DOJ, or other governmental agencies (including foreign governmental agencies) might take, or what the likely outcome of any such actions might be, or estimate the range of reasonably possible fines or penalties, which may be material. The SEC, DOJ, and other governmental authorities have a broad range of civil and criminal sanctions, and the imposition of sanctions, fines or remedial measures could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, prospects, reputation, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations or cash flows.

# Note 11 — Segment and Related Information

The Company is organized in two segments: Restaurant/Retail and Government. Management views the Restaurant/Retail and Government segments separately in operating its business, as the products and services are different for each segment. The Company's chief operating decision maker is the Company's Chief Executive Officer. The hotel/spa reporting unit was sold as of November 4, 2015, and is classified as discontinued operations (see Note 2 – Divestiture and Discontinued Operations - of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements).

The Restaurant/Retail segment offers integrated solutions to the restaurant and retail industry consisting of restaurants,-grocery stores-and specialty retail outlets. These offerings include industry leading hardware and software applications utilized at the point-of-sale, back of store and corporate office and includes the acquisition of Brink Software, Inc. This segment also offers customer support including field service, installation, and twenty-four-hour telephone support and depot repair. With our SureCheck solution, we continue to expand our business into retail, big box retailers, grocery stores, and contract food management organizations. The Government segment performs complex technical studies, analysis, and experiments, develops innovative solutions, and provides on-site engineering in support of advanced defense, security, and aerospace systems. This segment also provides expert on-site services for operating and maintaining U.S. Government-owned communication assets.

Information noted as "Other" primarily relates to the Company's corporate, home office operations.

Information as to the Company's segments is set forth below. Amounts below exclude discontinued operations.

	Year ended December		cember	
	31, (in thousands)		ids)	
		2017		2016
Revenues:				
Restaurant/Retail	\$	171,593	\$	149,341
Government		61,012		80,312
Total	\$	232,605	\$	229,653
Operating (loss) income :				
Restaurant/Retail	\$	(2,761)	\$	825
Government		6,523		6,160
Other		(3,883)		(4,772)
		(121)		2,213
Other income, net		629		1,316
Interest (expense) income		(121)		121
Income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes	\$	387	\$	3,650
Identifiable assets:				
Restaurant/Retail	\$	74,257	\$	87,672
Government		8,714		6,504
Other		31,653		29,873
Total	\$	114,624	\$	124,049
Goodwill:				
Restaurant/Retail	\$	10,315	\$	10,315
Government		736		736
Total	\$	11,051	\$	11,051
Depreciation, amortization and accretion:				
Restaurant/Retail	\$	3,469	\$	3,479
Government		21		38
Other		543		1,107
Total	\$	4,033	\$	4,624
		_		
Capital expenditures including software costs:				
Restaurant/Retail	\$	3,994	\$	3,285
Government		7		41
Other		4,856		2,792
Total	\$	8,857	\$	6,118

The following table presents revenues by country based on the location of the use of the product or services. Amounts below exclude discontinued operations.

	 December 31,		
	 2017		2016
United States	\$ 213,693	\$	210,821
Other Countries	 18,912		18,832
Total	\$ 232,605	\$	229,653

The following table presents assets by country based on the location of the asset. Amounts below exclude discontinued operations.

		December 31,		
	20	17	2016	
United States	\$	99,284 \$	110,369	
Other Countries		15,340	13,680	
Total	\$	114,624 \$	124,049	

Customers comprising 10% or more of the Company's total revenues, excluding discontinued operations, are summarized as follows:

	Decemb	er 31,
	2017	2016
Restaurant and Retail segment:		
McDonald's Corporation	33%	25%
Yum! Brands, Inc.	14%	11%
Government segment:		
U.S. Department of Defense	26%	35%
All Others	27%	29%
	100%	100%

No other customer within All Others represented more than 10% of the Company's total revenue for the years ended 2017 and 2016.

# Note 12 — Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments have been recorded at fair value using available market information and valuation techniques. The fair value hierarchy is based upon three levels of input, which are:

Level 1 - quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (observable)

Level 2 - inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in inactive markets, or other inputs that are observable market data for essentially the full term of the asset or liability (observable)

Level 3 - unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity, but are significant to determining the fair value of the asset or liability (unobservable)

The Company's financial instruments consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, debt instruments and deferred compensation assets and liabilities. For cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and trade payables, the carrying amounts of these financial instruments as of 2017, and 2016 were considered representative of their fair values. The estimated fair value of the Company's long-term debt and line of credit at 2017 and 2016 was based on variable and fixed interest rates at 2017 and 2016, respectively, for new issues with similar remaining maturities and approximates the respective carrying values at 2017 and 2016.

The deferred compensation assets and liabilities primarily relate to the Company's deferred compensation plan, which allows for pre-tax salary deferrals for certain key employees (see Note 9 – Employees Benefit Plans - of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements). Changes in the fair value of the deferred compensation liabilities are derived using quoted prices in active markets of the asset selections made by the participants. The deferred compensation liabilities are classified within Level 2, as defined under U.S. GAAP, because their inputs are derived principally from observable market data by correlation to the hypothetical investments. The Company holds insurance investments to partially offset the Company's liabilities under the deferred compensation plan, which are recorded at fair value each period using the cash surrender value of the insurance investments.

The Company has obligations, to be paid in cash, to the former owners of Brink Software, based on the achievement of certain conditions as defined in the definitive agreement (see Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - sub-footnote Contingent Consideration - of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements).

The fair value of this contingent consideration payable, included in other long-term liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets, was estimated using a discounted cash flow method, with significant inputs that are not observable in the market and thus represents a Level 3 fair value measurement as defined in ASC 820, fair value measurements and disclosures. The significant inputs in the Level 3 measurement not supported by market activity included the Company's probability assessments of expected future cash flows related to the Company's acquisition of Brink during the contingent consideration period, appropriately discounted considering the uncertainties associated with the obligation, and calculated in accordance with the terms of the definitive agreement. The liabilities for the contingent consideration were established at the time of the acquisition and are evaluated on a quarterly basis based on additional information as it becomes available. Any change in the fair value adjustment is recorded in the earnings of that period. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration obligations may result from changes in probability assumptions with respect to the likelihood of achieving the various contingent payment obligations. Significant increases or decreases in the inputs noted above in isolation would result in a significantly lower or higher fair value measurement.

The following table presents a summary of changes in fair value of the Company's Level 3 liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (in thousands):

	Leve	1 3 Inputs
	Lia	abilities
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	4,000
New level 3 liability		_
Change in fair value of contingent consideration liability		(1,000)
Transfers into or out of Level 3		_
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	3,000

#### **Note 13** — Related Party Transactions

The Company leases its corporate wellness facility to related parties at a current rate of \$9,775 per month. The Company receives complimentary memberships to this facility which are provided to local employees. During 2017 and 2016, the Company recognized rental income of \$117,300 for the lease of the facility in each year. Ongoing expenses relating to the facility amounted to \$25,000 and \$83,000 during 2017 and 2016, respectively. The rent receivable at December 31, 2017 and 2016 was \$59,000 and \$29,000, respectively. The amount of the rent receivable was collected in full subsequent to each respective year end.

In October 2016, we entered into a statement of work ("SOW") with Xpanxion LLC for software development services. In 2017 and 2016, we incurred approximately \$1.0 million and \$0.2 million of fees, respectively, to Xpanxion under the SOW. In 2017 and 2016, we made payments of \$1.2 million and zero, respectively, to Xpanxion under the SOW. Until his retirement on June 30, 2017, Paul Eurek, a former director of the Company, was President of Xpanxion LLC.

#### Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

None.

# Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of December 31, 2017. Based on that evaluation, and having concluded that the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting initially reported in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2016 and in our subsequent periodic reports filed through our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2017 (the "2017 3Q-Quarter 10-Q"), have been remediated (as described below), our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of December 31, 2017.

#### Remediation of Material Weaknesses

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. As most recently disclosed in our 2017 3Q-Quarter 10-Q, our management concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of September 30, 2017 because of material weaknesses identified in our internal control over financial reporting. Specifically, management determined that our failure: to maintain a culture that encourages and supports our employees to promptly report information to management; to maintain sufficient monitoring activities and procedures to ensure compliant and consistent global practices and timely detection of deviations to allow for timely corrective action; and to maintain adequate policies and procedures, and to provide our employees with proper training of applicable laws and regulations and compliance with the same, resulted in our reported material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting. To remediate these material weaknesses we adopted and implemented employee training of a new Code of Conduct and Compliance Handbook, retained an external chief compliance officer and an internal deputy compliance officer, identified and trained regional compliance officers - to stand-up the compliance function, streamlined our whistleblower hotline process, and retained and are using a third-party on-line due diligence system. These forgoing initiatives, together with others, and the committed and visible actions of our Chief Executive Officer and other members of senior management concerning compliance has improved the tone at the top and underscores that honesty, integrity, ethics, and compliance are our core committed values. We have tested our policies and processes of internal control over financial reporting and, based on the test results, management concluded the material weaknesses have been remedied.

We caution that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and that management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs.

# **Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting.**

In evaluating whether there were changes in our internal control over financial reporting, we have determined that, other than the changes described above under "Remediation of Material Weaknesses", there were no changes in internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2017 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of our financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2017 based on the framework and criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

Based on this assessment, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31,2017 to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external reporting purposes in accordance with U.S. GAAP. We reviewed the results of management's assessment with the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

# Table of Contents

Our independent registered public accounting firm, BDO USA, LLP, independently assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2017, as stated in the firm's attestation report, which appears on the following page.

The Board of Directors and Shareholders PAR Technology Corporation New Hartford, New York

# **Opinion on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

We have audited PAR Technology Corporation's (the "Company's") internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2017, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the "COSO criteria"). In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2017, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB"), the consolidated balance sheets of the Company and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes and our report dated March 16, 2018 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

# **Basis for Opinion**

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying "Item 9A, Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit of internal control over financial reporting in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

# **Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ BDO USA, LLP

New York, NY March 16, 2018

#### Item 9B. Other Information

# (i) Waiver of Event of Default.

On March 14, 2018, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. granted the Company a Waiver of its failure to meet the required fixed charge coverage ratio for the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2017, which failure constitutes an event of default under the Credit Agreement. The preceding description of the Waiver is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, the Waiver, which is attached as Exhibit 10.24 to this Annual Report and is incorporated herein by reference.

#### (ii) Offer Letter; Amendment.

On March 14, 2018, PAR amended the Offer Letter, dated April 12, 2017, of its Chief Executive Officer and President, Dr. Donald H. Foley, to modify the vesting schedule of shares of restricted stock granted to Dr. Foley as payment of 25% of his 2017 short-term incentive bonus to vest 100% on April 11, 2018, as opposed to one year from date of grant. The preceding description of the amendment is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, the Offer Letter; Amendment, which is attached as Exhibit 10.27 to this Annual Report and is incorporated herein by reference.

#### **PART III**

# Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

The information required by this item will be included in our definitive proxy statement with respect to our 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed with the SEC and is incorporated herein by reference as it appears under the headings, "Proposal 1: Election of Directors", "Directors and Executive Officers", "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance", "Corporate Governance – Code of Conduct" and "Corporate Governance – Committees – Audit Committee".

#### Item 11. Executive Compensation.

The information required by this item will be included in our definitive proxy statement with respect to our 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed with the SEC and is incorporated herein by reference as it appears under the headings, "Director Compensation" and "Executive Compensation".

#### Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.

The information required by this item will be included in our definitive proxy statement with respect to our 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed with the SEC and is incorporated herein by reference as it appears under the headings, "Executive Compensation – Equity Compensation Plan Information" and "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management".

#### Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.

The information required by this item will be included in our definitive proxy statement with respect to our 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed with the SEC and is incorporated herein by reference as it appears under the headings, "Transactions with Related Persons" and "Corporate Governance – Director Independence".

# Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services.

The information required by this item will be included in our definitive proxy statement with respect to our 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed with the SEC and is incorporated herein by reference as it appears under the heading, "Principal Accounting Fees and Services".

# PART IV

# Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

### (a) 1. Financial Statements:

PAR's Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto, together with the report of BDO USA, LLP, are included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report.

# (a) 2. Financial Statement Schedules

All financial statement schedules have been omitted, since the required information is not applicable or is not present in amounts sufficient to require submission of the schedule, or because the information required is included in the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in this Report.

# (a) 3. Exhibits

		<u> </u>			
Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Form (File No.)	<u>Exhibit</u>	Date Filed/Furnished	
2(i) ***	Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of September 18, 2014, among Brink Software Inc., the Shareholders, ParTech, Inc. and PAR Technology Corporation	Form 10-Q (File No. 001-09720)	10.3	11/14/2014	
2(ii)	Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of November 4, 2015, among Gary Jonas Computing Ltd., SMS Software Holdings LLC, Jonas Computing (UK) Ltd., PAR Springer-Miller Systems, Inc., Springer-Miller International, LLC, Springer-Miller Canada, ULC, Partech, Inc., and Constellation Software, Inc.	Form 10-K (File No. (001-09720)	10.26	3/30/2016	
3(i)	Certificate of Incorporation, as amended May 22, 2014	Form 8-K (File No. 001-09720)	3(i)	5/29/2014	
3(ii)	By-laws, as amended May 22, 2014	Form 8-K (001-09720)	3(ii)	5/29/2014	
4	Specimen Certificate for shares of common stock	Form S-2 (File No. 333-04077)	4	5/20/1996	
10.1 ††	PAR Technology Corporation 2005 Equity Incentive Plan	Form S-8 (File No. 333-137647)	4.2	9/28/2006	

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Form (File No.)	<u>Exhibit</u>	Date Filed
10.2 ††	PAR Technology Corporation 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended	Form S-8 (File No. 333-187246)	4.1	3/14/2013
10.3 ††	PAR Technology Corporation Restricted Stock Agreement pursuant to the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (Form)	Form 10-Q (File No. 001-09720)	10.1	8/8/2013
10.4 ††	PAR Technology Corporation 2005 Equity Incentive Plan Notice of Award (Form)	Form 10-K (File No. 001-09720)	10.17	3/14/2014
10.5 ††	PAR Technology Corporation 2005 Equity Incentive Plan Outside Director Notice of Restricted Stock Award and Agreement (Form)	Form 10-K (File No. 001-09720)	10.21	3/31/2015
10.6 ††	PAR Technology Corporation 2005 Equity Incentive Plan Notice of Award and Agreement (Form)	Form 10-K (File No. 001-09720)	10.23	3/31/2015
10.7 ***	Credit Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2014, among PAR Technology Corporation, the other Loan Parties, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.	Form 10-Q (File No. 001-09720)	10.1	11/14/2014
10.8	Pledge and Security Agreement entered into as of September 9, 2014, among PAR Technology Corporation, Ausable Solutions Inc., PAR Government Systems Corporation, PAR Springer-Miller Systems, Inc., Rome Research Corporation, Springer-Miller International, LLC, ParTech, Inc., and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.	Form 10-Q (File No. 001-09720)	10.2	11/14/2014

Exhibit <u>Number</u>	Exhibit Description	Form (File No.)	<u>Exhibit</u>	<b>Date Filed</b>
10.9 ***	Second Amendment to Credit Agreement and Other Loan Documents, dated as of March 19, 2015, among PAR Technology Corporation, Ausable Solutions Inc., PAR Government Systems Corporation, PAR Springer-Miller Systems, Inc., Rome Research Corporation, Springer-Miller International, LLC, ParTech, Inc., Brink Software, Inc, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.	Form 10-K (File No. 001-09720)	10.24	3/31/2015
10.10	Fourth Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of March 24, 2016, among PAR Technology Corporation, the other Loan Parties (as defined in the Credit Agreement dated September 9, 2014 (as amended)) and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.	Form 10-K (File No. 001-09720)	10.29	3/30/2016
10.11	Fifth Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of August 5, 2016, among PAR Technology Corporation, the other Loan Parties (as defined in the Credit Agreement dated September 9, 2014 (as amended)) and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.	Form 10-Q (File No. 001-09720)	10.1	8/8/2016
10.12	Sixth Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of November 14, 2016, among PAR Technology Corporation, the other Loan Parties (as defined in the Credit Agreement dated September 9, 2014 (as amended)) and JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A.	Form 10-Q (File No. 001-09720)	10.1	11/14/2016
10.13 ††	PAR Technology Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan	Form S-8 (File No. 333-208063)	4.2	11/16/2015
10.14 ††	PAR Technology Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan Notice of Award (Form)	Form S-8 (File No. 333-208063)	4.3	11/16/2015

Exhibit <u>Number</u>	Exhibit Description	Form (File No.)	<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Date Filed</u>
10.15 ††	PAR Technology Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan Outside Director Notice of Restricted Stock Award and Agreement (Form)	Registration Statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-208063)	4.4	11/16/2015
10.16 ††	PAR Technology Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan - Grant Notice - Option Award and Option Award Agreement (Form Effective November 2017)			Filed herewith
10.17 ††	PAR Technology Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan - Grant Notice - Restricted Stock Award and Restricted Stock Award Agreement (Form Effective November 2017, employees and directors)			Filed herewith
10.18††	Employment Offer Letter, dated March 21, 2013, between Karen E. Sammon and PAR Technology Corporation	Form 10-Q (File No. 001-09720)	10.3	5/9/2013
10.19 ††	Employment Offer Letter, dated November 16, 2015, between Karen E. Sammon and PAR Technology Corporation	Form 10-K (File No. 001-09720)	10.27	3/30/2016
10.20 ††	Employment Offer Letter; Amendment dated April 12, 2017, between Karen E. Sammon and PAR Technology Corporation			Filed herewith
10.21††	Employment Offer Letter, dated December 10, 2015, between Matthew Cicchinelli and PAR Technology Corporation	Form 10-K (File No. 001-09720)	10.28	3/30/2016
10.22	Credit Agreement dated as of November 29, 2016, among PAR Technology Corporation, the other Loan Parties (as defined in the Credit Agreement) and JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A.	Form 10-K (File No. 001-09720)	10.21	4/17/2017
10.23	Omnibus Amendment Number 1 to Loan Documents dated August 10, 2017 among PAR Technology Corporation, ParTech Inc., Ausable Solutions Inc., PAR Government Systems Corporation, Rome Research Corporation, Brink Software, Inc and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.	Form 10-Q (File No. 001-09720)	10.4	8/14/2017
10.24	Waiver dated March 14, 2018 among PAR Technology Corporation, ParTec, Inc., Ausable Solutions, Inc., PAR Government Systems Corporation, Rome Research Corporation, Brink Software, Inc. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.			Filed herewith
10.25 ††	Employment Offer Letter, dated November 14, 2016, between Bryan Menar and PAR Technology Corporation	Form 10-K (File No. 001-09720)	10.22	4/17/2017

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Exhibit <u>Number</u>	Exhibit Description	Form (File No.)	<u>Exhibit</u>	Date Filed	
10.26 ††	Employment Offer Letter, dated April 12, 2017, between Donald H. Foley and PAR Technology Corporation	Form 10-Q (File No. 001-09720)	10.1	8/14/2017	
10.27	Amendment to Employment Offer Letter, dated March 14, 2018, between Donald H. Foley and PAR Technology Corporation			Filed herewith	
10.28	Restricted Stock Award Agreement, dated May 17, 2017, between PAR Technology Corporation and Donald H. Foley	Form 10-Q (File No. 001-09720)	10.2	8/14/2017	
10.29	Amendment to Restricted Stock Award Agreement, dated May 31, 2017, between PAR Technology Corporation and Donald H. Foley	Form 10-Q (File No. 001-09720)	10.3	8/14/2017	
10.30 ††	Grant Notice - Restricted Stock Award and Restricted Stock Award Agreement dated January 31, 2018, between Donald H. Foley and PAR Technology Corporation			Filed herewith	
21	Subsidiaries of PAR Technology Corporation		,	Filed herewith	
23(ii)	Consent of BDO USA, LLP			Filed herewith	
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended			Filed herewith	
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended			Filed herewith	

Exhibit <u>Number</u>	Exhibit Description	Form (File No.)	<u>Exhibit</u>	<b>Date Filed</b>
<u>32.1</u>	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and 18U.S.C. Section 1350			Furnished herewith
			'	
32.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and 18U.S.C. Section 1350			Furnished herewith
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document			Filed herewith
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document			Filed herewith
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document			Filed herewith
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document			Filed herewith
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document			Filed herewith
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document			Filed herewith

Item 16. Form 10-K Summary.

None

<sup>††</sup> Indicates management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
\*\*\* Portions of this Exhibit were omitted pursuant to a request for confidential treatment. The omitted portions have been separately filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

PAR TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

March 16, 2018 /s/ Donald H. Foley

Donald H. Foley

Chief Executive Officer & President

(Principal Executive Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signatures	Title	Date
/s/ Donald H. Foley	Chief Executive Officer, President & Director	
Donald H. Foley	(Principal Executive Officer)	March 16, 2018
/s/ Bryan A. Menar	Chief Financial and Accounting Officer	
Bryan A. Menar	(Principal Financial Officer)	March 16, 2018
/s/ Cynthia A. Russo		
Cynthia A. Russo	Director	March 16, 2018
/s/ Doug Rauch		
Doug Rauch	Director	March 16, 2018
/s/ James Stoffel		
James Stoffel	Director	March 16, 2018
/s/ John W. Sammon		
John W. Sammon	Director	March 16, 2018

# PAR Technology Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan

# **GRANT NOTICE – OPTION AWARD**

PAR Technology Corporation (the "Company"), hereby grants as of the Grant Date to the Participant an option (the "Option") to purchase the number of shares (the "Shares") of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.02 per share (the "Common Stock") specified below (the "Award"). The Award is granted pursuant to the PAR Technology Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan") and is subject to the terms and conditions of this Grant Notice, the Option Award Agreement attached to this Grant Notice as <a href="Appendix A">Appendix A</a> (the "Award Agreement"), and the Plan (each as amended from time to time). The Plan is incorporated into and forms a part of this Grant Notice and the Option Award Agreement. In the event of any conflict between the Grant Notice or the Award Agreement on the one hand and the Plan on the other hand, the terms of the Plan shall control.

Name of the Participant:		
Grant Date:		
Total number of Shares subject to the Option:	shares of Common Stock	
Exercise Price per Share:	\$	
Total Exercise Price:	\$	
Expiration Date:		
Type of Option:	☐ Incentive Stock Option	
	☐ Non-qualified Stock Option	
Vesting Schedule1:	Subject to the Participant's continued employment or service with the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates through the applicable Vesting Date, the Option shall vest and become exercisable in accordance with the following schedule:    Vesting Date	
Change of Control (as defined in the Plan):	As an exception to the Vesting Schedule, all unvested Shares subject to the Option shall vest as of the effective date of a Change of Control.	

<sup>1</sup> This schedule can be modified as needed to reflect the terms of the specific Award.

By execution of this Grant Notice, the Participant acknowledges that he or she has received and read the Award Agreement, the Plan, and this Grant Notice, and agrees to be bound by the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Award Agreement, and this Grant Notice. The Participant further acknowledges and agrees to accept as binding, conclusive and final all decisions or interpretations of the Committee upon any questions arising under the Plan, this Grant Notice, or the Award Agreement.

PAR Technology Corporation	
	Participant Signature
Ву	
Title:	

# Appendix A

# PAR Technology Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan

#### OPTION AWARD AGREEMENT

This Option Award Agreement applies to the Option Award evidenced by the Grant Notice to which this Award Agreement is attached. Capitalized terms not specifically defined in this Award Agreement shall have the meanings specified in the Plan and the Grant Notice.

1. Option Award. PAR Technology Corporation (the "Company") has granted to the Participant the Option to purchase the number of Shares at the Exercise Price per Option Share set forth in the Grant Notice. If designated in the Grant Notice as an Incentive Stock Option and the Participant is an employee, the Option is intended to qualify as an Incentive Stock Option as defined in Section 422 of the Code. However, to the extent that the Option exceeds the \$100,000 limit in Section 422, such excess Option shall be treated as a Non-Qualified Stock Option. Further, if for any reason the Option (or portion thereof) shall not qualify as an Incentive Stock Option, then, to the extent of such non-qualification, the Option (or portion thereof) shall be regarded as a Non-Qualified Stock Option granted under the Plan. In no event shall the Company or any of its respective employees or directors have any liability to the Participant (or any other person) due to the failure of the Option (or portion thereof) to qualify for any reason as an Incentive Stock Option.

# 2. Vesting and Exercise of the Option.

- (a) After the Grant Date, subject to termination or acceleration as provided in the Grant Notice, the Plan and this Award Agreement, the Option shall vest and become exercisable in accordance with the Vesting Schedule set forth in the Grant Notice. There shall be no proportionate or partial vesting in the periods prior to the applicable Vesting Date and all vesting shall occur only on the appropriate Vesting Date if the Participant is then employed or providing services to the Company or to any of its subsidiaries or affiliates ("Affiliate" means collectively, the Company's subsidiaries and affiliates). If application of the Vesting Schedule results in a fraction of a Share becoming exercisable, such fractional Share shall be deemed not to be exercisable.
- (b) The Option, or any exercisable portion thereof, may be exercised by delivery to the Secretary of the Company an exercise notice in the form attached to this Award Agreement as <a href="Exhibit A">Exhibit A</a> (the "Notice of Exercise"), along with payment of the Exercise Price set forth in the Grant Notice for the Shares being exercised.
- combination thereof, at the election of the Participant: (i) cash or check; (ii) with the consent of the Committee, surrender of other shares of Common Stock of the Company which have a Fair Market Value on the date of surrender equal to the aggregate Exercise Price of the Shares as to which the Option is being exercised; (iii) with the consent of the Committee, surrendered Shares issuable upon the exercise of the Option having a Fair Market Value on the date of exercise equal to the aggregate Exercise Price of the Shares as to which the Option is being exercised; (iv) with the consent of the Committee, delivery of a notice that the Participant has placed a market sell order with a broker with respect to Shares then issuable upon exercise of the Option, and that the broker has been directed to pay a sufficient portion of the net proceeds of the sale to the Company in satisfaction of the aggregate Exercise Price and any tax withholding resulting from such exercise; provided that payment of such proceeds is then made to the Company at such time as may be required by the Company, but in any event not later than the settlement of such sale); or (iv) other legal consideration acceptable to the Committee

- 3. <u>Expiration of Option</u>. Except as provided in this Section 3, the Option shall expire and cease to be exercisable as of the Expiration Date set forth in the Grant Notice. For purposes of this Award Agreement, "Termination of the Participant's Service" means ceasing to be an employee or service provider of the Company or any of its Affiliates, subject to the Committee's discretion to determine that a transition from a full-time employee to a service provider constitutes a Termination of Service.
- (a) Upon the date of Termination of the Participant's Service due to death or disability (as defined in Code Section 22(e)(3), (i) the unvested portion of the Option shall terminate as of the date of the Participant's death or disability, and (ii) the portion of the Option vested as of the date of the Participant's death or disability may be exercised at any time within twelve (12) months following such date (but in no event later than the Expiration Date). To the extent the Option is not exercised within the time specified herein, the Option shall terminate.
- (b) Upon the date of Termination of the Participant's Service for any reason other than for Cause (as defined in the Plan) or due to death or disability, (i) the unvested portion of the Option shall terminate as of the date of such termination, and (ii) the portion of the Option vested as of the date of such termination may be exercised during the three (3) month period immediately following such date (but in no event later than the Expiration Date). To the extent the Option is not exercised within the time specified herein, the Option shall terminate.
- (c) Upon the date of Termination of the Participant's Service for Cause, both the vested and unvested portion of the Option shall be forfeited and the Option shall terminate as of such date.

Except as otherwise provided herein, during the Participant's lifetime, only the Participant may exercise the Option, unless it has been disposed of pursuant to a domestic relations order approved by the Company (as defined by the Code or Title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended from time to time, or the rules thereunder, a "DRO"). After the Participant's death, any vested portion of the Option may, to the extent exercisable, be exercised by the deceased Participant's personal representative or by any person empowered to do so under the deceased Participant's will or under the then applicable laws of descent and distribution.

If the Option is an Incentive Stock Option, Termination of the Participant's Service (or, to the extent applicable, change in relationship with the Company or with its Affiliates) may result in the Option no longer qualifying as an Incentive Stock Option, and therefore being taxed as a Non-Qualified Stock Option, pursuant to applicable law.

- 4. <u>Tax Withholding</u>. As set forth in Section 8, upon the exercise of the Option or the occurrence of any other taxable event arising in connection with the Award, the Company shall have the authority and right to withhold from the Participant's remuneration, or to require the Participant to remit to the Company, an amount sufficient to satisfy all applicable federal, state and local withholding taxes attributable to the portion of the remuneration that is considered compensation includable in the Participant's gross income.
- 5. <u>Rights as Stockholder</u>. The holder of the Option shall not be, and shall not have any of the rights or privileges of, a stockholder of the Company, including, without limitation, voting rights and rights to dividends in respect of any Shares issuable upon the exercise of the Option unless and until such Shares shall have been issued by the Company and are held of record by such holder (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Company or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Company). The Shares shall be issued to the Participant as soon as practicable after the Option is exercised. No adjustment shall be made for a dividend or other right for which the record date is prior to the date of issuance except as provided in Section 3(c) of the Plan.

# 6. General Provisions.

- (a) <u>Injurious Conduct</u>. If the Participant shall engage in Injurious Conduct as described in this Section 6(a), both the vested and unvested portion of the Option shall be automatically forfeited and the Option shall terminate as of such date and, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, require the Participant to return to the Company any Shares acquired upon exercise of the Option. If the Shares acquired upon exercise have been disposed of by the Participant, then the Company may require the Participant to pay to the Company the gross pre-tax proceeds received by the Participant on such disposition. For purposes of this Award Agreement, "Injurious Conduct" means: (i) "for Cause" conduct; and (ii) during the Participant's employment or service with the Company or an Affiliate and thereafter, the Participant breaches any written confidentiality, non-solicitation or non-competition covenant with the Company or an Affiliate.
- (b) <u>Assignment</u>. Subject to Section 3 hereof, the Option may not be sold, pledged, assigned or transferred in any manner other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution and the Option shall be exercisable only by the Participant during his or her lifetime. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Award Agreement, the Participant may, in the manner determined by the Committee, designate a beneficiary to exercise the rights of the Participant and to receive any distribution with respect to the Option upon the Participant's death. A beneficiary, legal guardian, legal representative, or other person claiming any rights pursuant to the Plan is subject to all terms and conditions of the Plan and this Award Agreement, except to the extent the Plan and this Award Agreement otherwise provide, and to any additional restrictions deemed necessary or appropriate by the Committee. Subject to the requirements of applicable law, a beneficiary designation may be changed or revoked by the Participant at any time provided the change or revocation is filed with the Committee prior to the Participant's death.
- (c) <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The Company may assign any of its rights under this Award Agreement to single or multiple assignees, and this Award Agreement shall inure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the Company.
- (d) No Rights to Continued Employment or Service or to Award. Nothing in the Plan or in this Award Agreement shall confer on the Participant any right to employment or continued service with the Company or its Affiliates, or interfere in any way with the right of the Company or its Affiliates to terminate or change the terms of the Participant's employment or service at any time.
- Market "Stand-Off" Agreement. In the event the Company proposes to offer for sale to the public any of its equity securities and the Participant is requested by the Company and any underwriter engaged by the Company in connection with such offering to sign an agreement restricting the sale or other transfer of the Shares or other securities of the Company, then the Participant will promptly sign such agreement and will not sell or otherwise transfer, whether in privately negotiated transactions or to the public in open market transactions or otherwise, any Shares or other securities of the Company held by the Participant during such period as is determined by the Company and the underwriter, not to exceed 180 days following the closing of the offering, plus such additional period of time as may be required to comply with Marketplace Rule 2711 of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. or similar rules thereto (such period, the "Lock-Up Period"). Such agreement shall be in writing and in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Company and such underwriter and pursuant to customary and prevailing terms and conditions. Notwithstanding whether the Participant has signed such an agreement, the Company may impose stop-transfer instructions with respect to the Shares or other securities of the Company subject to the foregoing restrictions until the end of the Lock-Up Period. The market "stand-off" agreement established pursuant to this Section 8(e) shall survive termination or expiration of this Award Agreement.

- (f) <u>Governing Law</u>. This Award Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to any choice of law or conflict of law rules or provisions.
- (g) Spousal Consent. The Participant's spouse has signed the Consent of Spouse attached to this Award Agreement as Exhibit B.
- (h) <u>Notices</u>. Any notice to be given under the terms of this Award Agreement to the Company shall be addressed to the Company in care of the Secretary of the Company at the Company's principal office, and any notice to be given to the Participant shall be addressed to the Participant at the Participant's last address reflected on the Company's records. By a notice given pursuant to this Section 8(h), either party may hereafter designate a different address for notices to be given to that party. Any notice shall be deemed to have been adequately given if delivered in person or if given by certified mail (return receipt requested) and deposited (with postage prepaid) in a post office or branch post office regularly maintained by the United States Postal Service.
- (i) <u>Severability</u>. Wherever possible, each provision of this Award Agreement shall be interpreted in such manner as to be effective and valid under applicable law, but if any provision hereof shall be prohibited by or invalid under any such law, that provision shall be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating or nullifying the remainder of that provision or any other provisions of this Award Agreement.
- (j) Notification of Disqualifying Disposition. If the Option is designated as an Incentive Stock Option in the Grant Notice, the Participant shall notify the Company in writing immediately after the Participant makes a Disqualifying Disposition of any of the Shares acquired pursuant to the exercise of the Option. Any sale or other disposition of such Shares that occurs (i) within two (2) years of the Option Grant Date or (2) within one (1) year of the date the Shares were acquired upon exercise of the Option is considered a Disqualifying Disposition. Such notice shall specify the date of such sale or other disposition and the amount realized, in cash, other property, assumption of indebtedness or other consideration, by the Participant in such sale or other disposition.

### Exhibit A

#### **Notice of Exercise**

PAR Technology Corporation 8383 Seneca Turnpike New Hartford, NY 13413 Attention: Secretary

1	Evercise of Or	ation. Effective as of today	, 20, the undersigned
1.	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	——————————————————————————————————————
("Participant")	hereby elects to	exercise Participant's option to	o purchaseshares of the
Common Stock	(the "Shares")	of PAR Technology Corporation	on (the "Company") under and pursuant to
the 2015 Equity	y Incentive Plan	(the "Plan") and the Grant No	tice and Option Award Agreement dated
	, 20(the "Aw	ard Agreement"). Capitalized to	erms not specifically defined in this Notice
shall have the n	neanings specif	ied in the Plan, the Award Agre	ement, and the Grant Notice.
2.	Delivery of Pa	yment. Purchaser herewith del	ivers to the Company the full purchase price
of the Shares, in	n the amount of	\$(the "Exercise Price"	ce"), in the form of (as permitted by Section
2(c) of the Awa	rd Agreement):		
	?	Cash or check.	
	9	D	Ct1 Ct1 C 1i

- ? By surrender of shares of Common Stock of the Company having a Fair Market Value on the date of surrender equal to the aggregate Exercise Price (if permitted by the Committee).
- ? By surrender of Shares issuable upon the exercise of the Option having a Fair Market Value on the date of exercise equal to the aggregate Exercise Price (if permitted by the Committee).
- ? Through a third-party broker (if permitted by the Committee).
- 3. <u>Representations of Participant</u>. Participant acknowledges that Participant has received, read, and understood the Plan, the Grant Notice and the Award Agreement and agrees to abide by and be bound by their respective terms and conditions.
- 4. <u>Rights as Stockholder</u>. Until the issuance of the Shares (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Company or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Company), no right to vote or receive dividends or any other rights as a stockholder shall exist with respect to the Option, notwithstanding the exercise of the Option. The Shares shall be issued to the Participant as soon as practicable after the Option is exercised. No adjustment shall be made for a dividend or other right for which the record date is prior to the date of issuance except as provided in Section 3(c) of the Plan.
- 5. <u>Tax Consultation</u>. Participant understands that Participant may suffer adverse tax consequences as a result of Participant's purchase or disposition of the Shares. Participant represents that Participant has consulted with any tax consultant(s) Participant deems advisable regarding the purchase or disposition of the Shares and that Participant is not relying on the Company for any tax advice.
- 6. <u>Governing Law; Severability.</u> This Notice shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware excluding its conflict of law provisions.

Submitted by: Participant	Accepted by: PAR Technology Corporation
Signature	Ву
Print Name	Title

# Exhibit B

# **Consent of Spouse**

Ι,	, spouse of	, have read and
approve the Grant Not	tice and Option Award Agreement (collectively	y, the "Agreement") to which this
Consent of Spouse is a	attached.	
shares of Common Stormy spouse as my attorn to be bound by the pro- Option or in any of the of the Option pursuant property in effect in the Capitalized terms.	on of PAR Technology Corporation's grant to ock of PAR Technology Corporation set forth receiving fact in respect to the exercise of any rigorisions of the Agreement insofar as I may have shares of Common Stock of PAR Technology thereto under the community property laws one state of our residence as of the date of the signs and specifically defined in this Agreement	in the Agreement, I hereby appoint ghts under the Agreement and I agree we any rights in said Agreement, the y Corporation acquired upon exercise or similar laws relating to marital igning of the foregoing Agreement.
the Plan, the Option A	ward Agreement, and the Grant Notice.	
Date:		
Dutc.		
Signature of Spo	ouse	

# PAR Technology Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan

# GRANT NOTICE - RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD

PAR Technology Corporation (the "Company"), hereby grants as of the Grant Date to the Participant the number of restricted shares (the "Restricted Stock") of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.02 (the "Common Stock") specified below (the "Award"). The Award is granted pursuant to the PAR Technology Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan") and is subject to the terms and conditions of this Grant Notice, the Restricted Stock Award Agreement attached to this Grant Notice as <a href="Appendix A">Appendix A</a> (the "Award Agreement"), and the Plan (each as amended from time to time). The Plan is incorporated into and forms a part of this Grant Notice and the Option Award Agreement. In the event of any conflict between the Grant Notice or the Award Agreement on the one hand and the Plan on the other hand, the terms of the Plan shall control.

Name of the Participant:			
Grant Date:			
Number of shares of Restricted Stock:			
Vesting Schedule1:	[For employees:		
	Subject to the Participant's continued employment or service with the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates through the applicable Vesting Date:		
	[_] shares of Restricted Stock	(i.e., 50% of the shares of	
	Restricted Stock subject to the	e Award) shall vest in accordance	
	with the following schedule (a	time-vesting),	
	<u>Vesting Date</u>	Percentage Vested	
	[•]	[•]% of Restricted Shares	
	[•]	[•]% of Restricted Shares	
	[•]	[•]% of Restricted Shares	
	[_] shares of Restricted Stock (i.e., 50% of the shares of		
	Restricted Stock subject to the Award) shall vest (performance		
	vesting): in [one-third] increments as soon as practicable		
	following the completion of the applicable "performance year",		
	and subject to the determination by the Company's Board of		
	Directors or Committee thereof ("Committee) of the		
	achievement of the applicable performance target for		
	applicable performance year.		
	Vesting Date,	Performance	
	Performance Year Ending	<u>Target</u>	
	[•]	[•]	
	[•]		
	[•]		

<sup>1</sup> This schedule can be modified as needed to reflect the terms of the specific Award.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the performance target for an applicable performance year is not met, the Participant shall have the right to otherwise vest in the shares of Restricted Stock for such missed performance year at the end of the immediately subsequent performance year, if the cumulative actual performance for the missed performance year and the immediately subsequent performance year exceeds the cumulative performance targets for such performance years. The Participant shall only have the right to vest in shares of Restricted Stock for a missed performance year at the end of the immediately subsequent performance year based on the cumulative actual performance, as compared to the cumulative performance targets, for the missed performance year and the immediately subsequent performance year. However, in the case of the final performance year, if the performance target for that performance year is not met, the Participant shall vest in the otherwise unvested shares of Restricted Stock for such performance year if the cumulative actual performance for all three performance years exceeds the cumulative performance targets for all three performance years. [For directors: The Award shall vest in full on [ ] (the "Vesting Date"), subject to the Participant's continued service as a director through such Vesting Date. Change of Control (as defined in the Plan): [For employees: As an exception to the Vesting Schedule, as of the effective date of a Change of Control (a) all unvested time-vesting shares of Restricted Stock as of such date shall vest and (b) all unvested performance-vesting shares of Restricted Stock as of such date shall convert into time vesting shares of Restricted Stock and such shares shall (time) vest ratably on the remaining Vesting Dates, unless terminated without cause within 12-months of a Change of Control, in which case, all unvested shares of Restricted Stock shall vest as of the effective date of Participant's termination of employment. [For directors: As an exception to the Vesting Schedule, as of the effective date of a Change of Control all unvested shares of Restricted Stock as of such date shall vest. Death: As an exception to the Vesting Schedule, in the event the Participant's employment or service with the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates is terminated due to the Participant's death, all unvested [time vesting] shares of Restricted Stock shall immediately vest.

By execution of this Grant Notice, the Participant acknowledges that he or she has received and read the Award Agreement, the Plan, and this Grant Notice, and agrees to be bound by the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Award Agreement, and this Grant Notice. The Participant further acknowledges and agrees to accept as binding, conclusive and final all decisions or interpretations of the Committee upon any questions arising under the Plan, this Grant Notice, or the Award Agreement.

PAR Technology Corporation	
	Participant Signature
Ву	
Title:	- -

#### Appendix A

# PAR Technology Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan

#### RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT

This Restricted Stock Award Agreement applies to the Award of Restricted Stock evidenced by the Grant Notice to which this Award Agreement is attached, is incorporated into and forms a part thereof. Capitalized terms not specifically defined in this Award Agreement shall have the meanings specified in the Plan and the Grant Notice.

#### 1. Award of Restricted Stock.

- (a) <u>Award</u>. PAR Technology Corporation (the "Company") has granted to the Participant an Award of that number of shares of Restricted Stock (the "Shares") specified in the Grant Notice.
- (b) Vesting Schedule. After the Grant Date, subject to termination or acceleration as provided in the Grant Notice, the Plan and this Award Agreement, the Shares shall vest in accordance with the Vesting Schedule set forth in the Grant Notice. There shall be no proportionate or partial vesting in the periods prior to the applicable Vesting Date and all vesting shall occur only on the appropriate Vesting Date if the Participant is then employed or providing services to the Company or to any of its subsidiaries or affiliates ("Affiliate" means collectively, the Company's subsidiaries and affiliates). Shares of Restricted Stock that have vested are referred to herein as "vested Shares." Shares of Restricted Stock that are not vested and remain subject to the Restrictions set forth and defined in Section 2(a) and Section 2(c) are referred to herein as "unvested Shares."
- (c) <u>Book Entry Form; Certificates.</u> At the sole discretion of the Committee, the Shares will be issued in either: (i) uncertificated form, with the Shares recorded in the name of the Participant in the books and records of the Company's transfer agent with such notations regarding the Restrictions and vesting requirements as the Committee shall deem appropriate, and upon vesting and satisfaction of the conditions set forth in <u>Section 2(d)</u>, the Company shall remove such notations on any such vested Shares in accordance with <u>Section 1(e)</u>; or (ii) certificated form pursuant to the terms of <u>Section 1(d)</u> and <u>Section 1(e)</u>.
- (d) <u>Escrow.</u> The Secretary of the Company or such other escrow holder as the Committee may appoint shall retain physical custody of any certificates representing the Shares until the Restrictions lapse and the Shares become vested Shares; in such event, the Participant shall not retain physical custody of any certificates representing unvested Shares issued to the Participant. The Participant, by acceptance of the Award, shall be deemed to appoint, and does so appoint, the Company and each of its authorized representatives as the Participant's attorney(s)-in-fact to affect any transfer of unvested forfeited Shares to the Company as may be required pursuant to the Plan or this Award Agreement and to execute such documents as the Company or such representatives deem necessary or advisable in connection with any such transfer.
- (e) <u>Removal of Notations; Delivery of Certificates Upon Vesting</u>. As soon as administratively practicable after vesting of any of the Shares pursuant to <u>Section 1(b)</u>, the Company shall, as applicable, either remove the notations on the vested Shares issued in book entry form or deliver to the Participant a certificate or certificates evidencing the number of vested Shares (or, in either case, such lesser number of Shares as may be permitted pursuant to Section 8 of the Plan). The vested Shares so delivered shall no longer be subject to the Restrictions.

#### 2. Restrictions.

- (a) <u>Forfeiture</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein or in the Plan, and unless otherwise set forth in the Grant Notice, in the event the Participant's employment or service is terminated for any reason, each unvested Share shall be automatically forfeited as of the effective date of such termination without payment of any consideration by the Company. For purposes of this Award Agreement, "<u>Restrictions</u>" shall mean the restrictions on sale or other transfer set forth in <u>Section 2(c)</u> and the exposure to forfeiture set forth in this <u>Section 2(a)</u>.
- (b) <u>Lapse of Restrictions</u>. The Restrictions shall lapse as to the Shares on each applicable Vesting Date.
- (c) <u>Unvested Shares Not Transferable</u>. Except as otherwise expressly permitted in <u>Section 7.a.</u> of the Plan, until the Restrictions lapse (and the Shares become "vested Shares"), the Shares (including any shares of Common Stock of the Company received by the Participant with respect to the Shares as a result of stock dividends, stock splits or any other form of recapitalization) may not be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of, by operation of law or otherwise (each of the forgoing individually or collectively, a "<u>Transfer</u>").
- (d) <u>Tax Withholding</u>. As set forth in Section 8 of the Plan, the Company shall have the authority and the right to withhold or to require Participant to remit to the Company, an amount sufficient to satisfy all applicable federal, state, and local taxes required by law to be withheld with respect to any taxable event arising in connection with the Award. The Company shall not be obligated to deliver any new certificate representing vested Shares to Participant or enter such vested Shares in book entry form until the Participant shall have paid or otherwise made arrangements satisfactory to the Committee to pay all applicable federal, state, and local withholding taxes attributable to the taxable income of the Participant resulting from the vesting of the Award.
- 3. <u>Rights as Stockholder; Dividends</u>. The Participant shall have all voting rights as a stockholder of the Company with respect to the Shares as of the Grant Date. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the Participant shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividends declared and paid by the Company on its Common Stock on and after the Grant Date; provided that such dividends shall not be payable to the Participant with respect to any Shares unless and until the Restricted Stock with respect to which such dividends are payable become vested Shares (it being understood that no dividends will be paid with respect to Shares of Restricted Stock that do not vest).

#### 4. General Provisions.

- (a) Section 83(b) Election. The Participant acknowledges that the Company has advised the Participant of the possibility of making an election under Section 83(b) of the Code with respect to the Award of the Shares and has recommended that the Participant consult a qualified tax advisor regarding the desirability of making such an election in light of the Participant's individual circumstances. If the Participant makes an election under Section 83(b) of the Code (see Exhibit A), the Participant hereby agrees to deliver a copy of such election to the Company promptly after filing such election with the Internal Revenue Service.
- (b) <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The Company may assign any of its rights under this Award Agreement to single or multiple assignees, and this Award Agreement shall inure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the Company.

- (c) No Rights to Continued Employment or Service or to Award. Nothing in the Plan or in this Award Agreement shall confer on the Participant any right to employment or continued service with the Company, or interfere in any way with the right of the Company to terminate or change the terms of the Participant's employment or service at any time.
- Market "Stand-Off" Agreement. In the event the Company proposes to offer for sale to (d) the public any of its equity securities and the Participant is requested by the Company and any underwriter engaged by the Company in connection with such offering to sign an agreement restricting the sale or other transfer of the Shares or other securities of the Company, then the Participant will promptly sign such agreement and will not sell or otherwise transfer, whether in privately negotiated transactions or to the public in open market transactions or otherwise, any Shares or other securities of the Company held by the Participant during such period as is determined by the Company and the underwriter, not to exceed 180 days following the closing of the offering, plus such additional period of time as may be required to comply with Marketplace Rule 2711 of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. or similar rules thereto (such period, the "Lock-Up Period"). Such agreement shall be in writing and in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Company and such underwriter and pursuant to customary and prevailing terms and conditions. Notwithstanding whether the Participant has signed such an agreement, the Company may impose stop-transfer instructions with respect to the Shares or other securities of the Company subject to the foregoing restrictions until the end of the Lock-Up Period. The market "stand-off" agreement established pursuant to this Section 8(d) shall survive termination or expiration of this Award Agreement.
- (e) <u>Claw-Back of Performance Vesting Shares</u>. The Shares which are subject to recovery under any law, government regulation or stock exchange listing requirement, will be subject to such deductions and claw-back as may be required to be made pursuant to such law, government regulation or stock exchange listing requirement (or any policy adopted by the Company pursuant to any such law, government regulation or stock exchange listing requirement).
- (f) <u>Injurious Conduct</u>. If the Participant shall engage in Injurious Conduct as described in this Section 4(f), each unvested Share shall be automatically forfeited and the Award shall terminate as of such date and, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, require the Participant to return to the Company any vested Shares. If any vested Shares have been disposed of by the Participant, then the Company may require the Participant to pay to the Company the gross pre-tax proceeds received by the Participant on such disposition. For purposes of this Award Agreement, "Injurious Conduct" means: (i) "for Cause" conduct; and (ii) during the Participant's employment or service with the Company or an Affiliate and thereafter, the Participant breaches any written confidentiality, non-solicitation or non-competition covenant with the Company or an Affiliate.
- (g) <u>Governing Law and Construction</u>. This Award Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to any choice of law or conflict of law rules or provisions.
- (h) Spousal Consent. The Participant's spouse has signed the Consent of Spouse attached to this Award Agreement as Exhibit B.
- (i) <u>Notices</u>. Any notice to be given under the terms of this Award Agreement to the Company shall be addressed to the Company in care of the Secretary of the Company at the Company's principal office, and any notice to be given to the Participant shall be addressed to the Participant at the Participant's last address reflected on the Company's records. By a notice given pursuant to this Section 4(h), either party may hereafter designate a different address for notices to be given to that party. Any

notice shall be deemed to have been adequately given if delivered in person or if given by certified mail (return receipt requested) and deposited (with postage prepaid) in a post office or branch post office regularly maintained by the United States Postal Service.

(j) <u>Severability</u>. Wherever possible, each provision of this Award Agreement shall be interpreted in such manner as to be effective and valid under applicable law, but if any provision hereof shall be prohibited by or invalid under any such law, that provision shall be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating or nullifying the remainder of that provision or any other provisions of this Award Agreement.

# **EXHIBIT A**

## 83(b) Election Form

The undersigned Taxpayer hereby elects under Section 83(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and Section 1.83-2(a) of the Income Tax Regulations, to include in his/her gross income the excess of the Fair Market Value of the property described below over the amount paid therefor by the Taxpayer. In compliance with Reg. § 1.83-2(e) the Taxpayer provides the following information:

1.	The Taxpayer's name, address and taxpayer identification number are as follows:		
	Name: Address:		
	Taxpayer identification number:		
2.	The property with respect to which this election is being made is:shares of common stock of PAR Technology Corporation, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), \$0.02 particle per share (the "Shares").		
3.	The date of the transfer of the Shares is, 20 This election is made for the taxable year of the Taxpayer ending December 31, 20		
4.	The nature of the restrictions to which the Shares are subject is as follows: The Shares may be forfeited if Taxpayer's continuous service with the Company terminates.		
5.	The Fair Market Value of such Shares at the time of transfer to the Taxpayer, determined without regard to any lapse restrictions as defined in Reg. § 1.83-3(i), isper share.		
6.	The amount paid for the Shares is \$0 per share.		
7.	7. A copy of this election has been furnished by personal delivery to the Company.		
Th	e date of this election is, 20		
Taxpa	ayer		

# **EXHIBIT B**

# **Spousal Consent**

Ι,	, spouse of	, have read and approve the
	ed Stock Award Agreement (collectively,	
Consent of Spouse is attac	hed.	
Restricted Stock set forth it to the exercise of any right Agreement insofar as I ma or Common Stock of PAR	f PAR Technology Corporation's issuance in the Agreement, I hereby appoint my state under the Agreement and I agree to be any have any rights in said Agreement or in Technology Corporation issued pursuance was relating to marital property in effect in the Paragoing Agreement.	pouse, as my attorney-in-fact in respect e bound by the provisions of the in any of the shares of Restricted Stock at thereto under the community
	not specifically defined in this Agreeme	ont shall have the meanings specified in
*	ock Award Agreement, and the Grant No	<b>O</b> 1
Date:		
Signature of	Spouse	

**Par Technology Corporation** 

8383 Seneca Turnpike New Hartford, NY 13492 P 800.448.6505 www.partech.com

#### **By Hand Delivery**

April 12, 2017

Ms. Karen Sammon c/o PAR Technology Corporation 8383 Seneca Turnpike New Hartford, New York 13492

Re: Employment Offer Letter; Amendment

Dear Karen,

This will confirm our mutual agreement that the section titled "<u>Position</u>" of your Employment Offer Letter dated November 16, 2015 (the "Offer Letter") be, and hereby is, amended to read in its entirety as follows:

#### **Position**

Effective April 12, 2017 (the "Effective Date") you will have the title of Chief of Staff of PAR Technology Corporation ("PTC"), reporting to the Chief Executive Officer of PTC.

Your position will be located at PTC's corporate headquarters in New Hartford, New York. You will devote your full time, energy, business judgment, skills, and best efforts to the performance of your duties with PTC, provided that you will not be required to divest your ownership interest in Sammon and Sammon, LLC, d/b/a Paragon Racquet Club, or otherwise manage your passive personal investments. You will, however, be expected to comply with and be bound by PTC's operating policies, procedures, and practices and, subject to the forgoing, you may not render services to any other business without prior approval of the Board of Directors, nor engage or participate, directly or indirectly, in any business that is competitive in any manner with the businesses of PTC.

#### **Annual Leave and Personal Time Off**

Annual Leave (i.e., vacation) will be accrued at the rate of 13.33 hours per month, yielding four weeks Annual Leave per fiscal year. In addition, you will receive four Personal Time Off days

per fiscal year. Unused Personal Time Off and Annual Leave may not be carried over to succeeding years.

Except as amended hereby, all other terms and provisions of the Offer Letter remain unchanged and in full force and effect.

Your offer letter dated March 21, 2013, pursuant to which you were named President of ParTech, Inc. shall be terminated as of the date you Accepted and Agreed below.

Sincerely,

/s/ Paul Eurek

Paul Eurek, Chairman, Compensation Committee

By Order of the Board of Directors

Accepted and Agreed to: /s/ Karen Sammon
Karen Sammon
Dated: 4/12/17

#### WAIVER

This Waiver, dated as of March 14, 2018 ("Waiver"), is by and among PAR TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION (the "Borrower"), and PARTECH, INC. ("Partech"), PAR GOVERNMENT SYSTEMS CORPORATION ("PAR Government"), ROME RESEARCH CORPORATION ("Rome Research"), AUSABLE SOLUTIONS, INC. ("Ausable"), and BRINK SOFTWARE, INC. ("Brink", and together with the Borrower, Partech, PAR Government, Rome Research, and Ausable, the "Loan Parties"), and JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A. ("Lender").

#### RECITALS

- A. The Loan Parties and Lender are parties to a Credit Agreement dated as of November 29, 2016 (as it may be amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Credit Agreement") (capitalized terms used in this Waiver which are not otherwise defined shall have the meanings given to those terms in the Credit Agreement.)
- B. Section 6.12(b) of the Credit Agreement requires Borrower *to* maintain a Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of no less than 1.25 to 1.0 for the quarter ending March 31, 2017 and each quarter thereafter (to be tested without regard to the level of Borrower's Consolidated Indebtedness). Borrower did not meet the required Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio for the quarter ended December 31, 2017, in violation of Section 6.12(b) of the Credit Agreement.
- C. Borrower has requested Lender to waive the Event of Default created by the failure *to* comply with Section 6.12(b) of the Credit Agreement as of December 31, 2017. Lender is willing to waive such Event of Default upon the terms and conditions set forth in this Waiver.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the promises and the mutual agreements contained herein, and in reliance upon the representations and warranties contained in the Loan Documents and subject to the terms and conditions herein set forth, the parties agree to the following:

1. <u>Waiver.</u> Subject to the terms hereof, Lender waives the Event of Default arising out of Borrower's failure to comply with Section 6.12(b) of the Credit Agreement for the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2017. The waiver set forth herein shall be effective only for the specific violation listed herein and Lender shall have no obligation to grant any waiver of the same or any other violation of the Credit Agreement thereafter. Furthermore, except as specifically set forth herein, nothing contained in this letter nor any communications between Lender and Borrower or any other Loan Party shall be deemed to constitute a waiver of nor shall waive any other violations that may exist, any violations or other defaults that may arise after the date specified above, or any of Lender's rights or remedies provided in the Credit Agreement, the other documents related thereto, or applicable law. All such rights and remedies are hereby expressly reserved by Lender and remain in full force and effect.

- 2. <u>Representations and Warranties.</u> Borrower represents and warrants to Lender that the following statements are true, correct and complete:
- (a) Based on preliminary financial statements provided by Borrower to Lender, Borrower's Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio for the quarter ended December 31, 2017, calculated in the manner required by Section 6.12(b) of the Credit Agreement, was as set forth in the Preliminary Covenant Calculation Certificate received March 13, 2018.
- (b) Each of the representations and warranties made by the Loan Parties in the Loan Documents is true and correct on and as of the date of this Waiver.
- (c) After giving effect to this Waiver, no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing.
- (d) Borrower has no defense, offset or counterclaim of any kind or nature against Lender with respect to the Obligations or any of the Loan Documents to which it is a party.
- 3. <u>Waiver Fee.</u> In consideration of Lender's waiver of the default set forth herein, Borrower shall pay a waiver fee to Lender in the amount of Five Thousand and 00/100 Dollars (\$5,000.00) ("Waiver Fee") and hereby authorizes Lender to pay the Waiver Fee by charging Borrower's account with Lender.
- 4. <u>Reaffirmation</u>. Except as waived hereby, all of the terms, covenants, and conditions of the Loan Documents are ratified, reaffirmed, and confirmed by the Loan Parties and each of the Loan Parties acknowledges that the Loan Documents to which it is a party remain in full force and effect in accordance with its terms.
- 5. <u>Counterparts.</u> This Waiver may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original but all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Delivery of an executed signature page to this Waiver by facsimile transmission or scanned and electronically mailed shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart.
- 6. <u>Governing Law.</u> This Waiver shall be governed by the laws of the State of New York (without regard to its conflicts oflaw provisions).

[Remainder of this page intentionally left blank.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Waiver to be duly executed by their respective authorized officers as of the day and year first above written.

## <u>Loan Parties:</u> PAR TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

By: *Isl* Bryan A. Menar Name: Bryan A. Menar

Title: CFO

PARTECH, INC.

By: *Isl* Bryan A. Menar Name: Bryan A. Menar

Title: Treasurer

#### PAR GOVERNMENT SYSTEMS CORPORATION

By: <u>Isl Bryan A. Menar</u> Name: Bryan A. Menar

Title: Treasurer

#### ROME RESEARCH CORPORATION

By: <u>Isl Bryan A. Menar</u> Name: Bryan A. Menar

Title: Treasurer

#### AUSABLE SOLUTIONS, INC.

By: *Isl* Bryan A. Menar Name: Bryan A. Menar

Title: Treasurer

#### **BRINK** SOFTWARE, INC.

By: *Isl* Bryan A. Menar Name: Bryan A. Menar

Title: Treasurer

#### JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A.

Lender:

By: <u>Isl Jean Lamardo</u> Name: Jean Lamardo Title:

Senior Underwriter

By Hand Delivery

March 14, 2018

Par Technology Corporation 8383 Seneca Turnpike New Hartford, NY 13492 P 800.448.6505 WWW.partech.com

Mr. Donald H. Foley 10919 Martingale Court Potomac, Maryland 20854

Re: Offer Letter; Amendment

Dear Don,

Your Offer Letter dated April 12, 2017 is amended to provide that shares of restricted stock granted to you as payment of 25% of your STI award for 2017 (as described in your Offer Letter), shall vest 100% on April 11, 2018; provided, in the event of a Change of Control or your death, all unvested shares of restricted stock shall immediately vest.

Except as amended hereby, all other terms and provisions of your Offer Letter remain unchanged and in full force and effect.

Sincerely,
/s/ Cathy King
Cathy A. King, Vice President
and General Counsel

Accepted and Agreed to:
/s/ Donald H. Foley
Donald H. Foley
Dated: 3/14/18

# PAR Technology Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan

#### GRANT NOTICE - RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD

PAR Technology Corporation (the "Company"), hereby grants as of the Grant Date to the Participant the number of restricted shares (the "Restricted Stock") of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.02 (the "Common Stock") specified below (the "Award"). The Award is granted pursuant to the PAR Technology Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan") and is subject to the terms and conditions of this Grant Notice, the Restricted Stock Award Agreement attached to this Grant Notice as <a href="Appendix A">Appendix A</a> (the "Award Agreement"), and the Plan (each as amended from time to time). The Plan is incorporated into and forms a part of this Grant Notice and the Option Award Agreement. In the event of any conflict between the Grant Notice or the Award Agreement on the one hand and the Plan on the other hand, the terms of the Plan shall control.

Name of the Participant:	Donald H. Foley
Grant Date:	January 31, 2018
Number of shares of Restricted Stock:	3,919
Vesting Schedule:	The shares of Restricted Stock shall vest in accordance with the following schedule, subject to the Participant's continued employment or service with the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates through the applicable Vesting Date:  Vesting Date Number of shares of Restricted Stock Vested January 31, 2018 1,202 Restricted Shares February 28, 2018 1,086 Restricted Shares March 31, 2018 1,202 Restricted Shares April 11, 2018 429 Restricted Shares
Change of Control (as defined in the Plan):	As an exception to the Vesting Schedule, as of the effective date of a Change of Control all unvested shares of Restricted Stock as of such date shall vest.
Death:	As an exception to the Vesting Schedule, in the event the Participant's employment or service with the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates is terminated due to the Participant's death, all unvested shares of Restricted Stock shall immediately vest.

By execution of this Grant Notice, the Participant acknowledges that he or she has received and read the Award Agreement, the Plan, and this Grant Notice, and agrees to be bound by the tenns and conditions of the Plan, the Award Agreement, and this Grant Notice. The Participant further acknowledges and agrees to accept as binding, conclusive and final all decisions or interpretations of the Committee upon any questions arising under the Plan, this Grant Notice, or the Award Agreement.

/s/ Donald H. Foley
Participant Signature

PAR Technology Corporation By: /s/ Bryan Menar Title: CFO

#### Appendix A

# PAR Technology Corporation 2015 Equity Incentive Plan

#### RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT

This Restricted Stock Award Agreement applies to the Award of Restricted Stock evidenced by the Grant Notice to which this Award Agreement is attached, is incorporated into and forms a part thereof. Capitalized terms not specifically defined in this Award Agreement shall have the meanings specified in the Plan and the Grant Notice.

#### 1. Award of Restricted Stock.

- (a) <u>Award</u>. PAR Technology Corporation (the "Company") has granted to the Participant an Award of that number of shares of Restricted Stock (the "Shares") specified in the Grant Notice.
- (b) Vesting Schedule. After the Grant Date, subject to termination or acceleration as provided in the Grant Notice, the Plan and this Award Agreement, the Shares shall vest in accordance with the Vesting Schedule set forth in the Grant Notice. There shall be no proportionate or partial vesting in the periods prior to the applicable Vesting Date and all vesting shall occur only on the appropriate Vesting Date if the Participant is then employed or providing services to the Company or to any of its subsidiaries or affiliates ("Affiliate" means collectively, the Company's subsidiaries and affiliates). Shares of Restricted Stock that have vested are referred to herein as "vested Shares." Shares of Restricted Stock that are not vested and remain subject to the Restrictions set forth and defined in Section 2(a) and Section 2(c) are referred to herein as "unvested Shares."
- (c) <u>Book Entry Form; Certificates</u>. At the sole discretion of the Committee, the Shares will be issued in either: (i) uncertificated form, with the Shares recorded in the name of the Participant in the books and records of the Company's transfer agent with such notations regarding the Restrictions and vesting requirements as the Committee shall deem appropriate, and upon vesting and satisfaction of the conditions set forth in <u>Section 2(d)</u>, the Company shall remove such notations on any such vested Shares in accordance with <u>Section 1(e)</u>; or (ii) certificated form pursuant to the terms of <u>Section 1(d)</u> and <u>Section 1(e)</u>.
- (d) <u>Escrow.</u> The Secretary of the Company or such other escrow holder as the Committee may appoint shall retain physical custody of any certificates representing the Shares until the Restrictions lapse and the Shares become vested Shares; in such event, the Participant shall not retain physical custody of any certificates representing unvested Shares issued to the Participant. The Participant, by acceptance of the Award, shall be deemed to appoint, and does so appoint, the Company and each of its authorized representatives as the Participant's attorney(s)-in-fact to affect any transfer of unvested forfeited Shares to the Company as may be required pursuant to the Plan or this Award Agreement and to execute such documents as the Company or such representatives deem necessary or advisable in connection with any such transfer.
- (e) <u>Removal of Notations; Delivery of Certificates Upon Vesting</u>. As soon as administratively practicable after vesting of any of the Shares pursuant to <u>Section 1(b)</u>, the Company shall, as applicable, either remove the notations on the vested Shares issued in book entry form or deliver to the Participant a certificate or certificates evidencing the number of vested Shares (or, in either case, such lesser number of Shares as may be permitted pursuant to Section 8 of the Plan). The vested Shares so delivered shall no longer be subject to the Restrictions.

#### 2. Restrictions.

- (a) <u>Forfeiture</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein or in the Plan, and unless otherwise set forth in the Grant Notice, in the event the Participant's employment or service is terminated for any reason, each unvested Share shall be automatically forfeited as of the effective date of such termination without payment of any consideration by the Company. For purposes of this Award Agreement, "<u>Restrictions</u>" shall mean the restrictions on sale or other transfer set forth in <u>Section 2(c)</u> and the exposure to forfeiture set forth in this <u>Section 2(a)</u>.
- (b) <u>Lapse of Restrictions</u>. The Restrictions shall lapse as to the Shares on each applicable Vesting Date.
- (c) <u>Unvested Shares Not Transferable</u>. Except as otherwise expressly permitted in <u>Section 7.a.</u> of the Plan, until the Restrictions lapse (and the Shares become "vested Shares"), the Shares (including any shares of Common Stock of the Company received by the Participant with respect to the Shares as a result of stock dividends, stock splits or any other form of recapitalization) may not be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of, by operation of law or otherwise (each of the forgoing individually or collectively, a "<u>Transfer</u>").
- (d) <u>Tax Withholding</u>. As set forth in Section 8 of the Plan, the Company shall have the authority and the right to withhold or to require Participant to remit to the Company, an amount sufficient to satisfy all applicable federal, state, and local taxes required by law to be withheld with respect to any taxable event arising in connection with the Award. The Company shall not be obligated to deliver any new certificate representing vested Shares to Participant or enter such vested Shares in book entry form until the Participant shall have paid or otherwise made arrangements satisfactory to the Committee to pay all applicable federal, state, and local withholding taxes attributable to the taxable income of the Participant resulting from the vesting of the Award.
- 3. <u>Rights as Stockholder; Dividends.</u> The Participant shall have all voting rights as a stockholder of the Company with respect to the Shares as of the Grant Date. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the Participant shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividends declared and paid by the Company on its Common Stock on and after the Grant Date; provided that such dividends shall not be payable to the Participant with respect to any Shares unless and until the Restricted Stock with respect to which such dividends are payable become vested Shares (it being understood that no dividends will be paid with respect to Shares of Restricted Stock that do not vest).

#### 4. General Provisions.

- (a) Section 83(b) Election. The Participant acknowledges that the Company has advised the Participant of the possibility of making an election under Section 83(b) of the Code with respect to the Award of the Shares and has recommended that the Participant consult a qualified tax advisor regarding the desirability of making such an election in light of the Participant's individual circumstances. If the Participant makes an election under Section 83(b) of the Code (see Exhibit A), the Participant hereby agrees to deliver a copy of such election to the Company promptly after filing such election with the Internal Revenue Service.
- (b) <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The Company may assign any of its rights under this Award Agreement to single or multiple assignees, and this Award Agreement shall inure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the Company.

- (c) No Rights to Continued Employment or Service or to Award. Nothing in the Plan or in this Award Agreement shall confer on the Participant any right to employment or continued service with the Company, or interfere in any way with the right of the Company to terminate or change the terms of the Participant's employment or service at any time.
- Market "Stand-Off" Agreement. In the event the Company proposes to offer for sale to (d) the public any of its equity securities and the Participant is requested by the Company and any underwriter engaged by the Company in connection with such offering to sign an agreement restricting the sale or other transfer of the Shares or other securities of the Company, then the Participant will promptly sign such agreement and will not sell or otherwise transfer, whether in privately negotiated transactions or to the public in open market transactions or otherwise, any Shares or other securities of the Company held by the Participant during such period as is determined by the Company and the underwriter, not to exceed 180 days following the closing of the offering, plus such additional period of time as may be required to comply with Marketplace Rule 2711 of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. or similar rules thereto (such period, the "Lock-Up Period"). Such agreement shall be in writing and in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Company and such underwriter and pursuant to customary and prevailing terms and conditions. Notwithstanding whether the Participant has signed such an agreement, the Company may impose stop-transfer instructions with respect to the Shares or other securities of the Company subject to the foregoing restrictions until the end of the Lock-Up Period. The market "stand-off" agreement established pursuant to this Section 8(d) shall survive termination or expiration of this Award Agreement.
- (e) <u>Claw-Back of Performance Vesting Shares</u>. The Shares which are subject to recovery under any law, government regulation or stock exchange listing requirement, will be subject to such deductions and claw-back as may be required to be made pursuant to such law, government regulation or stock exchange listing requirement (or any policy adopted by the Company pursuant to any such law, government regulation or stock exchange listing requirement).
- (f) <u>Injurious Conduct</u>. If the Participant shall engage in Injurious Conduct as described in this Section 4(f), each unvested Share shall be automatically forfeited and the Award shall terminate as of such date and, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, require the Participant to return to the Company any vested Shares. If any vested Shares have been disposed of by the Participant, then the Company may require the Participant to pay to the Company the gross pre-tax proceeds received by the Participant on such disposition. For purposes of this Award Agreement, "Injurious Conduct" means: (i) "for Cause" conduct; and (ii) during the Participant's employment or service with the Company or an Affiliate and thereafter, the Participant breaches any written confidentiality, non-solicitation or non-competition covenant with the Company or an Affiliate.
- (g) <u>Governing Law and Construction</u>. This Award Agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to any choice of law or conflict of law rules or provisions.
- (h) Spousal Consent. The Participant's spouse has signed the Consent of Spouse attached to this Award Agreement as  $\underline{\text{Exhibit B}}$ .
- (i) <u>Notices</u>. Any notice to be given under the terms of this Award Agreement to the Company shall be addressed to the Company in care of the Secretary of the Company at the Company's principal office, and any notice to be given to the Participant shall be addressed to the Participant at the Participant's last address reflected on the Company's records. By a notice given pursuant to this Section 4(h), either party may hereafter designate a different address for notices to be

given to that party. Any notice shall be deemed to have been adequately given if delivered in person or if given by certified mail (return receipt requested) and deposited (with postage prepaid) in a post office or branch post office regularly maintained by the United States Postal Service.

(j) <u>Severability</u>. Wherever possible, each provision of this Award Agreement shall be interpreted in such manner as to be effective and valid under applicable law, but if any provision hereof shall be prohibited by or invalid under any such law, that provision shall be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating or nullifying the remainder of that provision or any other provisions of this Award Agreement.

## **EXHIBIT A**

## 83(b) Election Form

The undersigned Taxpayer hereby elects under Section 83(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and Section 1.83-2(a) of the Income Tax Regulations, to include in his/her gross income the excess of the Fair Market Value of the property described below over the amount paid therefor by the Taxpayer. In compliance with Reg. § 1.83-2(e) the Taxpayer provides the following information:

1.	The Taxpayer's name, address and taxpayer identification number are as		
	follows: Name: Address:		
	Taxpayer identification number:		
2.	The property with respect to which this election is being made is:shares of common stock of PAR Technology Corporation, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), \$0.02 par value per share (the "Shares").		
3.	The date of the transfer of the Shares is		
4.	The nature of the restrictions to which the Shares are subject is as follows: The Shares may be forfeited if Taxpayer's continuous service with the Company terminates.		
5.	The Fair Market Value of such Shares at the time of transfer to the Taxpayer, determined without regard to any lapse restrictions as defined in Reg. § 1.83-3(i), isper share.		
6.	The amount paid for the Shares is \$0 per share.		
7.	A copy of this election has been furnished by personal delivery to the Company.		
The	e date of this election is, 20 .		
Tax	крауег		

#### EXHIBIT B

#### Spousal Consent

I, <u>Tey M Foley</u>, spouse of <u>Done B H Foley</u>, have read and approve the Grant Notice and Restricted Stock Award Agreement (collectively, the "Agreement") to which this Consent of Spouse is attached.

In consideration of PAR Technology Corporation's issuance to my spouse of the shares of Restricted Stock set forth in the Agreement, I hereby appoint my spouse, as my attorney-in-fact in respect to the exercise of any rights under the Agreement and I agree to be bound by the provisions of the Agreement insofar as I may have any rights in said Agreement or in any of the shares of Restricted Stock or Common Stock of PAR Technology Corporation issued pursuant thereto under the community property laws or similar laws relating to marital property in effect in the state of our residence as of the date of the signing of the foregoing Agreement.

Capitalized terms not specifically defined in this Agreement shall have the meanings specified in the Plan, the Restricted Stock Award Agreement, and the Grant Notice.

Date:

1-23-0018

Vey M. Jegg Signature of Spouse

#### Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

PAR Technology Corporation New Hartford, New York

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-3 (No. 333-102197) and Form S-8 (No. 333-119828, 33-04968, 33-39784, 33-58110, 33-63095, 333-208063, 333-187246 and 333-137647) of PAR Technology Corporation of our reports dated March 16, 2018, relating to the consolidated financial statements and the effectiveness of PAR Technology Corporation's internal control over financial reporting, which appear in this Form 10-K.

/s/ BDO USA, LLP

New York, NY March 16, 2018

#### **EXHIBIT 31.1**

- I, Donald H. Foley, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-K of PAR Technology Corporation;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact
  necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not
  misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

March 16, 2018 /s/ Donald H. Foley

Donald H. Foley
Chief Executive Officer & President
(Principal Executive Officer)

#### **EXHIBIT 31.2**

- I, Bryan A. Menar, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-K of PAR Technology Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

March 16, 2018 /s/ Bryan A. Menar

Bryan A. Menar Chief Financial and Accounting Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

#### **EXHIBIT 21**

# **Subsidiaries of PAR Technology Corporation**

Name	State of Incorporation
ParTech, Inc.	New York
Brink Software Inc.	California
PAR Government Systems Corporation	New York
Ausable Solutions, Inc.	Delaware

#### **EXHIBIT 32.1**

# Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

In connection with the Annual Report of PAR Technology Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Donald H. Foley, Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, that, to my knowledge:

- (i) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (ii) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

March 16, 2018

/s/ Donald H. Foley

Donald H. Foley Chief Executive Officer & President (Principal Executive Officer)

#### **EXHIBIT 32.2**

#### Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

In connection with the Annual Report of PAR Technology Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Bryan A. Menar, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, that, to my knowledge:

- (i) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (ii) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

March 16, 2018

/s/ Bryan A. Menar

Bryan A. Menar Chief Financial and Accounting Officer (Principal Financial Officer)